

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 4.951, 83.048)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 4.951, 83.048) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 5.140, 81.483)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E8880
RGB	142, 136, 128
RGB Percent	56%, 53%, 50%
CMY	0.4431, 0.4666, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.10, 0.44
HSL	34°, 6%, 53%
HSV	34°, 10%, 56%
XYZ	23.8606, 24.9227, 23.9796
YIQ	136.8820, 6.1440, -1.2160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

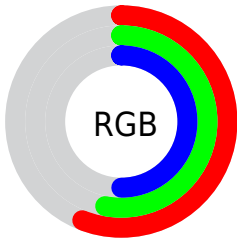
Format	Color
R_{YB}	139, 142, 128
Decimal	9341056
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, 0.76, 5.08
CIE _{LCh}	57, 5.140, 81.483
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3279, 0.3425
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287531136 (0xFF8E8880)
YUV	136.8820, -4.3788, 4.4885
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -2.0502, 6.4668

Details

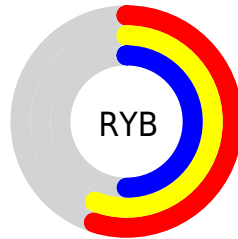
The CIELCh color **57, 5.140, 81.483** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **56, 5.080, 264.082**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 5.014, 77.929**, and **37, 5.059, 77.788** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 10.537, 80.265**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 0.080, 265.818**.

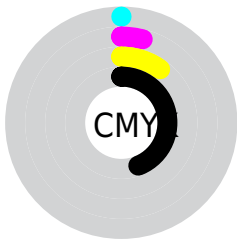
Distribution



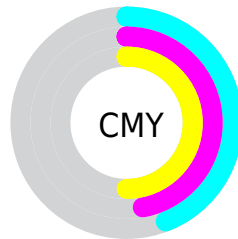
- Red (56%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 5.140, 81.483 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 5.140, 81.483 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 5.140, 81.483 ■ 57, 5.140, 81.483

■ 100, 5.140, 81.483 ■ 47, 5.140, 81.483

■ 77, 5.140, 81.483 ■ 37, 5.140, 81.483

■ 87, 5.140, 81.483 ■ 27, 5.140, 81.483

■ 97, 5.140, 81.483 ■ 17, 5.140, 81.483

■ 7, 5.140, 81.483

■ 0, 5.140, 81.483

■ 57, 5.140, 81.483 ■ 57, 5.140, 81.483

■ 55, 10.537, 80.265 ■ 59, 0.080, 265.818

■ 53, 16.116, 78.980 ■ 61, 5.135, 264.005

51, 21.873, 77.662

63, 10.041,
265.123

49, 27.777, 76.310

65, 14.810,
266.209

47, 33.758, 74.913

46, 39.660, 73.434

68, 19.458,
267.251

44, 45.190, 71.791

70, 23.996,
268.246

42, 49.847, 69.820

41, 53.686, 67.632

72, 28.436,
269.193

74, 32.788,
270.093

76, 36.665,
270.600

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 5.140, 81.483



56, 5.080, 264.082

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 5.140, 81.483



57, 5.140, 131.483



57, 5.140, 261.483



57, 5.140, 311.483

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 5.141, 81.502



74, 1.903, 82.232



55, 6.581, 348.205



38, 1.440, 82.171



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 5.141, 81.502



72, 7.750, 81.213



59, 7.914, 111.979



29, 2.954, 81.582



39, 51.827, 67.780



1, 1.973, 82.751

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 5.080, 264.082



70, 7.627, 264.414



54, 8.092, 293.679



28, 2.923, 263.992



26, 50.386, 289.185



1, 1.973, 262.761

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 5.140, 81.483 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

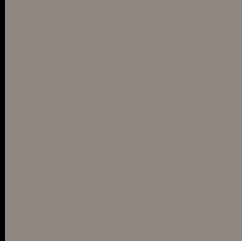
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 5.140, 81.483 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

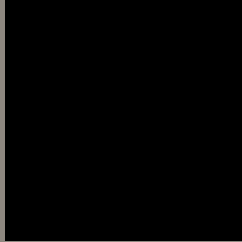
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

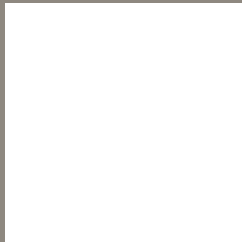
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 5.140, 81.483

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 5.140, 81.483.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 5.140, 81.483.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 5.140, 81.483

Protanopia

57, 4.963, 85.635

Deuteranopia

57, 8.741, 31.418



Tritanopia
57, 6.937, 324.782

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 5.140, 81.483

Protanomaly
57, 4.963, 85.635

Deuteranomaly
57, 6.888, 39.190

Tritanomaly
57, 3.601, 351.370

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 5.140, 81.483

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 1.868, 84.866

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 5.140, 81.483 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 136, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 136, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 136, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 136, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 5.140, 81.483 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 136, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 136, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 136, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 136, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 136, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 136,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 5.140, 81.483 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 136, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
136, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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