

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 58.310, 81.736)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 58.310, 81.736) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 58.289, 81.296)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AF8118
RGB	175, 129, 24
RGB Percent	69%, 51%, 9%
CMY	0.3133, 0.4937, 0.9053
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.86, 0.31
HSL	42°, 76%, 39%
HSV	42°, 86%, 69%
XYZ	25.7368, 24.9227, 4.3258
YIQ	130.7840, 61.1210, -22.9030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

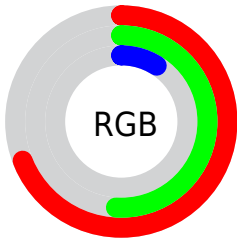
Format	Color
R _Y B	90, 175, 24
Decimal	11501848
CIE Lab	57.00, 8.82, 57.62
CIE LCh	57, 58.289, 81.296
Yxy	24.9227, 0.4681, 0.4533
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289691928 (0xFFAF8118)
YUV	130.7840, -52.6445, 38.7774
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 4.6583, 29.8083

Details

The CIELCh color **57, 58.289, 81.296** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. A complement of this color would be **33, 65.373, 293.372**, and the grayscale version is **55, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 58.340, 81.334**, and **37, 46.806, 77.873** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 61.441, 79.240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 53.294, 83.038**.

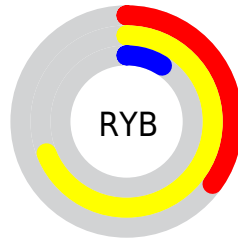
Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (51%)

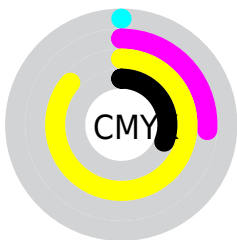
Blue (9%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (9%)

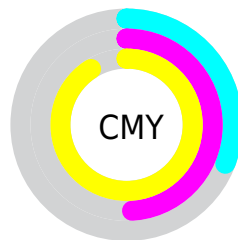


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (86%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 58.289, 81.296 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 58.289, 81.296 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 58.289, 81.296

■ 57, 58.289, 81.296

■ 100, 58.289,
81.296

■ 47, 58.289, 81.296

■ 77, 58.289, 81.296

■ 37, 58.289, 81.296

■ 87, 58.289, 81.296

■ 27, 58.289, 81.296

■ 97, 58.289, 81.296

■ 17, 58.289, 81.296

■ 7, 58.289, 81.296

■ 0, 58.289, 81.296

■ 57, 58.289, 81.296

■ 57, 58.289, 81.296

■ 56, 61.441, 79.240

■ 58, 53.294, 83.038

■ 55, 62.458, 78.446

■ 60, 47.069, 84.588

62, 40.182, 86.037

63, 32.997, 87.426

65, 25.728, 88.773

67, 18.488, 90.082

69, 11.337, 91.349

70, 4.301, 92.552

72, 2.611, 273.864

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 58.289, 81.296



33, 65.373, 293.372

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 58.289, 81.296



57, 58.289, 131.296



57, 58.289, 261.296



57, 58.289, 311.296

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 58.288, 81.299



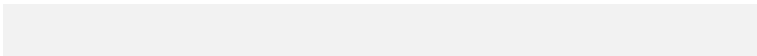
84, 22.646, 90.051



38, 60.804, 12.490



44, 15.516, 89.612



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 58.288, 81.299



70, 75.754, 77.955



67, 70.868, 113.080



36, 3.901, 92.193



48, 55.883, 78.789



5, 7.483, 85.830

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 65.373, 293.372



38, 94.880, 298.574



25, 91.256, 306.507



34, 3.912, 274.549



24, 67.818, 297.551



2, 8.719, 277.329

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 58.289, 81.296 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 58.289, 81.296 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 58.289, 81.296

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 58.289, 81.296.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 58.289, 81.296.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 58.289, 81.296

Protanopia

57, 56.361, 95.270

Deuteranopia

57, 58.293, 82.778



Tritanopia
57, 25.590, 11.081

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 58.289, 81.296

Protanomaly
57, 56.700, 89.876

Deuteranomaly
57, 58.489, 82.353

Tritanomaly
57, 31.849, 55.455

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 58.289, 81.296

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 22.970, 88.343

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 58.289, 81.296 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 129, 24)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 129, 24)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 129, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 129, 24) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 58.289, 81.296 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 129, 24) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 129, 24) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 129, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 129, 24); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 129, 24);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 129,  
24) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 58.289, 81.296 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 129, 24) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
129, 24) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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