

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 59.404, 115.401)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(57, 59.404, 115.401)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(57, 59.351, 115.367)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

**Color**

**CIELCh(57, 59.351, 115.367)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	78931F
RGB	120, 147, 31
RGB Percent	47%, 58%, 12%
CMY	0.5298, 0.4239, 0.8788
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.79, 0.42
HSL	74°, 65%, 35%
HSV	74°, 79%, 58%
XYZ	18.3972, 24.9227, 5.1296
YIQ	125.7030, 21.1440, -41.8000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

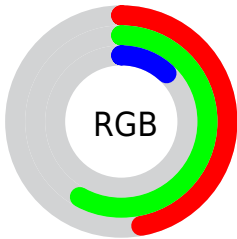
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	31, 147, 58
Decimal	7901983
CIE Lab	57.00, -25.43, 53.63
CIE LCh	57, 59.351, 115.367
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3797, 0.5144
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286092063 (0xFF78931F)
YUV	125.7030, -46.6886, -5.0015
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -21.5849, 28.8537

# Details

The CIELCh color **57, 59.351, 115.367** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669933**. A complement of this color would be **24, 73.281, 306.594**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 59.215, 115.479**, and **37, 49.742, 119.075** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 63.413, 115.626**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 53.855, 115.445**.

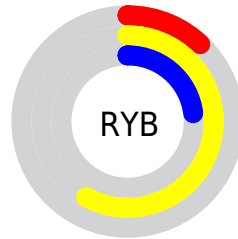
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (58%)

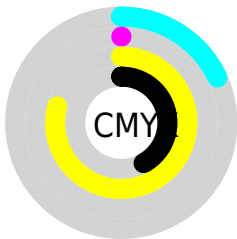
Blue (12%)



Red (12%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (23%)

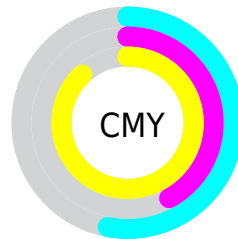


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (79%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (42%)


Yellow (88%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 59.351, 115.367 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 59.351, 115.367 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 57, 59.351,  
115.367

 57, 59.351,  
115.367


 100, 59.351,  
115.367

 47, 59.351,  
115.367


 77, 59.351,  
115.367

 37, 59.351,  
115.367

 87, 59.351,  
115.367

 27, 59.351,  
115.367

 97, 59.351,  
115.367

 17, 59.351,  
115.367

 7, 59.351, 115.367

 0, 59.351, 115.367

■ 57, 59.351,  
115.367

■ 57, 59.351,  
115.367

■ 57, 63.413,  
115.626

■ 57, 53.855,  
115.445

■ 56, 66.131,  
116.196

■ 58, 47.283,  
115.763

■ 56, 66.405,  
116.252

■ 58, 39.974,  
116.238

■ 59, 32.188,  
116.808

■ 59, 24.107,  
117.427

■ 60, 15.853,  
118.064

■ 60, 7.508, 118.700

■ 61, 0.871, 299.293



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 59.351, 115.367



24, 73.281, 306.594

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 59.351, 115.367



57, 59.351, 165.367



57, 59.351, 295.367



57, 59.351, 345.367

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 59.351, 115.369



76, 24.819, 117.712



36, 50.543, 43.075



40, 17.158, 117.504



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 59.351, 115.369



72, 79.545, 116.120



54, 67.709, 132.656



31, 4.754, 118.685



53, 63.325, 116.182



2, 4.174, 119.251



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 73.281, 306.594



26, 103.120, 307.465



31, 70.367, 318.749



29, 4.846, 299.849



16, 82.776, 307.745



0, 4.175, 299.251



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 59.351, 115.367 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 59.351, 115.367 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

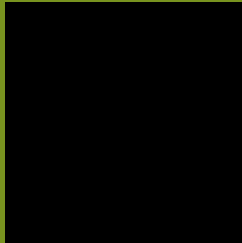
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 57, 59.351, 115.367**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 59.351, 115.367.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 59.351, 115.367.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

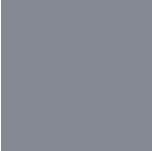


**Original Color**  
57, 59.351, 115.367

**Protanopia**  
57, 55.762, 95.257

**Deuteranopia**  
57, 52.697, 82.410





**Tritanopia**  
57, 6.515, 274.152

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 59.351, 115.367

**Protanomaly**  
57, 56.292, 103.054

**Deuteranomaly**  
56, 52.605, 95.629

**Tritanomaly**  
57, 21.029, 122.767

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 59.351, 115.367

**Achromatopsia**  
53, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
54, 24.722, 117.238

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 59.351, 115.367 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 147, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 147, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 147, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 147, 31) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 59.351, 115.367 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 147, 31) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 147, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 147, 31)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 147, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 147, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 147,  
31) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 59.351, 115.367 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 147, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
147, 31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor