

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 48.955, 153.833)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 48.955, 153.833)
contains.

CIELCh(57, 49.192, 153.683)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(57, 49.192, 153.683)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2F9B61
RGB	47, 155, 97
RGB Percent	18%, 61%, 38%
CMY	0.8155, 0.3920, 0.6195
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.37, 0.39
HSL	148°, 53%, 40%
HSV	148°, 70%, 61%
XYZ	15.0601, 24.9227, 15.3334
YIQ	116.0960, -45.7500, -40.9340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

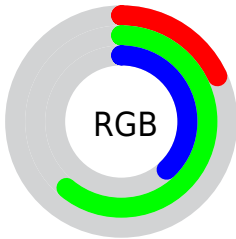
Format	Color
RYB	47, 121, 155
Decimal	3119969
CIELab	57.00, -44.09, 21.81
CIELCh	57, 49.192, 153.683
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2723, 0.4505
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281310049 (0xFF2F9B61)
YUV	116.0960, -9.4143, -60.5972
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -33.5167, 16.7353

Details

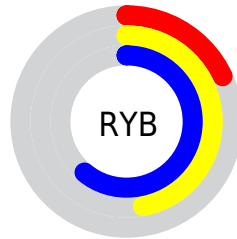
The CIELCh color $57, 49.192, 153.683$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 339966 . A complement of this color would be $38, 50.735, 349.778$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 48.976, 153.672$, and $38, 45.151, 149.793$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57, 54.498, 151.866$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 43.235, 155.298$.

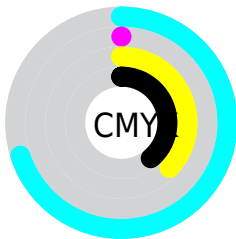
Distribution



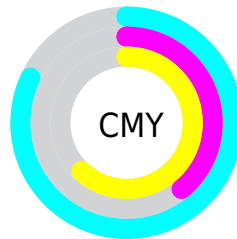
- Red (18%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 49.192, 153.683 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 49.192, 153.683 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 57, 49.192,
153.683

 57, 49.192,
153.683

 100, 49.192,
153.683

 47, 49.192,
153.683

 77, 49.192,
153.683

 37, 49.192,
153.683

 87, 49.192,
153.683

 27, 49.192,
153.683

 97, 49.192,
153.683

 17, 49.192,
153.683

 7, 49.192, 153.683

 0, 49.192, 153.683

■ 57, 49.192,
153.683

■ 57, 49.192,
153.683

■ 57, 54.498,
151.866

■ 58, 43.235,
155.298

■ 56, 59.111,
149.852

■ 58, 36.712,
156.724

■ 56, 63.157,
147.758

■ 59, 29.737,
157.981

■ 56, 63.292,
147.690

■ 60, 22.438,
159.093

■ 61, 14.934,
160.083

■ 63, 7.336, 160.984

■ 64, 0.265, 340.504

■ 66, 7.798, 342.404

■ 67, 15.207,
343.078

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 49.192, 153.683



38, 50.735, 349.778

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 49.192, 153.683



57, 49.192, 203.683



57, 49.192, 333.683



57, 49.192, 23.683

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 49.193, 153.683



78, 19.741, 159.918



59, 59.637, 124.503



41, 13.456, 159.670



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 49.193, 153.683



72, 69.620, 150.684



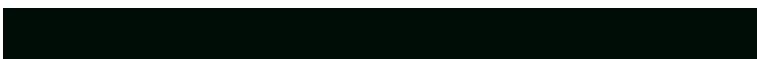
58, 31.599, 190.967



32, 4.247, 161.023



51, 58.557, 147.907



3, 4.617, 161.316

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 50.735, 349.778



46, 68.960, 353.465



36, 50.302, 26.487



30, 4.291, 342.384



30, 54.915, 357.588



1, 4.563, 342.164

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 49.192, 153.683 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 49.192, 153.683 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 49.192, 153.683

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 49.192, 153.683.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 49.192, 153.683.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
57, 49.192, 153.683

Protanopia
57, 27.002, 95.603

Deuteranopia
57, 20.403, 68.330



Tritanopia
57, 24.274, 213.954

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 49.192, 153.683



Protanomaly
56, 31.633, 131.780



Deuteranomaly
55, 23.103, 128.776



Tritanomaly
57, 29.795, 180.982

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 49.192, 153.683



Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
51, 19.674, 159.040

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 49.192, 153.683 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 155, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 155, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 155, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 155, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 49.192, 153.683 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 155, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 155, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(47, 155, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 155, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 155, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 155,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 49.192, 153.683 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 155, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 155,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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