

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 5.892, 256.991)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 5.892, 256.991) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 6.080, 257.049)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	818A93
RGB	129, 138, 147
RGB Percent	51%, 54%, 58%
CMY	0.4944, 0.4591, 0.4238
CMYK	0.12, 0.06, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	210°, 8%, 54%
HSV	210°, 12%, 58%
XYZ	23.3818, 24.9227, 31.1524
YIQ	136.3350, -8.2530, 0.8910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

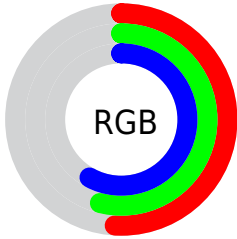
Format	Color
R_{YB}	129, 135, 147
Decimal	8489619
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, -1.36, -5.93
CIE _{LCh}	57, 6.080, 257.049
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2943, 0.3137
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286679699 (0xFF818A93)
YUV	136.3350, 5.2578, -6.4328
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -3.7620, -2.0520

Details

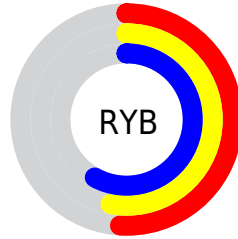
The CIELCh color $57, 6.080, 257.049$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58, 6.259, 73.908$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 6.201, 259.515$, and $37, 5.821, 257.580$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 10.982, 258.568$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 1.125, 255.932$.

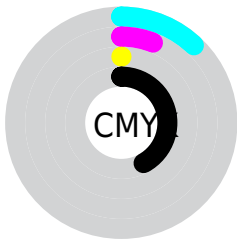
Distribution



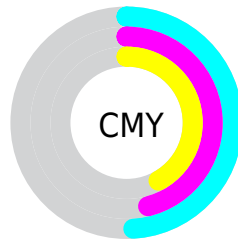
- Red (51%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 6.080, 257.049 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 6.080, 257.049 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 6.080, 257.049

■ 57, 6.080, 257.049

■ 100, 6.080,
257.049

■ 47, 6.080, 257.049

■ 77, 6.080, 257.049

■ 37, 6.080, 257.049

■ 87, 6.080, 257.049

■ 27, 6.080, 257.049

■ 97, 6.080, 257.049

■ 17, 6.080, 257.049

■ 7, 6.080, 257.049

■ 0, 6.080, 257.049

■ 57, 6.080, 257.049

■ 57, 6.080, 257.049

■ 54, 10.982,
258.568

■ 60, 1.125, 255.932

■ 63, 3.862, 74.474

51, 15.815,
260.398

67, 8.864, 73.553

48, 20.563,
262.573

70, 13.866, 72.733

73, 18.857, 72.014

45, 25.218,
265.148

76, 23.825, 71.381

42, 29.787,
268.169

79, 28.763, 70.822

83, 33.663, 70.323

39, 34.296,
271.663

85, 36.902, 72.912

36, 38.798,
275.605

34, 43.364,
279.902

32, 47.023,
283.167

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 6.080, 257.049



58, 6.259, 73.908

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 6.080, 257.049



57, 6.080, 307.049



57, 6.080, 77.049



57, 6.080, 127.049

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 6.079, 257.037



76, 2.474, 256.042



59, 8.776, 161.805



40, 1.771, 256.109



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 6.079, 257.037



72, 9.215, 257.475



55, 10.192, 290.782



30, 2.823, 256.629



30, 44.596, 282.877



1, 2.480, 255.414

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 8.805, 344.616



70, 13.413, 344.895



60, 9.926, 108.344



29, 4.068, 344.343



29, 53.710, 0.874



1, 3.520, 343.641

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 6.080, 257.049 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

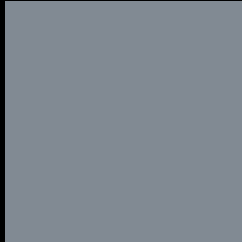
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 6.080, 257.049 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

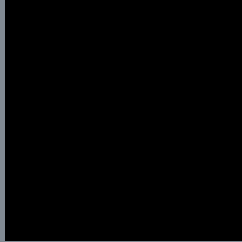
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

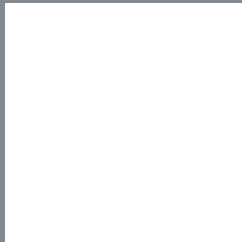
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 6.080, 257.049

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 6.080, 257.049.

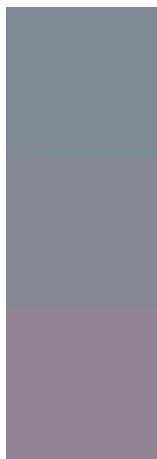


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 6.080, 257.049.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 6.080, 257.049

Protanopia

57, 5.711, 290.856

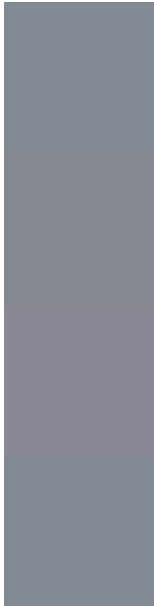
Deuteranopia

57, 9.774, 319.229



Tritanopia
57, 7.045, 262.466

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 6.080, 257.049

Protanomaly
57, 5.327, 274.261

Deuteranomaly
57, 7.604, 302.583

Tritanomaly
57, 6.555, 259.952

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 6.080, 257.049

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 2.288, 248.002

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 6.080, 257.049 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 138, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 138, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 138, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 138, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 6.080, 257.049 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 138, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 138, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 138, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 138, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 138, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 138,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 6.080, 257.049 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 138, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
138, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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