

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 64.836, 147.071)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 64.836, 147.071)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 64.994, 146.969)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	029E47
RGB	2, 158, 71
RGB Percent	1%, 62%, 28%
CMY	0.9921, 0.3804, 0.7216
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.55, 0.38
HSL	147°, 97%, 31%
HSV	147°, 99%, 62%
XYZ	13.3899, 24.9227, 10.0663
YIQ	101.4380, -65.0490, -60.1290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

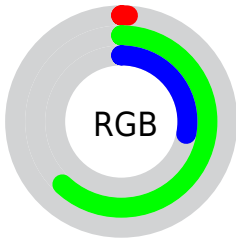
Format	Color
RYB	2, 110, 158
Decimal	171591
CIELab	57.00, -54.49, 35.43
CIELCh	57, 64.994, 146.969
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2768, 0.5152
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278361671 (0xFF029E47)
YUV	101.4380, -15.0059, -87.2071
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -39.4884, 22.9907

Details

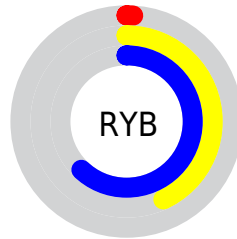
The CIELCh color **57, 64.994, 146.969** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **34, 60.066, 355.768**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 65.241, 146.795**, and **38, 57.075, 139.732** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 65.517, 146.718**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 60.767, 149.065**.

Distribution



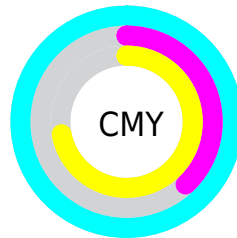
- Red (1%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (38%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (72%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 64.994, 146.969 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 64.994, 146.969 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 64.994,
146.969


 57, 64.994,
146.969


 100, 64.994,
146.969


 47, 64.994,
146.969


 77, 64.994,
146.969

 37, 64.994,
146.969

 87, 64.994,
146.969

 27, 64.994,
146.969

 97, 64.994,
146.969

 17, 64.994,
146.969

 7, 64.994, 146.969

 0, 64.994, 146.969

■ 57, 64.994,
146.969

■ 57, 64.994,
146.969

■ 57, 65.517,
146.718

■ 57, 60.767,
149.065

■ 58, 55.907,
151.056

■ 58, 50.330,
152.852

■ 59, 44.088,
154.446

■ 59, 37.276,
155.853

■ 60, 30.017,
157.090

■ 61, 22.442,
158.182

■ 63, 14.676,

159.153

■ 64, 6.830, 160.036

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 64.994, 146.969



34, 60.066, 355.768

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 64.994, 146.969



57, 64.994, 196.969



57, 64.994, 326.969



57, 64.994, 16.969

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 64.994, 146.969



78, 29.124, 157.988



59, 74.098, 125.361



41, 19.970, 157.561



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 64.994, 146.969



73, 80.750, 146.242



59, 36.994, 186.895



33, 4.430, 159.991



52, 60.566, 146.931



3, 5.892, 159.558

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 60.066, 355.768



45, 73.261, 356.932



33, 69.590, 36.548



31, 4.473, 341.335



30, 55.999, 355.822



1, 5.680, 342.117

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 64.994, 146.969 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

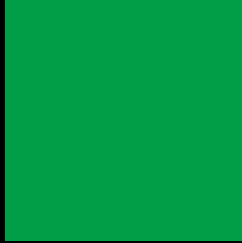
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 64.994, 146.969 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 64.994, 146.969

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 64.994, 146.969.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 64.994, 146.969.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


57, 64.994, 146.969

Protanopia

57, 40.271, 95.479

Deuteranopia

57, 33.304, 77.887



Tritanopia
57, 26.269, 212.484

Trichromacy



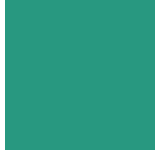
Original Color
57, 64.994, 146.969



Protanomaly
55, 46.721, 130.394



Deuteranomaly
54, 38.513, 128.098



Tritanomaly
57, 36.841, 174.123

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 64.994, 146.969



Achromatopsia
43, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
47, 29.150, 156.082

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 64.994, 146.969 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 158, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 158, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 158, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 158, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 64.994, 146.969 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 158, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 158, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 158, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 158, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 158, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 158, 71)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 64.994, 146.969 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 158, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 158,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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