

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 64.804, 338.107)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(57, 64.804, 338.107)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(57, 65.042, 338.204)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

**Color**

**CIELCh(57, 65.042, 338.204)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D858B4
RGB	216, 88, 180
RGB Percent	85%, 35%, 71%
CMY	0.1524, 0.6544, 0.2936
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.17, 0.15
HSL	317°, 62%, 60%
HSV	317°, 59%, 85%
XYZ	40.1132, 24.9227, 45.9464
YIQ	136.7600, 46.7560, 55.7480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

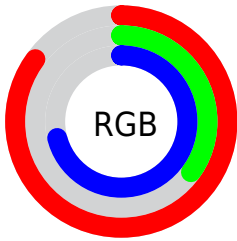
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	216, 88, 180
Decimal	14178484
CIE Lab	57.00, 60.39, -24.15
CIE LCh	57, 65.042, 338.204
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3614, 0.2246
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292368564 (0xFFD858B4)
YUV	136.7600, 21.3173, 69.4935
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 56.0614, -19.6218

# Details

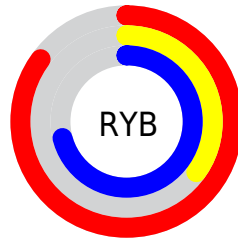
The CIELCh color **57, 65.042, 338.204** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **78, 65.275, 147.568**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74, 61.063, 332.333**, and **37, 65.154, 338.186** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 72.846, 339.256**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 55.552, 337.265**.

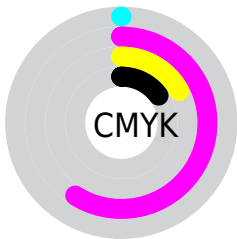
# Distribution



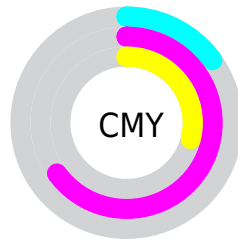
- Red (85%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 65.042, 338.204 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 65.042, 338.204 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 57, 65.042,  
338.204


 57, 65.042,  
338.204

 100, 65.042,  
338.204


 47, 65.042,  
338.204


 77, 65.042,  
338.204

 37, 65.042,  
338.204

 87, 65.042,  
338.204

 27, 65.042,  
338.204

 97, 65.042,  
338.204

 17, 65.042,  
338.204

 7, 65.042, 338.204

 0, 65.042, 338.204

57, 65.042,  
338.204

57, 65.042,  
338.204

54, 72.846,  
339.256

61, 55.552,  
337.265

51, 78.451,  
340.466

66, 44.934,  
336.405

49, 81.523,  
341.899

71, 33.667,  
335.604

48, 82.286,  
343.601

76, 22.118,  
334.850


48, 82.315,  
343.738

81, 10.547,  
334.127

87, 0.873, 153.898

93, 12.042,  
152.894

97, 19.253,  
154.192

 97, 17.118,  
161.397

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 65.042, 338.204



78, 65.275, 147.568

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 65.042, 338.204



57, 65.042, 28.204



57, 65.042, 158.204



57, 65.042, 208.204

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 65.039, 338.204



89, 23.675, 334.773



47, 75.234, 305.595



46, 16.470, 334.989



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 65.039, 338.204



62, 84.331, 339.535



55, 53.601, 9.956



42, 6.445, 334.141



38, 69.286, 343.416



6, 26.815, 340.043



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 65.039, 338.204



62, 84.331, 339.535



79, 42.636, 174.343



42, 6.445, 334.141



38, 69.286, 343.416



6, 26.815, 340.043



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 65.042, 338.204 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

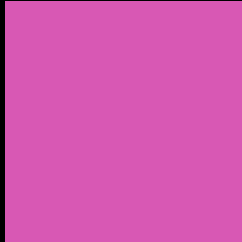
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 65.042, 338.204 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

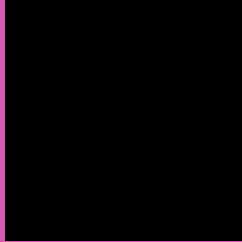
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 57, 65.042, 338.204

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 65.042, 338.204.

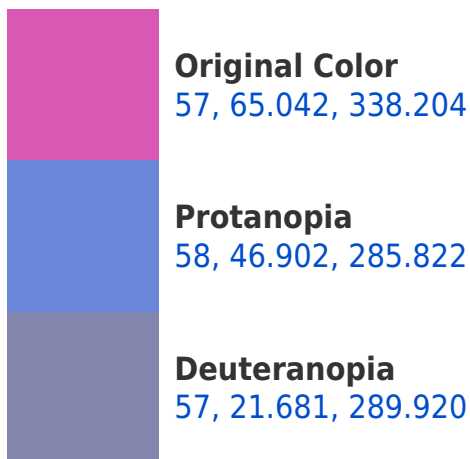


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 65.042, 338.204.


# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
57, 44.341, 20.185

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 65.042, 338.204



**Protanomaly**  
56, 50.232, 306.035



**Deuteranomaly**  
56, 36.854, 319.503



**Tritanomaly**  
57, 48.368, 0.718

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 65.042, 338.204



**Achromatopsia**  
57, 0.007, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
56, 26.406, 335.298

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 65.042, 338.204 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 88, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 88, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 88, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 88, 180) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 65.042, 338.204 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 88, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 88, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 88, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 88, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 88, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 88,  
180) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 65.042, 338.204 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 88, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216, 88,  
180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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