

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 8.085, 20.203)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 8.085, 20.203) contains.

CIELCh(57, 8.085, 20.203)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(57, 8.085, 20.203)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	988484
RGB	152, 132, 132
RGB Percent	60%, 52%, 52%
CMY	0.4031, 0.4816, 0.4816
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.13, 0.40
HSL	0°, 9%, 56%
HSV	0°, 13%, 60%
XYZ	25.4436, 24.9227, 25.3703
YIQ	137.9800, 11.9200, 4.2400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

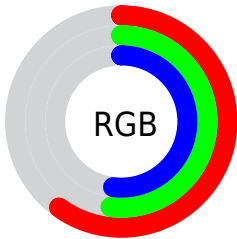
Format	Color
RYB	152, 132, 132
Decimal	9995396
CIELab	57.00, 7.59, 2.79
CIELCh	57, 8.085, 20.203
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3359, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288185476 (0xFF988484)
YUV	137.9800, -2.9481, 12.2955
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 3.6097, 4.8151

Details

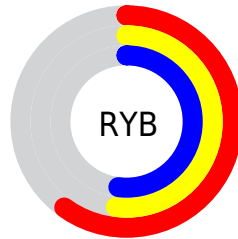
The CIELCh color $57, 8.085, 20.203$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `999999`. A complement of this color would be $61, 7.449, 198.788$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 7.940, 19.989$, and $37, 7.950, 20.528$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 14.788, 21.097$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61, 1.861, 19.360$.

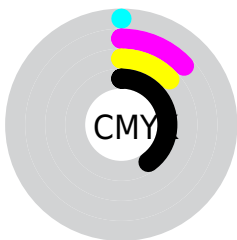
Distribution



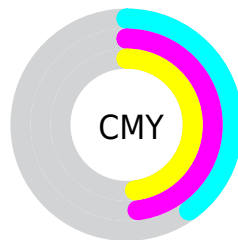
- Red (60%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 8.085, 20.203 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 8.085, 20.203 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 57, 8.085, 20.203  57, 8.085, 20.203

 100, 8.085, 20.203  47, 8.085, 20.203

 77, 8.085, 20.203  37, 8.085, 20.203

 87, 8.085, 20.203  27, 8.085, 20.203

 97, 8.085, 20.203  17, 8.085, 20.203

 7, 8.085, 20.203

 0, 8.085, 20.203

 57, 8.085, 20.203  57, 8.085, 20.203

 53, 14.788, 21.097  61, 1.861, 19.360

 48, 21.971, 22.217  66, 3.903, 199.193

44, 29.582, 23.667

71, 9.245, 198.710

41, 37.510, 25.547

75, 14.208,
198.358

38, 45.572, 27.959

80, 18.836,
198.080

35, 53.509, 30.950

33, 60.946, 34.390

85, 23.169,
197.853

32, 67.160, 37.712

89, 27.243,
197.667

31, 70.633, 39.504

94, 31.091,
197.513

94, 31.351,
197.488

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 8.085, 20.203



61, 7.449, 198.788

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 8.085, 20.203



57, 8.085, 70.203



57, 8.085, 200.203



57, 8.085, 250.203

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 8.084, 20.214



78, 2.955, 19.472



58, 13.783, 325.129



41, 2.100, 19.543



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 8.084, 20.214



71, 12.389, 20.475



60, 6.928, 73.812



30, 3.438, 19.908



28, 66.111, 39.052



1, 3.595, 19.417

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 7.449, 198.788



78, 11.177, 198.619



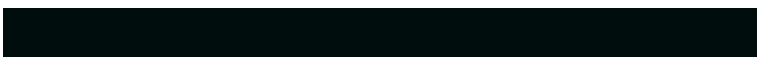
59, 6.712, 257.180



32, 3.249, 199.012



53, 32.113, 196.409



3, 3.595, 199.436

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 8.085, 20.203 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 8.085, 20.203 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

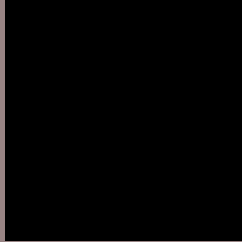
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 8.085, 20.203

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 8.085, 20.203.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 8.085, 20.203.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


57, 8.085, 20.203

Protanopia

57, 1.940, 55.176

Deuteranopia

57, 8.085, 20.203



Tritanopia
57, 10.401, 347.395

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 8.085, 20.203

Protanomaly
57, 3.765, 37.195

Deuteranomaly
57, 8.085, 20.203

Tritanomaly
57, 9.627, 356.043

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 8.085, 20.203

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 2.772, 19.538

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 57, 8.085, 20.203 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 132, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 132, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 132, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 132, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 8.085, 20.203 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 132, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 132, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 132, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 132, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 132, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 132,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 8.085, 20.203 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 132, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
132, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor