

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 5.224, 290.814)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 5.224, 290.814) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 5.140, 290.791)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	888891
RGB	136, 136, 145
RGB Percent	53%, 53%, 57%
CMY	0.4663, 0.4663, 0.4310
CMYK	0.06, 0.06, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	240°, 4%, 55%
HSV	240°, 6%, 57%
XYZ	24.1027, 24.9227, 30.3649
YIQ	137.0260, -2.8890, 2.7990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

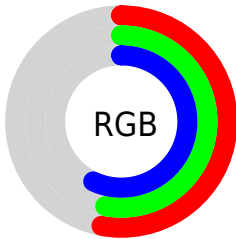
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 136, 145
Decimal	8947857
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, 1.82, -4.81
CIE _{LCh}	57, 5.140, 290.791
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3036, 0.3139
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287137937 (0xFF888891)
YUV	137.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -1.1845, -1.1167

Details

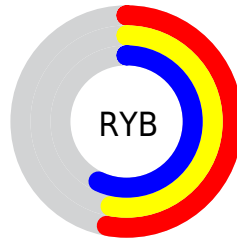
The CIELCh color $57, 5.140, 290.791$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 5.059, 109.582$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 5.378, 290.686$, and $37, 5.572, 291.085$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 13.678, 291.884$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 3.074, 109.812$.

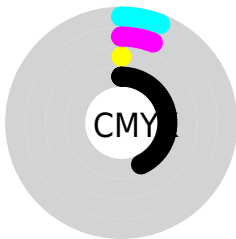
Distribution



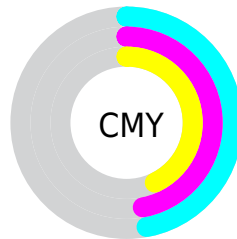
- Red (53%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 5.140, 290.791 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 5.140, 290.791 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 5.140, 290.791

■ 57, 5.140, 290.791

■ 100, 5.140,
290.791

■ 47, 5.140, 290.791

■ 77, 5.140, 290.791

■ 37, 5.140, 290.791

■ 87, 5.140, 290.791

■ 27, 5.140, 290.791

■ 97, 5.140, 290.791

■ 17, 5.140, 290.791

■ 7, 5.140, 290.791

■ 0, 5.140, 290.791

■ 57, 5.140, 290.791

■ 57, 5.140, 290.791

■ 52, 13.678,
291.884

■ 62, 3.074, 109.812

■ 67, 10.983,

47, 22.571,
293.184

109.019

41, 31.840,
294.705

72, 18.612,
108.332

36, 41.491,
296.462

77, 25.979,
107.741

31, 51.475,
298.444

82, 33.102,
107.230

26, 61.601,
300.580

87, 39.997,
106.787

22, 71.375,
302.706

92, 46.678,
106.402

19, 79.814,
304.548

97, 53.158,
106.064

17, 85.779,
305.833

98, 54.413,
106.013

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 5.140, 290.791



60, 5.059, 109.582

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 5.140, 290.791



57, 5.140, 340.791



57, 5.140, 110.791



57, 5.140, 160.791

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 5.139, 290.782



75, 2.043, 290.391



59, 3.444, 197.785



39, 1.158, 290.380



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 5.139, 290.782



72, 7.197, 290.877



57, 5.424, 308.737



28, 3.701, 290.897



14, 83.477, 306.283



0, 3.084, 290.169

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 3.572, 19.635



73, 5.013, 19.712



60, 5.367, 128.234



28, 2.579, 19.727



27, 64.124, 38.790



0, 2.121, 19.386

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 5.140, 290.791 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 5.140, 290.791 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

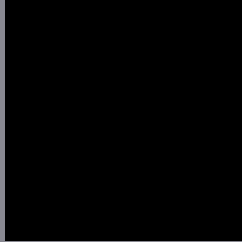
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

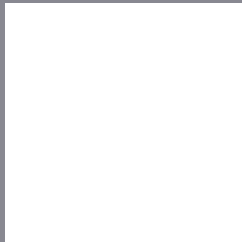
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 5.140, 290.791

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 5.140, 290.791.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 5.140, 290.791.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 5.140, 290.791

Protanopia

57, 5.160, 295.040

Deuteranopia

57, 9.005, 324.893



Tritanopia
57, 6.281, 290.922

Trichromacy



Original Color

57, 5.140, 290.791

Protanomaly

57, 5.160, 295.040

Deuteranomaly

57, 7.551, 314.982

Tritanomaly

57, 5.711, 290.856

Monochromacy



Original Color

57, 5.140, 290.791

Achromatopsia

57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

57, 1.716, 290.407

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 5.140, 290.791 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 136, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 136, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 136, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 136, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 5.140, 290.791 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 136, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 136, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 136, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 136, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 136, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 136,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 5.140, 290.791 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 136, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
136, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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