

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 6.693, 224.389)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 6.693, 224.389) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 6.892, 223.421)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B8C91
RGB	123, 140, 145
RGB Percent	48%, 55%, 57%
CMY	0.5185, 0.4518, 0.4323
CMYK	0.15, 0.03, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	194°, 9%, 52%
HSV	194°, 15%, 57%
XYZ	22.5756, 24.9227, 30.3175
YIQ	135.4870, -11.7370, -2.0490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

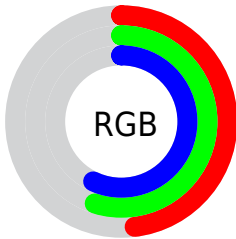
Format	Color
R_{YB}	123, 133, 145
Decimal	8096913
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, -5.01, -4.74
CIE _{LCh}	57, 6.892, 223.421
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2901, 0.3203
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286286993 (0xFF7B8C91)
YUV	135.4870, 4.6899, -10.9511
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -6.6448, -1.0603

Details

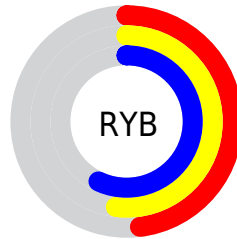
The CIELCh color $57, 6.892, 223.421$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `999999`. A complement of this color would be $55, 7.559, 42.182$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 6.882, 222.032$, and $37, 6.955, 225.183$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 11.106, 224.048$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59, 2.413, 223.039$.

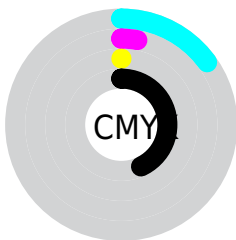
Distribution



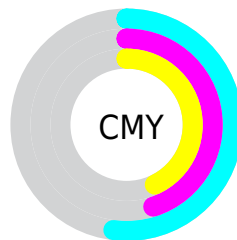
- Red (48%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 6.892, 223.421 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 6.892, 223.421 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 6.892, 223.421

■ 57, 6.892, 223.421

■ 100, 6.892,
223.421

■ 47, 6.892, 223.421

■ 77, 6.892, 223.421

■ 37, 6.892, 223.421

■ 87, 6.892, 223.421

■ 27, 6.892, 223.421

■ 97, 6.892, 223.421

■ 17, 6.892, 223.421

■ 7, 6.892, 223.421

■ 0, 6.892, 223.421

■ 57, 6.892, 223.421

■ 57, 6.892, 223.421

■ 55, 11.106,
224.048

■ 59, 2.413, 223.039

■ 61, 2.275, 42.333

■ 53, 14.993,
224.923

■ 63, 7.123, 42.223

■ 51, 18.489,
226.085

■ 65, 12.091, 42.095

■ 68, 17.143, 42.019

■ 50, 21.535,
227.598

■ 70, 22.253, 41.988

■ 48, 24.083,
229.540

■ 72, 27.397, 41.994

■ 75, 32.559, 42.027

■ 47, 26.112,
231.995

■ 77, 37.723, 42.082

■ 45, 27.637,
235.040

■ 44, 28.740,
238.702

■ 44, 29.243,
240.510

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 6.892, 223.421



55, 7.559, 42.182

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 6.892, 223.421



57, 6.892, 273.421



57, 6.892, 43.421



57, 6.892, 93.421

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 6.892, 223.409



75, 2.885, 223.038



58, 13.121, 150.125



39, 1.959, 223.045



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 6.892, 223.409



72, 10.050, 223.589



54, 9.329, 276.888



29, 2.571, 223.138



41, 27.786, 240.211



1, 1.774, 222.687

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 13.075, 332.427



68, 19.257, 332.637



58, 9.279, 93.106



28, 4.788, 332.031



30, 60.779, 339.491



1, 3.212, 331.493

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 6.892, 223.421 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 6.892, 223.421 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

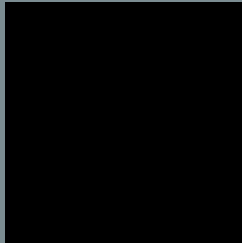
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

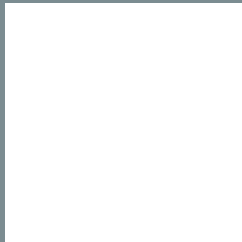
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 6.892, 223.421

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 6.892, 223.421.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 6.892, 223.421.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

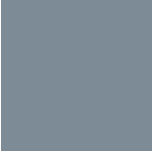
57, 6.892, 223.421

Protanopia

57, 3.456, 297.004

Deuteranopia

57, 8.794, 322.768



Tritanopia
57, 8.244, 248.830

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 6.892, 223.421

Protanomaly
57, 3.891, 261.219

Deuteranomaly
57, 6.346, 297.823

Tritanomaly
57, 7.466, 242.648

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 6.892, 223.421

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 2.563, 225.847

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 6.892, 223.421 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 140, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 140, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 140, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 140, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 6.892, 223.421 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 140, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 140, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 140, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 140, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 140, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 140,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 6.892, 223.421 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 140, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
140, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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