

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 68.186, 328.310)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 68.186, 328.310)
contains.

CIELCh(57, 68.186, 328.310)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(57, 68.186, 328.310)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CC5DC8
RGB	204, 93, 200
RGB Percent	80%, 36%, 78%
CMY	0.1990, 0.6344, 0.2148
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.02, 0.20
HSL	302°, 52%, 58%
HSV	302°, 54%, 80%
XYZ	39.3567, 24.9227, 57.5245
YIQ	138.3870, 31.8090, 56.8090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

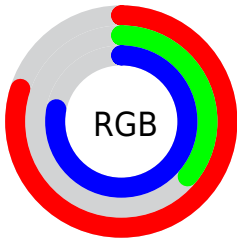
Format	Color
R_{YB}	204, 93, 200
Decimal	13393352
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, 58.02, -35.82
CIE _{LCh}	57, 68.186, 328.310
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3231, 0.2046
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291583432 (0xFFCC5DC8)
YUV	138.3870, 30.3752, 57.5426
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 53.3566, -33.3725

Details

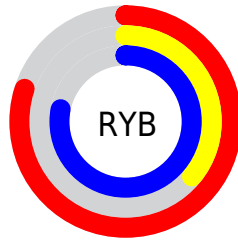
The CIELCh color **57, 68.186, 328.310** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **74, 68.777, 140.783**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 66.203, 326.690**, and **37, 68.490, 328.176** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 77.978, 328.737**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 56.886, 327.830**.

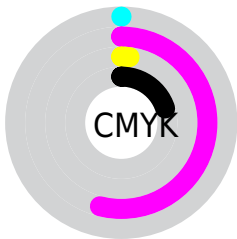
Distribution



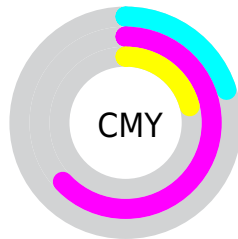
- Red (80%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (20%)





- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (21%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 68.186, 328.310 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 68.186, 328.310 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 68.186,
328.310


 57, 68.186,
328.310


 100, 68.186,
328.310


 47, 68.186,
328.310


 77, 68.186,
328.310

 37, 68.186,
328.310

 87, 68.186,
328.310

 27, 68.186,
328.310

 97, 68.186,
328.310

 17, 68.186,
328.310

 7, 68.186, 328.310

 0, 68.186, 328.310

57, 68.186,
328.310

57, 68.186,
328.310

54, 77.978,
328.737

61, 56.886,
327.830

51, 85.769,
329.099

65, 44.593,
327.310

49, 91.180,
329.392

70, 31.742,
326.764

48, 94.112,
329.621

75, 18.673,
326.202

48, 95.022,
329.732

80, 5.631, 325.612

85, 7.222, 145.151

91, 19.784,
144.595

96, 31.009,
144.151

■ 96, 30.700,
144.553

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 68.186, 328.310



74, 68.777, 140.783

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 68.186, 328.310



57, 68.186, 18.310



57, 68.186, 148.310



57, 68.186, 198.310

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 68.184, 328.310



90, 24.946, 326.307



45, 65.700, 299.125



47, 16.852, 326.425



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 68.184, 328.310



66, 93.712, 328.795



55, 50.106, 351.828



40, 7.356, 325.918



39, 81.394, 329.709



5, 28.215, 328.682

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 68.184, 328.310



66, 93.712, 328.795



75, 46.786, 159.527



40, 7.356, 325.918



39, 81.394, 329.709



5, 28.215, 328.682

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 68.186, 328.310 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

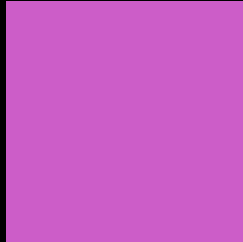
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 68.186, 328.310 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

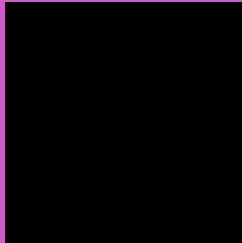
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 68.186, 328.310

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 68.186, 328.310.

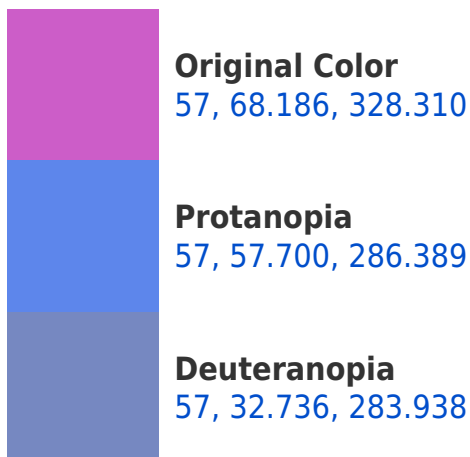


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 68.186, 328.310.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
57, 34.589, 15.400

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 68.186, 328.310



Protanomaly
56, 59.146, 300.487



Deuteranomaly
56, 44.684, 307.180



Tritanomaly
57, 42.491, 349.811

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 68.186, 328.310



Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
56, 27.052, 327.151

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 68.186, 328.310 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 93, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 93, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 93, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 93, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 68.186, 328.310 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 93, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 93, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 93, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 93, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 93, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 93,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 68.186, 328.310 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 93, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204, 93,  
200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor