

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 47.392, 83.157)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 47.392, 83.157) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 47.392, 83.157)

Conversions

| Conversions Part 1 | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Format | Color |
| Hex | A88333 |
| RGB | 168, 131, 51 |
| RGB Percent | 66%, 51%, 20% |
| CMY | 0.3398, 0.4850, 0.7988 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.22, 0.70, 0.34 |
| HSL | 41°, 53%, 43% |
| HSV | 41°, 70%, 66% |
| XYZ | 24.9866, 24.9227, 6.6616 |
| YIQ | 132.9430, 47.7320, -17.0360 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

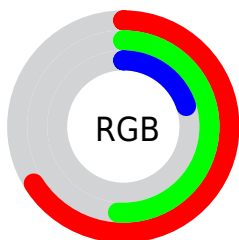
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 105, 168, 51 |
| Decimal | 11043635 |
| CIELab | 57.00, 5.65, 47.05 |
| CIELCh | 57, 47.392, 83.157 |
| Yxy | 24.9227, 0.4417, 0.4406 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289233715 (0xFFFA88333) |
| YUV | 132.9430, -40.3979, 30.7450 |
| Hunter-Lab | 49.9226, 1.9758, 27.0343 |

Details

The CIELCh color **57, 47.392, 83.157** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **39, 49.091, 286.920**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 47.210, 83.312**, and **37, 45.619, 82.855** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 53.160, 81.543**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 40.863, 84.647**.

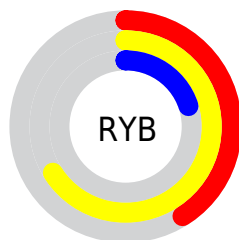
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (51%)

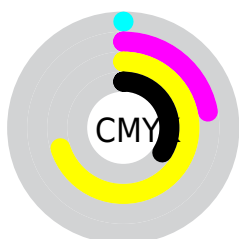
Blue (20%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (20%)

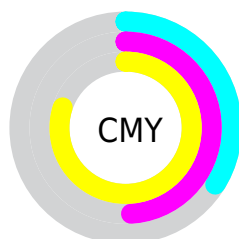


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (70%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 47.392, 83.157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 47.392, 83.157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 57, 47.392, 83.157

 57, 47.392, 83.157

 100, 47.392,
83.157

 47, 47.392, 83.157

 77, 47.392, 83.157

 37, 47.392, 83.157

 87, 47.392, 83.157

 27, 47.392, 83.157

 97, 47.392, 83.157

 17, 47.392, 83.157

 7, 47.392, 83.157

 0, 47.392, 83.157

 57, 47.392, 83.157

 57, 47.392, 83.157

 55, 53.160, 81.543

 59, 40.863, 84.647

 54, 57.567, 79.684

 60, 33.981, 86.060

 53, 60.435, 77.542

 62, 26.986, 87.426

 53, 60.577, 77.443


 64, 20.007, 88.752

 65, 13.111, 90.038

 67, 6.331, 91.272

 69, 0.324, 273.135

 71, 6.852, 273.701

 73, 13.258,
274.798

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 47.392, 83.157



39, 49.091, 286.920

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 47.392, 83.157



57, 47.392, 133.157



57, 47.392, 263.157



57, 47.392, 313.157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 47.392, 83.160



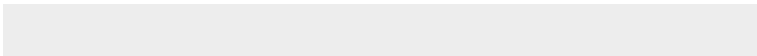
83, 17.521, 89.802



40, 50.724, 6.123



43, 11.869, 89.466



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 47.392, 83.160



70, 67.678, 80.655



65, 59.916, 113.106



35, 3.761, 91.301



46, 55.101, 77.754



4, 6.321, 86.099

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 49.091, 286.920



44, 74.042, 291.988



31, 72.645, 304.718



33, 3.767, 273.666



24, 65.696, 296.883



2, 7.159, 275.703

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 47.392, 83.157 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

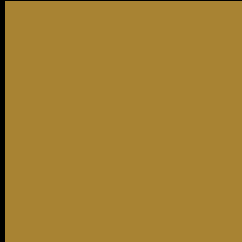
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 47.392, 83.157 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 47.392, 83.157

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 47.392, 83.157.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 47.392, 83.157.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 47.392, 83.157

Protanopia

57, 46.015, 95.381

Deuteranopia

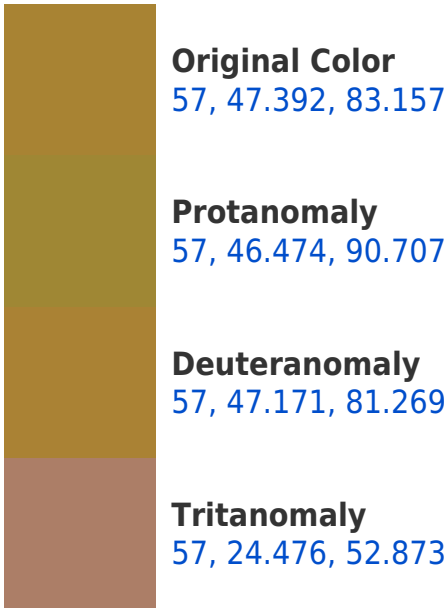
57, 47.388, 80.761



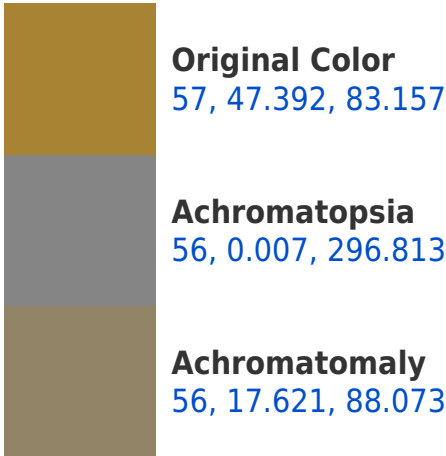
Tritanopia

57, 21.408, 8.217

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 47.392, 83.157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 131, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 131, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 131, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 131, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 47.392, 83.157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 131, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 131, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 131, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 131, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 131, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 131,  
51) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 47.392, 83.157 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 131, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
131, 51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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