

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 63.280, 356.869)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(57, 63.280, 356.869)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(57, 63.276, 356.859)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E75191
RGB	231, 81, 145
RGB Percent	91%, 32%, 57%
CMY	0.0941, 0.6823, 0.4313
CMYK	0.00, 0.65, 0.37, 0.09
HSL	334°, 76%, 61%
HSV	334°, 65%, 91%
XYZ	41.0146, 24.9227, 29.4415
YIQ	133.1460, 68.8560, 51.7040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

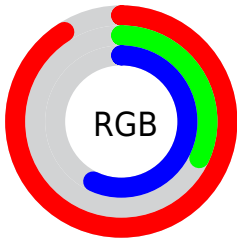
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	231, 81, 145
Decimal	15159697
CIE Lab	57.00, 63.18, -3.47
CIE LCh	57, 63.276, 356.859
Yxy	24.9227, 0.4300, 0.2613
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293349777 (0xFFE75191)
YUV	133.1460, 5.8440, 85.8180
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 59.2846, -0.0200

# Details

The CIELCh color **57, 63.276, 356.859** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **83, 57.746, 160.019**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72, 52.714, 347.212**, and **37, 63.366, 356.746** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 70.010, 359.586**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 54.916, 354.696**.

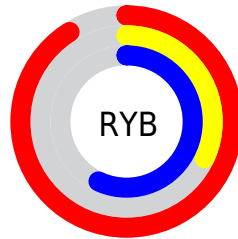
# Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (32%)

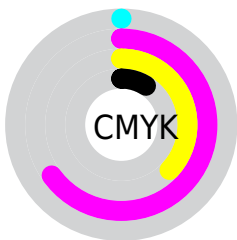
Blue (57%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (57%)

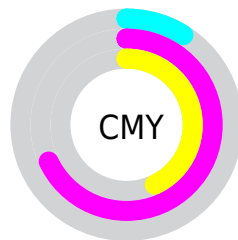


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (68%)


Yellow (43%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 63.276, 356.859 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 63.276, 356.859 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 57, 63.276,  
356.859


 57, 63.276,  
356.859


 100, 63.276,  
356.859


 47, 63.276,  
356.859


 77, 63.276,  
356.859

 37, 63.276,  
356.859

 87, 63.276,  
356.859

 27, 63.276,  
356.859

 97, 63.276,  
356.859

 17, 63.276,  
356.859

 7, 63.276, 356.859

 0, 63.276, 356.859

57, 63.276,  
356.859

57, 63.276,  
356.859

54, 70.010,  
359.586

61, 54.916,  
354.696

51, 74.755, 3.051

66, 45.459,  
352.941

50, 77.510, 7.413

71, 35.393,  
351.482

49, 78.495, 9.881

77, 25.104,  
350.239

83, 14.863,  
349.152

89, 4.837, 348.136

95, 4.879, 167.486

98, 8.529, 185.001



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 63.276, 356.859



83, 57.746, 160.019

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 63.276, 356.859



57, 63.276, 46.859



57, 63.276, 176.859



57, 63.276, 226.859

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 63.272, 356.860



88, 20.603, 349.590



52, 86.782, 314.209



45, 14.226, 349.905



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 63.272, 356.860



58, 77.483, 0.703



57, 63.567, 32.402



45, 5.581, 348.599



38, 64.660, 8.944



7, 27.045, 0.428



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 63.272, 356.860



58, 77.483, 0.703



81, 37.646, 205.147



45, 5.581, 348.599



38, 64.660, 8.944



7, 27.045, 0.428



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 63.276, 356.859 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

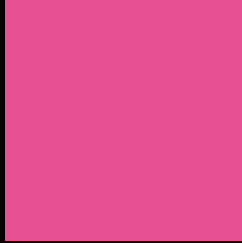
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 63.276, 356.859 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

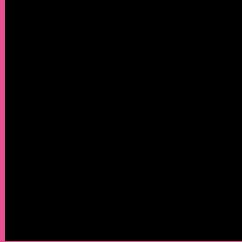
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 57, 63.276, 356.859

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 63.276, 356.859.

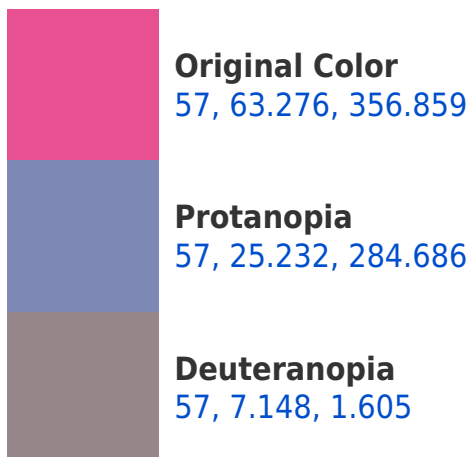


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 63.276, 356.859.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

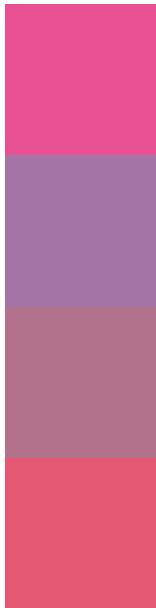






**Tritanopia**  
57, 58.551, 24.399

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 63.276, 356.859

**Protanomaly**  
55, 34.038, 324.370

**Deuteranomaly**  
56, 29.522, 353.303

**Tritanomaly**  
57, 58.483, 13.928

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 63.276, 356.859

**Achromatopsia**  
56, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
54, 25.432, 351.615

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 63.276, 356.859 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 81, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 81, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 81, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 81, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 63.276, 356.859 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 81, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 81, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 81, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 81, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 81, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 81,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 63.276, 356.859 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 81, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231, 81,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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