

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 4.452, 223.651)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 4.452, 223.651) contains.

CIELCh(57, 4.486, 221.578)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(57, 4.486, 221.578)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	808B8E
RGB	128, 139, 142
RGB Percent	50%, 55%, 56%
CMY	0.4989, 0.4557, 0.4440
CMYK	0.10, 0.02, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	193°, 6%, 53%
HSV	193°, 10%, 56%
XYZ	22.9384, 24.9227, 29.1081
YIQ	136.0530, -7.5190, -1.3990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

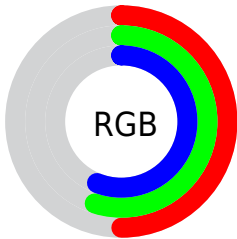
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 134, 142
Decimal	8424334
CIE Lab	57.00, -3.36, -2.98
CIE LCh	57, 4.486, 221.578
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2980, 0.3238
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286614414 (0xFF808B8E)
YUV	136.0530, 2.9319, -7.0625
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -5.3475, 0.3760

Details

The CIELCh color $57, 4.486, 221.578$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56, 4.758, 40.798$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 4.470, 228.007$, and $37, 4.430, 223.773$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 8.795, 222.006$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59, 0.059, 33.979$.

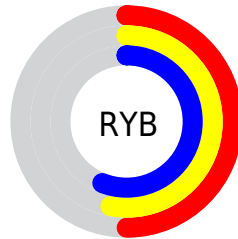
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (55%)

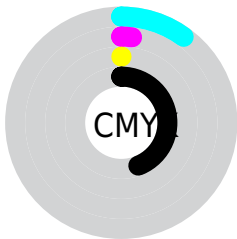
Blue (56%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (56%)

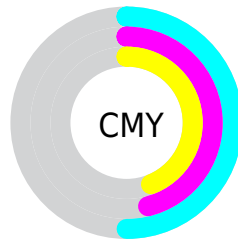


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 4.486, 221.578 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 4.486, 221.578 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 4.486, 221.578

■ 57, 4.486, 221.578

■ 100, 4.486,
221.578

■ 47, 4.486, 221.578

■ 77, 4.486, 221.578

■ 37, 4.486, 221.578

■ 87, 4.486, 221.578

■ 27, 4.486, 221.578

■ 97, 4.486, 221.578

■ 17, 4.486, 221.578

■ 7, 4.486, 221.578

■ 0, 4.486, 221.578

■ 57, 4.486, 221.578

■ 57, 4.486, 221.578

■ 55, 8.795, 222.006

■ 59, 0.059, 33.979

■ 53, 12.808,

■ 61, 4.786, 40.805

222.670

63, 9.652, 40.710

52, 16.463,
223.579

65, 14.618, 40.655

50, 19.694,
224.786

67, 19.655, 40.646

48, 22.446,
226.360

70, 24.736, 40.674

47, 24.680,
228.378

72, 29.842, 40.731

74, 34.956, 40.811

46, 26.387,
230.921

76, 39.907, 40.972

45, 27.601,
234.057

43, 28.524,
237.619

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 4.486, 221.578



56, 4.758, 40.798

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 4.486, 221.578



57, 4.486, 271.578



57, 4.486, 41.578



57, 4.486, 91.578

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 4.486, 221.559



74, 1.711, 221.513



58, 8.461, 149.933



38, 1.290, 221.480



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 4.486, 221.559



72, 6.695, 221.644



55, 5.819, 274.955



29, 2.585, 221.538



41, 27.544, 237.464



1, 1.785, 221.143

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 8.403, 331.600



69, 12.633, 331.754



57, 5.801, 92.504



28, 4.832, 331.556



30, 61.347, 338.692



1, 3.243, 331.024

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 4.486, 221.578 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 4.486, 221.578 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

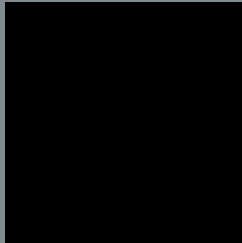
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

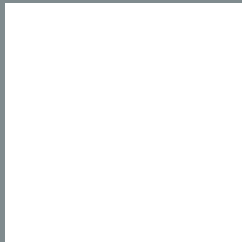
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 4.486, 221.578

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 4.486, 221.578.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 4.486, 221.578.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 4.486, 221.578

Protanopia

57, 2.426, 309.151

Deuteranopia

57, 7.933, 334.305



Tritanopia
57, 7.045, 262.466

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 4.486, 221.578

Protanomaly
57, 2.544, 263.451

Deuteranomaly
57, 4.987, 313.510

Tritanomaly
57, 5.622, 253.675

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 4.486, 221.578

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 1.646, 219.812

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 4.486, 221.578 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 139, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 139, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 139, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 139, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 4.486, 221.578 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 139, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 139, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 139, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 139, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 139, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 139,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 4.486, 221.578 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 139, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
139, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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