

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 47.392, 83.157)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 47.392, 83.157) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 47.392, 83.157)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A88333
RGB	168, 131, 51
RGB Percent	66%, 51%, 20%
CMY	0.3398, 0.4850, 0.7988
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.70, 0.34
HSL	41°, 53%, 43%
HSV	41°, 70%, 66%
XYZ	24.9866, 24.9227, 6.6616
YIQ	132.9430, 47.7320, -17.0360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

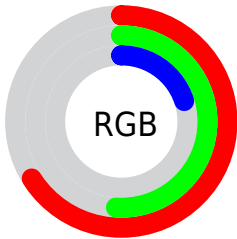
Format	Color
RYB	105, 168, 51
Decimal	11043635
CIELab	57.00, 5.65, 47.05
CIElCh	57, 47.392, 83.157
Yxy	24.9227, 0.4417, 0.4406
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289233715 (0xFFA88333)
YUV	132.9430, -40.3979, 30.7450
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 1.9758, 27.0343

Details

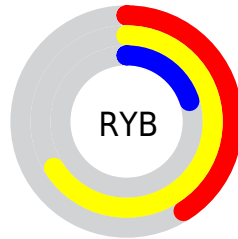
The CIELCh color **57, 47.392, 83.157** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **39, 49.091, 286.920**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 47.210, 83.312**, and **37, 45.619, 82.855** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 53.160, 81.543**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 40.863, 84.647**.

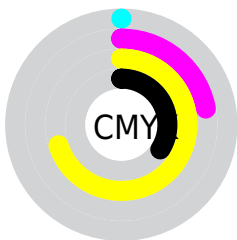
Distribution



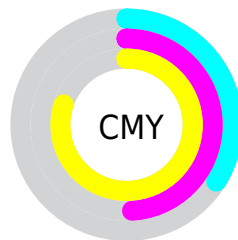
- Red (66%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 47.392, 83.157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 47.392, 83.157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 47.392, 83.157

■ 57, 47.392, 83.157

■ 100, 47.392,
83.157

■ 47, 47.392, 83.157

■ 77, 47.392, 83.157

■ 37, 47.392, 83.157

■ 87, 47.392, 83.157

■ 27, 47.392, 83.157

■ 97, 47.392, 83.157

■ 17, 47.392, 83.157

■ 7, 47.392, 83.157

■ 0, 47.392, 83.157

■ 57, 47.392, 83.157

■ 57, 47.392, 83.157

■ 55, 53.160, 81.543

■ 59, 40.863, 84.647

■ 54, 57.567, 79.684

■ 60, 33.981, 86.060

■ 53, 60.435, 77.542

■ 62, 26.986, 87.426

■ 53, 60.577, 77.443

■ 64, 20.007, 88.752

■ 65, 13.111, 90.038

■ 67, 6.331, 91.272

■ 69, 0.324, 273.135

■ 71, 6.852, 273.701

■ 73, 13.258,
274.798

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 47.392, 83.157



39, 49.091, 286.920

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 47.392, 83.157



57, 47.392, 133.157



57, 47.392, 263.157



57, 47.392, 313.157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 47.392, 83.160



83, 17.521, 89.802



40, 50.724, 6.123



43, 11.869, 89.466



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 47.392, 83.160



70, 67.678, 80.655



65, 59.916, 113.106



35, 3.761, 91.301



46, 55.101, 77.754



4, 6.321, 86.099

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 49.091, 286.920



44, 74.042, 291.988



31, 72.645, 304.718



33, 3.767, 273.666



24, 65.696, 296.883



2, 7.159, 275.703

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 47.392, 83.157 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

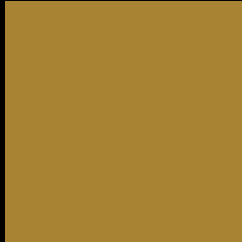
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 47.392, 83.157 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

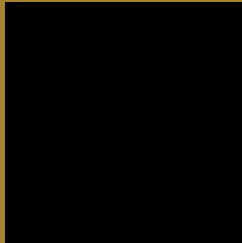
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 47.392, 83.157

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 47.392, 83.157.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 47.392, 83.157.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 47.392, 83.157

Protanopia

57, 46.015, 95.381

Deuteranopia

57, 47.388, 80.761



Tritanopia
57, 21.408, 8.217

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 47.392, 83.157

Protanomaly
57, 46.474, 90.707

Deuteranomaly
57, 47.171, 81.269

Tritanomaly
57, 24.476, 52.873

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 47.392, 83.157

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 17.621, 88.073

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 47.392, 83.157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 131, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 131, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 131, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 131, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 47.392, 83.157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 131, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 131, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 131, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 131, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 131, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 131,  
51) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 47.392, 83.157 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 131, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
131, 51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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