

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 75.852, 297.650)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 75.852, 297.650)
contains.

CIELCh(57, 75.969, 297.784)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(57, 75.969, 297.784)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7779FF
RGB	119, 121, 255
RGB Percent	47%, 47%, 100%
CMY	0.5321, 0.5245, 0.0000
CMYK	0.53, 0.52, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	239°, 100%, 73%
HSV	239°, 53%, 100%
XYZ	32.6199, 24.9227, 97.9564
YIQ	135.6780, -44.2060, 41.2500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

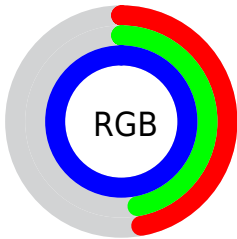
Format	Color
R _Y B	119, 121, 255
Decimal	7830015
CIE Lab	57.00, 35.41, -67.21
CIE LCh	57, 75.969, 297.784
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2098, 0.1603
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286020095 (0xFF7779FF)
YUV	135.6780, 58.8257, -14.6266
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 29.2691, -81.3909

Details

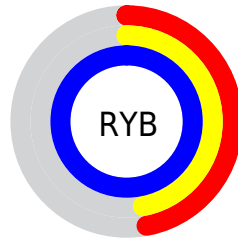
The CIELCh color **57, 75.969, 297.784** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6666FF**. A complement of this color would be **97, 65.240, 104.464**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74, 44.548, 296.606**, and **37, 76.114, 297.851** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 91.629, 300.019**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65, 60.293, 295.713**.

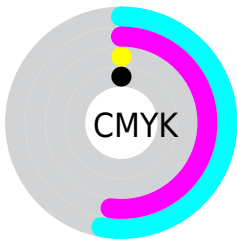
Distribution



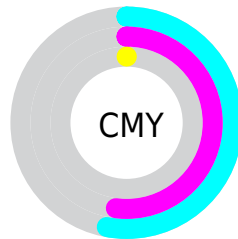
- Red (47%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 75.969, 297.784 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 75.969, 297.784 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 75.969,
297.784

■ 57, 75.969,
297.784

■ 100, 75.969,
297.784

■ 47, 75.969,
297.784

■ 77, 75.969,
297.784

■ 37, 75.969,
297.784

■ 87, 75.969,
297.784

■ 27, 75.969,
297.784

■ 97, 75.969,
297.784

■ 17, 75.969,
297.784

■ 7, 75.969, 297.784

■ 0, 75.969, 297.784

■ 57, 75.969,
297.784

■ 57, 75.969,
297.784

■ 49, 91.629,
300.019

■ 65, 60.293,
295.713

■ 43, 107.051,
302.292

■ 73, 45.351,
293.907

■ 37, 120.546,
304.299

■ 81, 31.027,
292.359

■ 34, 129.898,
305.685

■ 89, 17.299,
291.045

■ 32, 133.255,
306.172

■ 97, 4.125, 289.947

100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 75.969, 297.784



97, 65.240, 104.464

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 75.969, 297.784



57, 75.969, 347.784



57, 75.969, 117.784



57, 75.969, 167.784

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 75.804, 297.771



87, 21.077, 291.390



93, 38.872, 195.289



45, 14.290, 291.655



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 75.804, 297.771



49, 92.883, 300.202



62, 77.430, 311.296



49, 7.394, 290.613



23, 107.134, 306.122



3, 43.675, 301.526

Inverse Universe

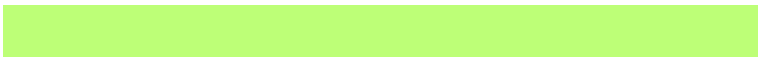
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 57.122, 24.955



61, 70.174, 27.859



93, 71.198, 126.023



49, 5.252, 18.788



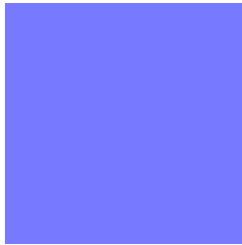
40, 83.580, 39.437



10, 33.248, 26.608

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 75.969, 297.784 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

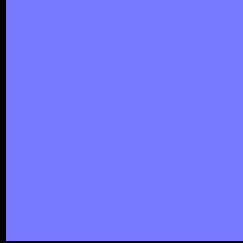
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 75.969, 297.784 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

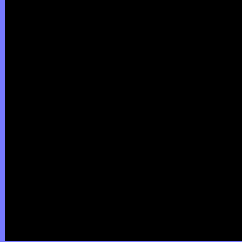
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 75.969, 297.784

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 75.969, 297.784.

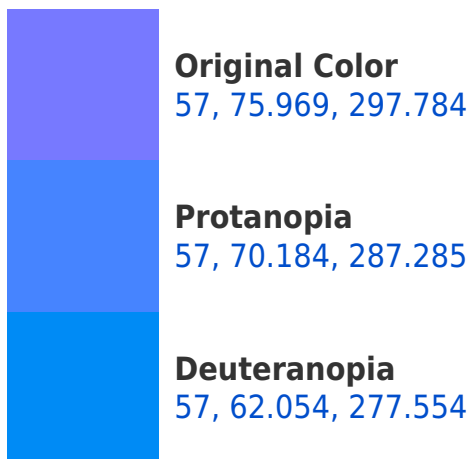


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 75.969, 297.784.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
57, 20.317, 215.883

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 75.969, 297.784

Protanomaly
57, 72.201, 290.933

Deuteranomaly
56, 66.942, 283.208

Tritanomaly
56, 33.415, 273.645

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 75.969, 297.784

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 27.481, 292.647

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 75.969, 297.784 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 121, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 121, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 121, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 121, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 75.969, 297.784 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 121, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 121, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 121, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 121, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 121, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 121,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 75.969, 297.784 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 121, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
121, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor