

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 8.705, 79.498)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(57, 8.705, 79.498) contains.

<b>CIELCh(57, 8.673, 77.745)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(57, 8.673, 77.745)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	92877A
RGB	146, 135, 122
RGB Percent	57%, 53%, 48%
CMY	0.4267, 0.4698, 0.5208
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.16, 0.43
HSL	33°, 10%, 53%
HSV	33°, 16%, 57%
XYZ	24.1065, 24.9227, 22.0154
YIQ	136.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

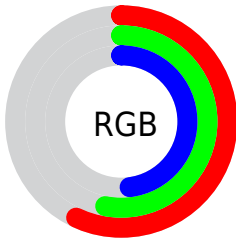
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	142, 146, 122
Decimal	9602938
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.00, 1.84, 8.48
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	57, 8.673, 77.745
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3393, 0.3508
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287793018 (0xFF92877A)
YUV	136.8070, -7.2999, 8.0623
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -1.1711, 8.7995

# Details

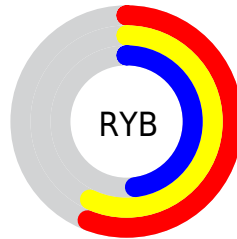
The CIELCh color  $57, 8.673, 77.745$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $55, 8.415, 262.078$ , and the grayscale version is  $57, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $77, 8.790, 77.803$ , and  $37, 8.702, 77.415$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $55, 14.232, 76.503$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $59, 3.324, 78.947$ .

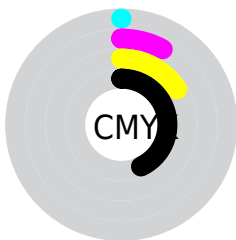
# Distribution



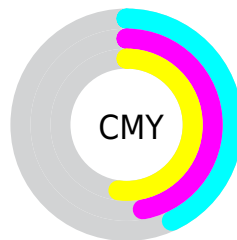
- Red (57%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 8.673, 77.745 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 8.673, 77.745 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 57, 8.673, 77.745       57, 8.673, 77.745

 100, 8.673, 77.745       47, 8.673, 77.745

 77, 8.673, 77.745       37, 8.673, 77.745

 87, 8.673, 77.745       27, 8.673, 77.745


 97, 8.673, 77.745       17, 8.673, 77.745

 7, 8.673, 77.745

 0, 8.673, 77.745

 57, 8.673, 77.745       57, 8.673, 77.745

 55, 14.232, 76.503       59, 3.324, 78.947

 53, 20.003, 75.218       61, 1.829, 260.378

51, 25.974, 73.907

64, 6.803, 261.439

49, 32.097, 72.564

66, 11.616,  
262.548

47, 38.258, 71.161

68, 16.283,  
263.622

45, 44.222, 69.629

43, 49.554, 67.824

71, 20.821,  
264.653

41, 53.755, 65.582

73, 25.244,  
265.637

41, 55.321, 64.878

75, 29.564,  
266.576

78, 33.792,  
267.468

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 8.673, 77.745



55, 8.415, 262.078

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 8.673, 77.745



57, 8.673, 127.745



57, 8.673, 257.745



57, 8.673, 307.745

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 8.674, 77.757



76, 3.213, 79.087



54, 11.559, 346.883



40, 2.213, 79.020



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 8.674, 77.757



72, 13.255, 77.260



60, 13.465, 110.032



30, 2.969, 78.629



38, 52.923, 65.092



2, 2.562, 79.799





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 8.415, 262.078



69, 12.750, 262.714



52, 13.966, 293.130



30, 2.926, 261.046



28, 48.376, 286.789



1, 2.563, 259.810



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 8.673, 77.745 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

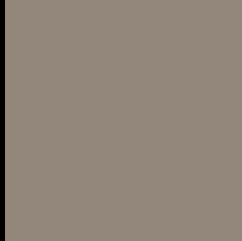
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 8.673, 77.745 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

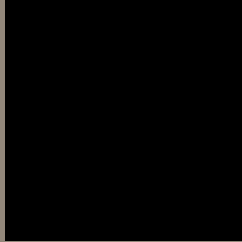
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 57, 8.673, 77.745

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 8.673, 77.745.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 8.673, 77.745.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57, 8.673, 77.745

### Protanopia

57, 7.916, 88.038

### Deuteranopia

57, 10.872, 48.124



**Tritanopia**  
57, 9.173, 337.282



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 8.673, 77.745

**Protanomaly**  
57, 8.075, 85.302

**Deuteranomaly**  
57, 9.733, 55.566

**Tritanomaly**  
57, 6.102, 9.266

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 8.673, 77.745

**Achromatopsia**  
57, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
57, 2.764, 74.648

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 8.673, 77.745 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 135, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 135, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 135, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 135, 122) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 8.673, 77.745 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 135, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 135, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 135, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 135, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 135, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 135,  
122) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 8.673, 77.745 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 135, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
135, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor