

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 65.902, 302.903)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 65.902, 302.903)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 65.787, 302.921)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F77EA
RGB	143, 119, 234
RGB Percent	56%, 47%, 92%
CMY	0.4398, 0.5338, 0.0829
CMYK	0.39, 0.49, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	253°, 73%, 69%
HSV	253°, 49%, 92%
XYZ	32.7156, 24.9227, 80.8198
YIQ	139.2860, -22.6110, 40.8530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

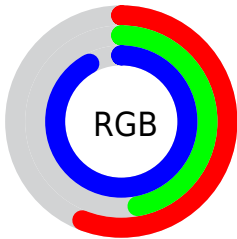
Format	Color
R _Y B	143, 119, 234
Decimal	9402346
CIE Lab	57.00, 35.75, -55.22
CIE LCh	57, 65.787, 302.921
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2363, 0.1800
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287592426 (0xFF8F77EA)
YUV	139.2860, 46.6940, 3.2572
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 29.6112, -61.0389

Details

The CIELCh color $57, 65.787, 302.921$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9966CC$. A complement of this color would be $89, 58.226, 115.081$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75, 45.866, 305.316$, and $37, 65.428, 302.987$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 80.212, 304.156$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 51.528, 301.759$.

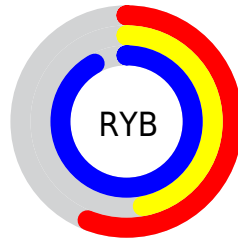
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (47%)

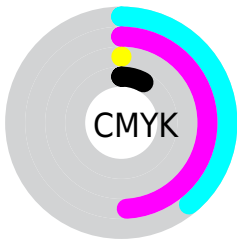
Blue (92%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (92%)

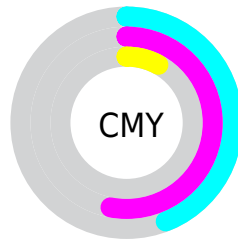


Cyan (39%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (44%)


Magenta (53%)


Yellow (8%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 65.787, 302.921 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 65.787, 302.921 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 65.787,
302.921


 57, 65.787,
302.921


 100, 65.787,
302.921


 47, 65.787,
302.921


 77, 65.787,
302.921

 37, 65.787,
302.921

 87, 65.787,
302.921

 27, 65.787,
302.921

 97, 65.787,
302.921

 17, 65.787,
302.921

 7, 65.787, 302.921

 0, 65.787, 302.921

■ 57, 65.787,
302.921

■ 57, 65.787,
302.921

■ 50, 80.212,
304.156

■ 64, 51.528,
301.759

■ 44, 94.298,
305.375

■ 71, 37.666,
300.708

■ 38, 107.077,
306.425

■ 79, 24.284,
299.780

■ 34, 117.063,
307.085

■ 86, 11.398,
298.970

■ 31, 123.076,
307.220

■ 93, 1.003, 118.288

■ 31, 123.499,
307.231

■ 99, 10.714,
111.479

■ 99, 10.702,
109.368

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 65.787, 302.921



89, 58.226, 115.081

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 65.787, 302.921



57, 65.787, 352.921



57, 65.787, 122.921



57, 65.787, 172.921

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 65.786, 302.921



88, 20.227, 299.434



80, 29.140, 222.839



45, 13.856, 299.610



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 65.786, 302.921



55, 85.809, 304.169



63, 68.089, 317.796



45, 7.085, 298.992



23, 101.792, 307.343



3, 36.271, 302.653

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 62.060, 334.169



67, 77.622, 334.944



85, 65.701, 133.219



46, 7.316, 331.399



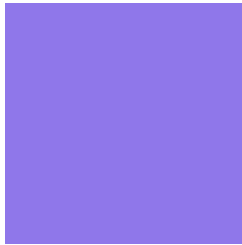
41, 76.054, 338.668



8, 33.317, 336.839

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 65.787, 302.921 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

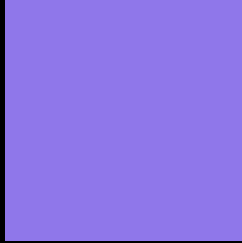
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 65.787, 302.921 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

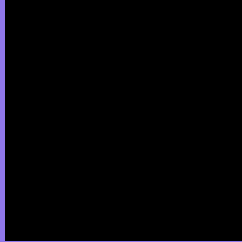
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 65.787, 302.921

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 65.787, 302.921.



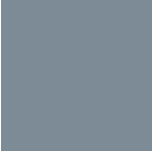
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 65.787, 302.921.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
57, 8.244, 248.830

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 65.787, 302.921

Protanomaly
57, 65.388, 291.897

Deuteranomaly
57, 57.140, 288.069

Tritanomaly
57, 27.445, 292.626

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 65.787, 302.921

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 23.659, 299.672

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 65.787, 302.921 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 119, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 119, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 119, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 119, 234) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 65.787, 302.921 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 119, 234) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 119, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 119, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 119, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 119, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 119,  
234) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 65.787, 302.921 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 119, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
119, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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