

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 37.677, 182.023)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 37.677, 182.023)
contains.

CIELCh(57, 37.745, 181.921)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(57, 37.745, 181.921)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	039A8A
RGB	3, 154, 138
RGB Percent	1%, 60%, 54%
CMY	0.9898, 0.3965, 0.4592
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 0.10, 0.40
HSL	174°, 97%, 31%
HSV	174°, 98%, 60%
XYZ	16.1490, 24.9227, 27.9632
YIQ	107.0270, -84.8600, -36.9880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

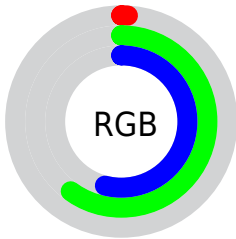
Format	Color
RYB	3, 83, 154
Decimal	236170
CIELab	57.00, -37.72, -1.27
CIELCh	57, 37.745, 181.921
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2339, 0.3610
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278426250 (0xFF039A8A)
YUV	107.0270, 15.2697, -91.2317
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -29.6234, 1.7357

Details

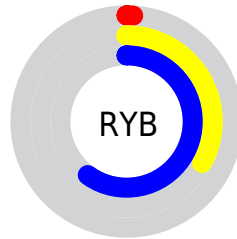
The CIELCh color **57, 37.745, 181.921** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **32, 66.372, 34.258**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 37.723, 181.730**, and **38, 29.077, 178.583** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 37.936, 181.730**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 36.541, 183.062**.

Distribution



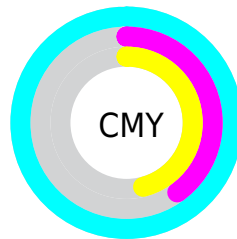
- Red (1%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (40%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (46%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 37.745, 181.921 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 37.745, 181.921 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 37.745,
181.921


 57, 37.745,
181.921


 100, 37.745,
181.921


 47, 37.745,
181.921


 77, 37.745,
181.921

 37, 37.745,
181.921

 87, 37.745,
181.921

 27, 37.745,
181.921

 97, 37.745,
181.921

 17, 37.745,
181.921

 7, 37.745, 181.921

 0, 37.745, 181.921

■ 57, 37.745,
181.921

■ 57, 37.745,
181.921

■ 57, 37.936,
181.730

■ 57, 36.541,
183.062

■ 57, 34.771,
184.126

■ 58, 32.307,
185.107

■ 58, 29.142,
186.021

■ 59, 25.312,
186.887

■ 60, 20.883,
187.718

■ 60, 15.943,
188.526

■ 61, 10.585,

189.323

■ 63, 4.904, 190.140

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 37.745, 181.921



32, 66.372, 34.258

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 37.745, 181.921



57, 37.745, 231.921



57, 37.745, 1.921



57, 37.745, 51.921

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 37.745, 181.920



76, 20.052, 188.426



55, 80.931, 135.398



40, 13.557, 188.111



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 37.745, 181.920



72, 45.979, 181.476



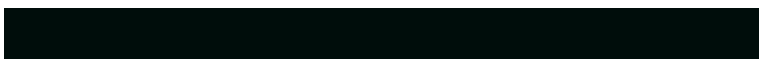
39, 38.141, 268.430



32, 3.312, 190.062



52, 35.417, 181.837



3, 3.655, 189.817

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 66.372, 34.258



42, 82.186, 35.781



38, 60.616, 52.741



30, 3.467, 11.365



28, 62.567, 34.459



1, 3.644, 10.824

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 37.745, 181.921 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

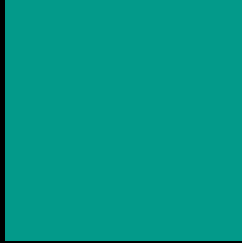
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 37.745, 181.921 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

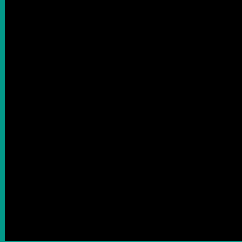
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 37.745, 181.921

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 37.745, 181.921.

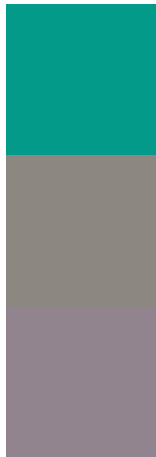


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 37.745, 181.921.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
57, 37.745, 181.921

Protanopia
57, 4.452, 82.773

Deuteranopia
57, 8.359, 331.589



Tritanopia
57, 29.904, 211.457

Trichromacy



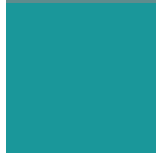
Original Color
57, 37.745, 181.921



Protanomaly
55, 19.749, 180.509



Deuteranomaly
55, 16.244, 199.904



Tritanomaly
57, 32.027, 199.679

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 37.745, 181.921



Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
48, 19.904, 186.986

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 37.745, 181.921 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(3, 154, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(3, 154, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 154, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(3, 154, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 37.745, 181.921 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(3, 154, 138) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(3, 154, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(3, 154, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(3, 154, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 154, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 154,  
138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 37.745, 181.921 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(3, 154, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(3, 154,  
138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor