

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 61.419, 95.483)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 61.419, 95.483) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 61.296, 95.324)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A8903
RGB	154, 137, 3
RGB Percent	60%, 54%, 1%
CMY	0.3944, 0.4612, 0.9890
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.98, 0.39
HSL	53°, 96%, 31%
HSV	53°, 98%, 61%
XYZ	22.4268, 24.9227, 3.7086
YIQ	126.8070, 53.1460, -38.0700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

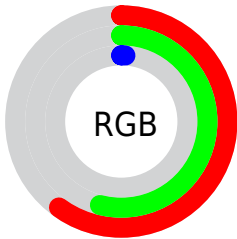
Format	Color
R_{YB}	22, 154, 3
Decimal	10127619
CIE Lab	57.00, -5.69, 61.03
CIE LCh	57, 61.296, 95.324
Yxy	24.9227, 0.4392, 0.4881
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288317699 (0xFF9A8903)
YUV	126.8070, -61.0369, 23.8483
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -7.1768, 30.5414

Details

The CIELCh color **57, 61.296, 95.324** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **19, 85.110, 304.198**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 61.276, 95.348**, and **37, 44.997, 95.639** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 61.683, 95.174**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 59.014, 96.185**.

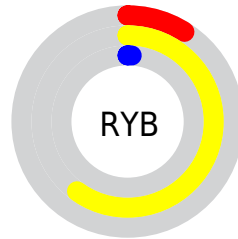
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (54%)

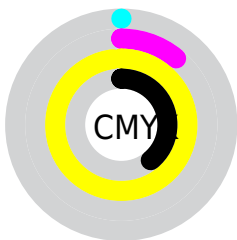
Blue (1%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (1%)

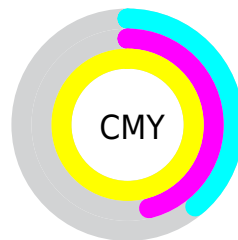


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (98%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (99%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 61.296, 95.324 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 61.296, 95.324 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 61.296, 95.324

■ 57, 61.296, 95.324

■ 100, 61.296,
95.324

■ 47, 61.296, 95.324

■ 77, 61.296, 95.324

■ 37, 61.296, 95.324

■ 87, 61.296, 95.324

■ 27, 61.296, 95.324

■ 97, 61.296, 95.324

■ 17, 61.296, 95.324

■ 7, 61.296, 95.324

■ 0, 61.296, 95.324

■ 57, 61.296, 95.324

■ 57, 61.296, 95.324

■ 57, 61.683, 95.174

■ 58, 59.014, 96.185

■ 58, 55.142, 97.088

■ 59, 49.804, 98.047

■ 59, 43.457, 99.057

■ 60, 36.477,
100.103

■ 61, 29.129,
101.169

■ 61, 21.583,
102.241

■ 62, 13.942,
103.304

■ 63, 6.270, 104.345

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 61.296, 95.324



19, 85.110, 304.198

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 61.296, 95.324



57, 61.296, 145.324



57, 61.296, 275.324



57, 61.296, 325.324

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 61.295, 95.326



78, 27.563, 102.092



32, 66.029, 33.575



41, 19.039, 101.665



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 61.295, 95.326



73, 75.004, 95.006



58, 71.505, 123.284



32, 4.295, 104.239



52, 57.525, 95.245



3, 4.598, 104.628

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 85.110, 304.198



26, 106.311, 304.824



22, 86.855, 309.726



30, 4.366, 286.213



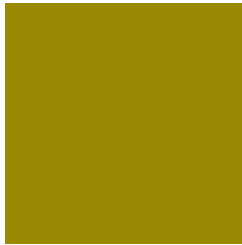
17, 79.937, 304.314



1, 4.663, 285.292

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 61.296, 95.324 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 61.296, 95.324 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 61.296, 95.324

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 61.296, 95.324.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 61.296, 95.324.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 61.130, 95.323

Protanopia

57, 61.203, 94.882

Deuteranopia

57, 59.754, 83.087



Tritanopia
57, 14.737, 358.467

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 61.130, 95.323

Protanomaly
57, 61.203, 94.882

Deuteranomaly
57, 60.058, 87.881

Tritanomaly
56, 27.134, 79.676

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 61.130, 95.323

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 27.824, 101.181

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 61.296, 95.324 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 137, 3)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 137, 3)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 137, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 137, 3) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 61.296, 95.324 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 137, 3) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 137, 3) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 137, 3)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 137, 3); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 137, 3);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 137,  
3) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 61.296, 95.324 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 137, 3) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
137, 3) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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