

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 75.992, 2.424)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(57, 75.992, 2.424) contains.

<b>CIELCh(57, 75.732, 2.535)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

**Color**

**CIELCh(57, 75.732, 2.535)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FA3886
RGB	250, 56, 134
RGB Percent	98%, 22%, 53%
CMY	0.0190, 0.7796, 0.4740
CMYK	0.00, 0.78, 0.46, 0.02
HSL	336°, 95%, 60%
HSV	336°, 78%, 98%
XYZ	45.2135, 24.9227, 25.0271
YIQ	122.8980, 90.5860, 65.3860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

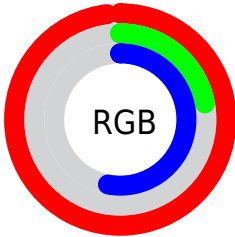
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	250, 56, 134
Decimal	16398470
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.00, 75.66, 3.35
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	57, 75.732, 2.535
Yxy	24.9227, 0.4751, 0.2619
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294588550 (0xFFFA3886)
YUV	122.8980, 5.4733, 111.4685
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 74.2977, 5.2227

# Details

The CIELCh color **57, 75.732, 2.535** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3399**. The color can be described as middle washed rose. A complement of this color would be **88, 68.396, 159.125**, and the grayscale version is **52, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 58.851, 349.974**, and **40, 66.869, 6.413** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 80.369, 6.459**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 68.997, 359.450**.

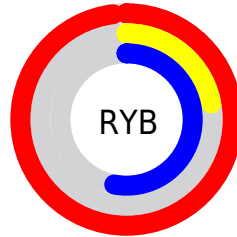
# Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (22%)

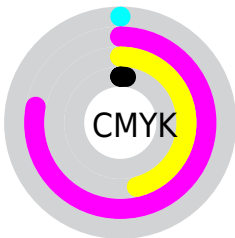
Blue (53%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (53%)

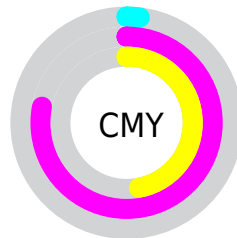


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 75.732, 2.535 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 75.732, 2.535 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 57, 75.732, 2.535       57, 75.732, 2.535

 100, 75.732, 2.535       47, 75.732, 2.535

 77, 75.732, 2.535       37, 75.732, 2.535



 87, 75.732, 2.535       27, 75.732, 2.535

 97, 75.732, 2.535       17, 75.732, 2.535

 7, 75.732, 2.535

 0, 75.732, 2.535

 57, 75.732, 2.535       57, 75.732, 2.535

 55, 80.369, 6.459       60, 68.997,  
359.450

 53, 83.132, 11.320

53, 83.735, 12.586

64, 60.467,  
357.017

69, 50.658,  
355.068

75, 40.107,  
353.469

81, 29.257,  
352.125

87, 18.420,  
350.965

93, 7.798, 349.921

100, 1.791,  
180.467

100, 1.683,  
199.692

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 75.732, 2.535



88, 68.396, 159.125

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 75.732, 2.535



57, 75.732, 52.535



57, 75.732, 182.535



57, 75.732, 232.535

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 75.728, 2.536



85, 24.708, 351.582



50, 106.892, 314.812



43, 17.166, 352.014



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 75.728, 2.536



55, 83.291, 9.051



57, 82.142, 36.377



49, 5.896, 350.123



40, 67.618, 11.582



10, 30.489, 4.260





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 75.728, 2.536



55, 83.291, 9.051



85, 42.673, 208.429



49, 5.896, 350.123



40, 67.618, 11.582



10, 30.489, 4.260



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 75.732, 2.535 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

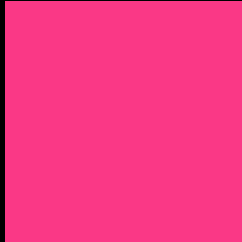
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 75.732, 2.535 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

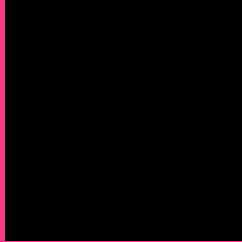
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 57, 75.732, 2.535

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 75.732, 2.535.

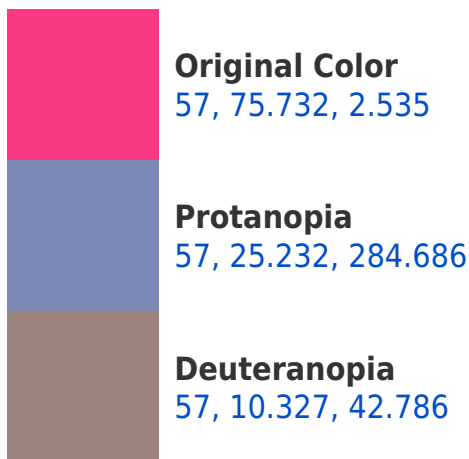


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 75.732, 2.535.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

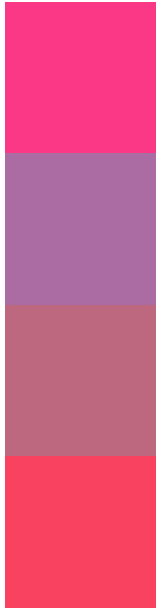




**Tritanopia**  
57, 76.151, 29.861



# Trichromacy



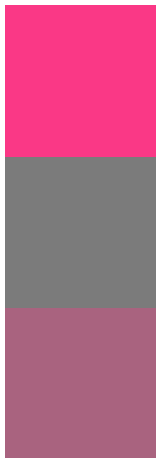
**Original Color**  
57, 75.732, 2.535

**Protanomaly**  
54, 39.502, 330.247

**Deuteranomaly**  
54, 37.113, 3.222

**Tritanomaly**  
57, 74.003, 20.204

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 75.732, 2.535

**Achromatopsia**  
52, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
51, 32.159, 354.014

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 75.732, 2.535 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 56, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 56, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 56, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 56, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 75.732, 2.535 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 56, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 56, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 56, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 56, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 56, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 56,  
134) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 75.732, 2.535 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 56, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250, 56,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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