

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 41.228, 286.183)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 41.228, 286.183)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 41.228, 286.183)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7186CE
RGB	113, 134, 206
RGB Percent	44%, 53%, 81%
CMY	0.5578, 0.4754, 0.1932
CMYK	0.45, 0.35, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	226°, 49%, 62%
HSV	226°, 45%, 81%
XYZ	26.3793, 24.9227, 61.6483
YIQ	135.9290, -35.6280, 17.9400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

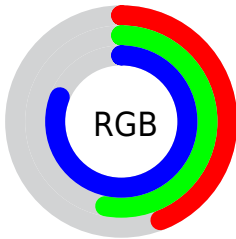
Format	Color
R _Y B	113, 130, 206
Decimal	7440078
CIE Lab	57.00, 11.49, -39.59
CIE LCh	57, 41.228, 286.183
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2335, 0.2207
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285630158 (0xFF7186CE)
YUV	135.9290, 34.5450, -20.1087
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 6.9555, -38.2701

Details

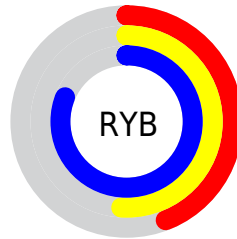
The CIELCh color $57, 41.228, 286.183$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `9999CC`. A complement of this color would be $75, 39.214, 93.305$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 36.761, 284.861$, and $37, 40.899, 286.079$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51, 51.154, 288.608$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 31.625, 284.083$.

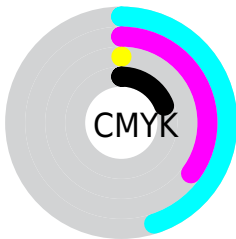
Distribution



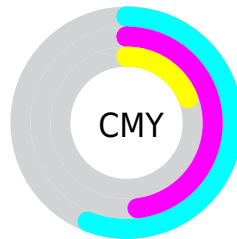
- Red (44%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 41.228, 286.183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 41.228, 286.183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 41.228,
286.183

■ 57, 41.228,
286.183

■ 100, 41.228,
286.183

■ 47, 41.228,
286.183

■ 77, 41.228,
286.183

■ 37, 41.228,
286.183

■ 87, 41.228,
286.183

■ 27, 41.228,
286.183

■ 97, 41.228,
286.183

■ 17, 41.228,
286.183

■ 7, 41.228, 286.183

■ 0, 41.228, 286.183

■ 57, 41.228,
286.183

■ 57, 41.228,
286.183

■ 51, 51.154,
288.608

■ 63, 31.625,
284.083

■ 46, 61.419,
291.351

■ 68, 22.319,
282.282

■ 41, 71.971,
294.354

■ 74, 13.280,
280.744

■ 36, 82.595,
297.473

■ 80, 4.488, 279.447

■ 85, 4.075, 98.228

■ 32, 92.777,
300.475

■ 91, 12.419, 97.275

■ 30, 97.299,
301.741

■ 96, 20.424, 98.265

■ 99, 24.863,
108.292

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 41.228, 286.183



75, 39.214, 93.305

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 41.228, 286.183



57, 41.228, 336.183



57, 41.228, 106.183



57, 41.228, 156.183

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 41.227, 286.183



91, 14.542, 280.600



77, 32.952, 176.164



47, 10.068, 280.910



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 41.227, 286.183



64, 59.516, 288.472



54, 54.242, 304.141



40, 4.886, 279.960



24, 81.696, 301.305



3, 19.897, 286.115

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 39.169, 7.212



67, 55.957, 9.298



79, 48.992, 117.828



40, 4.561, 2.111



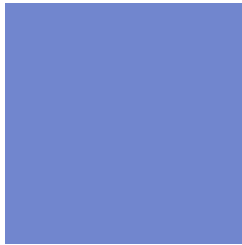
34, 65.948, 26.938



4, 18.290, 8.422

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 41.228, 286.183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

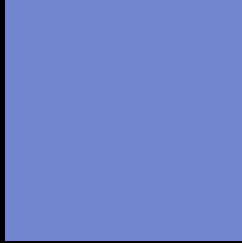
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 41.228, 286.183 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

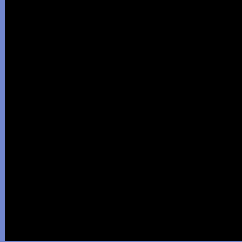
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 41.228, 286.183

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 41.228, 286.183.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 41.228, 286.183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 41.228, 286.183

Protanopia

57, 41.294, 285.438

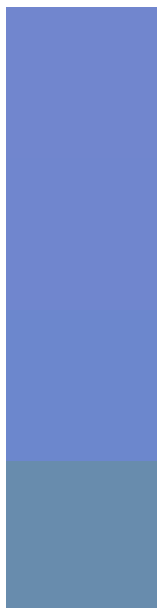
Deuteranopia

57, 39.882, 281.641



Tritanopia
57, 16.378, 220.810

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 41.228, 286.183

Protanomaly
57, 41.260, 285.809

Deuteranomaly
57, 40.298, 283.436

Tritanomaly
57, 21.701, 259.681

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 41.228, 286.183

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 15.007, 282.313

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 41.228, 286.183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 134, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 134, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 134, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 134, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 41.228, 286.183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 134, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 134, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 134, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 134, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 134, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 134,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 41.228, 286.183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 134, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
134, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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