

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 69.001, 153.352)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 69.001, 153.352)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 62.897, 149.105)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	02A150
RGB	2, 161, 80
RGB Percent	1%, 63%, 31%
CMY	0.9906, 0.3699, 0.6878
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.50, 0.37
HSL	149°, 97%, 32%
HSV	149°, 99%, 63%
XYZ	14.1492, 25.9610, 11.7767
YIQ	104.2250, -68.7630, -58.8990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

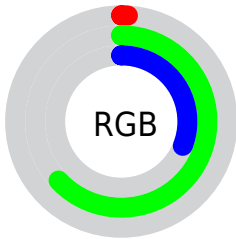
Format	Color
RYB	2, 109, 161
Decimal	172368
CIELab	58.00, -53.97, 32.30
CIELCh	58, 62.897, 149.105
Yxy	25.9610, 0.2727, 0.5003
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278362448 (0xFF02A150)
YUV	104.2250, -11.9429, -89.6513
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -39.5970, 21.9625

Details

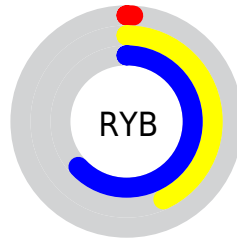
The CIELCh color **58, 62.897, 149.105** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **34, 59.974, 359.835**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 62.713, 149.216**, and **39, 55.126, 142.096** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 63.484, 148.802**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 58.849, 151.243**.

Distribution



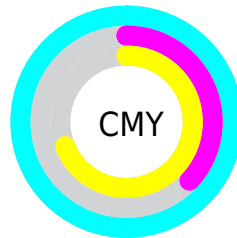
- Red (1%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (37%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (69%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 62.897, 149.105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 62.897, 149.105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 62.897,
149.105


 58, 62.897,
149.105


 100, 62.897,
149.105


 48, 62.897,
149.105


 78, 62.897,
149.105

 38, 62.897,
149.105

 88, 62.897,
149.105

 28, 62.897,
149.105

 98, 62.897,
149.105

 18, 62.897,
149.105

 8, 62.897, 149.105

 0, 62.897, 149.105

■ 58, 62.897,
149.105

■ 58, 62.897,
149.105

■ 58, 63.484,
148.802

■ 58, 58.849,
151.243

■ 59, 54.188,
153.255

■ 59, 48.827,
155.064

■ 60, 42.806,
156.671

■ 60, 36.214,
158.090

■ 61, 29.167,
159.344

■ 62, 21.791,
160.456

■ 64, 14.210,

161.451

■ 65, 6.532, 162.364

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 62.897, 149.105



34, 59.974, 359.835

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 62.897, 149.105



58, 62.897, 199.105



58, 62.897, 329.105



58, 62.897, 19.105

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 62.897, 149.105



79, 28.377, 160.238



59, 76.193, 127.183



41, 19.255, 159.804



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 62.897, 149.105



74, 77.968, 148.333



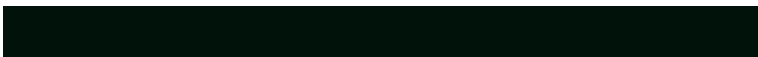
60, 35.815, 193.925



34, 4.400, 162.295



53, 58.734, 149.014



4, 7.082, 160.652

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 59.974, 359.835



45, 73.071, 1.224



33, 72.288, 38.656



32, 4.452, 343.702



31, 55.978, 359.983



1, 6.632, 345.633

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 62.897, 149.105 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

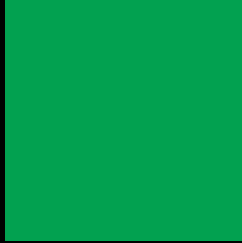
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 62.897, 149.105 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 62.897, 149.105

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 62.897, 149.105.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 62.897, 149.105.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58, 62.920, 149.187

Protanopia

58, 37.584, 95.989

Deuteranopia

57, 30.272, 75.627



Tritanopia
58, 26.719, 213.468

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 62.920, 149.187



Protanomaly
56, 44.684, 132.746



Deuteranomaly
55, 35.668, 130.748



Tritanomaly
58, 36.742, 176.087

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 62.920, 149.187



Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
48, 28.475, 158.249

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 62.897, 149.105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 161, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 161, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 161, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 161, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 62.897, 149.105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 161, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 161, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 161, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 161, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 161, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 161, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 62.897, 149.105 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 161, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 161,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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