

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 69.375, 333.585)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 69.375, 333.585)
contains.

CIELCh(57, 69.403, 333.459)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(57, 69.403, 333.459)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D657C0
RGB	214, 87, 192
RGB Percent	84%, 34%, 75%
CMY	0.1607, 0.6587, 0.2470
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.10, 0.16
HSL	310°, 61%, 59%
HSV	310°, 59%, 84%
XYZ	40.6600, 24.9227, 52.5440
YIQ	136.9430, 41.9870, 59.5790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

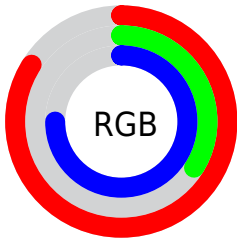
Format	Color
R _Y B	214, 87, 192
Decimal	14047168
CIE Lab	57.00, 62.09, -31.01
CIE LCh	57, 69.403, 333.459
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3442, 0.2110
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292237248 (0xFFD657C0)
YUV	136.9430, 27.1431, 67.5790
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 58.0168, -27.4574

Details

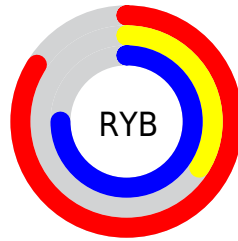
The CIELCh color **57, 69.403, 333.459** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **77, 70.317, 143.962**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75, 66.657, 328.368**, and **37, 69.351, 333.451** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 77.686, 334.166**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 59.357, 332.773**.

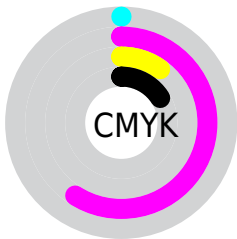
Distribution



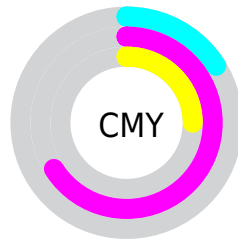
- Red (84%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (25%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 69.403, 333.459 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 69.403, 333.459 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 69.403,
333.459


 57, 69.403,
333.459

 100, 69.403,
333.459


 47, 69.403,
333.459

 77, 69.403,
333.459

 37, 69.403,
333.459

 87, 69.403,
333.459

 27, 69.403,
333.459

 97, 69.403,
333.459

 17, 69.403,
333.459

 7, 69.403, 333.459

 0, 69.403, 333.459

57, 69.403,
333.459

57, 69.403,
333.459

54, 77.686,
334.166

61, 59.357,
332.773

51, 83.711,
334.910

65, 48.103,
332.100

50, 87.167,
335.716

70, 36.127,
331.440

49, 88.302,
336.608

75, 23.815,
330.791


49, 88.351,
336.668

81, 11.446,
330.151

86, 0.793, 149.973

92, 12.786,
149.017

96, 22.501,
148.988

 97, 21.052,
152.230

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 69.403, 333.459



77, 70.317, 143.962

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 69.403, 333.459



57, 69.403, 23.459



57, 69.403, 153.459



57, 69.403, 203.459

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 69.400, 333.459



89, 25.543, 330.717



45, 74.907, 303.122



46, 17.763, 330.906



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 69.400, 333.459



63, 90.550, 334.338



55, 53.811, 2.329



42, 6.961, 330.156



39, 74.849, 336.513



6, 29.013, 334.640

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 69.400, 333.459



63, 90.550, 334.338



78, 46.347, 166.870



42, 6.961, 330.156



39, 74.849, 336.513



6, 29.013, 334.640

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 69.403, 333.459 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

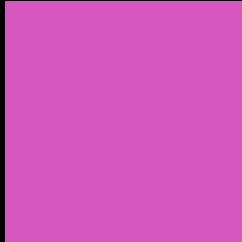
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 69.403, 333.459 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

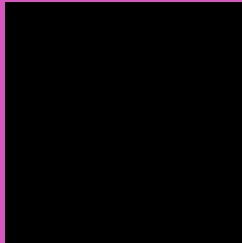
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 69.403, 333.459

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 69.403, 333.459.

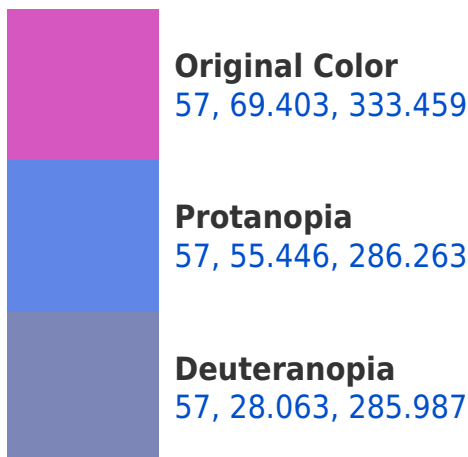


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 69.403, 333.459.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
57, 42.049, 18.803

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 69.403, 333.459



Protanomaly
55, 57.741, 302.862



Deuteranomaly
56, 41.774, 312.996



Tritanomaly
57, 47.708, 356.319

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 69.403, 333.459



Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
56, 27.780, 331.336

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 69.403, 333.459 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 87, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 87, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 87, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 87, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 69.403, 333.459 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 87, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 87, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 87, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 87, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 87, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 87,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 69.403, 333.459 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 87, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214, 87,  
192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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