

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 53.678, 339.941)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(57, 53.678, 339.941)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(57, 53.891, 339.797)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CD63AA
RGB	205, 99, 170
RGB Percent	80%, 39%, 67%
CMY	0.1948, 0.6105, 0.3321
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.17, 0.19
HSL	320°, 52%, 60%
HSV	320°, 52%, 81%
XYZ	37.0450, 24.9227, 41.0423
YIQ	138.7880, 40.3850, 44.5530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

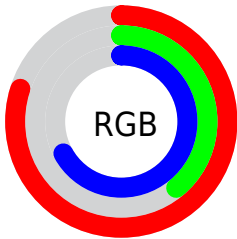
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	205, 99, 170
Decimal	13460394
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.00, 50.58, -18.61
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	57, 53.891, 339.797
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3596, 0.2419
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291650474 (0xFFCD63AA)
YUV	138.7880, 15.3875, 58.0679
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 45.0911, -13.7976

# Details

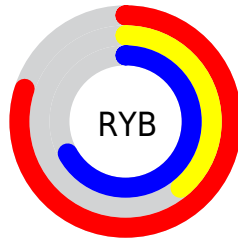
The CIELCh color  $57, 53.891, 339.797$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC6699`. A complement of this color would be  $75, 53.279, 150.519$ , and the grayscale version is  $58, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $76, 51.896, 337.062$ , and  $37, 53.868, 339.596$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $53, 62.446, 340.902$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $61, 44.180, 338.816$ .

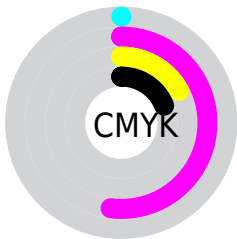
# Distribution



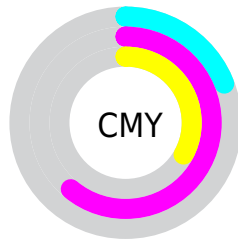
- Red (80%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 53.891, 339.797 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 53.891, 339.797 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 57, 53.891,  
339.797

 57, 53.891,  
339.797


 100, 53.891,  
339.797


 47, 53.891,  
339.797


 77, 53.891,  
339.797

 37, 53.891,  
339.797

 87, 53.891,  
339.797

 27, 53.891,  
339.797

 97, 53.891,  
339.797

 17, 53.891,  
339.797

 7, 53.891, 339.797

 0, 53.891, 339.797

57, 53.891,  
339.797

57, 53.891,  
339.797

53, 62.446,  
340.902

61, 44.180,  
338.816

50, 69.327,  
342.179

66, 33.793,  
337.926

48, 74.059,  
343.699

71, 23.095,  
337.104

46, 76.388,  
345.550

76, 12.348,  
336.332


45, 76.853,  
347.366

82, 1.723, 335.446

87, 8.673, 155.030

93, 18.784,  
154.385

96, 23.488,  
156.478

 96, 21.177,  
163.224

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 53.891, 339.797



75, 53.279, 150.519

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 53.891, 339.797



57, 53.891, 29.797



57, 53.891, 159.797



57, 53.891, 209.797

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 53.888, 339.798



90, 19.029, 336.603



50, 62.498, 306.223



47, 12.999, 336.767



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 53.888, 339.798



65, 74.564, 341.039



55, 44.811, 11.830



40, 5.978, 336.162



36, 65.735, 346.977



4, 22.203, 342.624



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 53.888, 339.798



65, 74.564, 341.039



76, 35.368, 179.498



40, 5.978, 336.162



36, 65.735, 346.977



4, 22.203, 342.624



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 53.891, 339.797 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

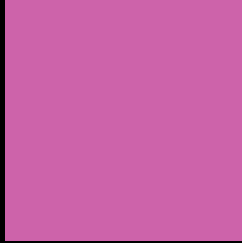
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 53.891, 339.797 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

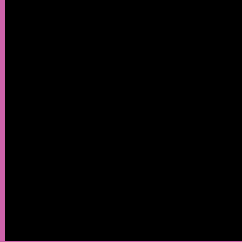
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 57, 53.891, 339.797**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 53.891, 339.797.

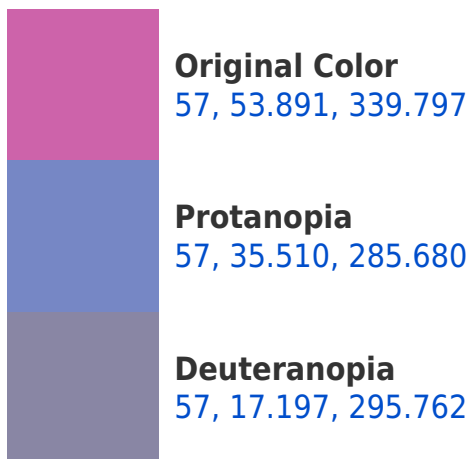


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 53.891, 339.797.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
57, 37.653, 17.381

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 53.891, 339.797



**Protanomaly**  
56, 38.556, 308.504



**Deuteranomaly**  
56, 29.847, 323.326



**Tritanomaly**  
57, 41.050, 0.151

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 53.891, 339.797



**Achromatopsia**  
58, 0.007, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
57, 20.465, 337.732

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 53.891, 339.797 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 99, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 99, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 99, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 99, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 53.891, 339.797 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 99, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 99, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 99, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 99, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 99, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 99,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 53.891, 339.797 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 99, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205, 99,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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