

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 8.751, 86.425)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 8.751, 86.425) contains.

CIELCh(57, 8.601, 86.723)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(57, 8.601, 86.723)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	90887A
RGB	144, 136, 122
RGB Percent	56%, 53%, 48%
CMY	0.4355, 0.4669, 0.5218
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.15, 0.44
HSL	38°, 9%, 52%
HSV	38°, 15%, 56%
XYZ	23.7995, 24.9227, 21.9527
YIQ	136.7960, 9.2620, -2.6580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

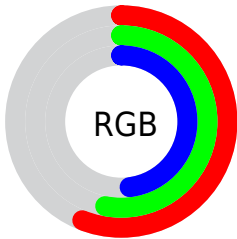
Format	Color
R_{YB}	135, 144, 122
Decimal	9472122
CIE Lab	57.00, 0.49, 8.59
CIE LCh	57, 8.601, 86.723
Yxy	24.9227, 0.3367, 0.3526
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287662202 (0xFF90887A)
YUV	136.7960, -7.2944, 6.3179
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -2.2688, 8.8740

Details

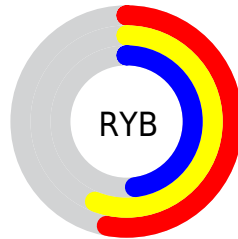
The CIELCh color $57, 8.601, 86.723$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $54, 8.533, 270.710$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 8.723, 86.093$, and $37, 8.613, 87.220$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 14.409, 85.463$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59, 2.932, 87.929$.

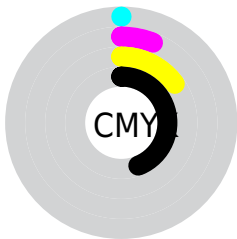
Distribution



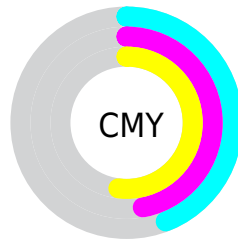
- Red (56%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 8.601, 86.723 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 8.601, 86.723 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 57, 8.601, 86.723  57, 8.601, 86.723

 100, 8.601, 86.723  47, 8.601, 86.723

 77, 8.601, 86.723  37, 8.601, 86.723

 87, 8.601, 86.723  27, 8.601, 86.723

 97, 8.601, 86.723  17, 8.601, 86.723

 7, 8.601, 86.723

 0, 8.601, 86.723

 57, 8.601, 86.723  57, 8.601, 86.723

 55, 14.409, 85.463  59, 2.932, 87.929

 54, 20.343, 84.148  61, 2.601, 269.277

■ 52, 26.374, 82.795

■ 62, 8.006, 270.374

■ 50, 32.434, 81.397

■ 64, 13.290,
271.466

■ 49, 38.386, 79.936

■ 66, 18.463,
272.514

■ 47, 43.977, 78.363

■ 46, 48.783, 76.579

■ 68, 23.536,
273.513

■ 44, 52.285, 74.441

■ 70, 28.517,
274.463

■ 44, 53.886, 73.470

■ 72, 33.415,
275.364

■ 74, 38.236,
276.217

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 8.601, 86.723



54, 8.533, 270.710

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 8.601, 86.723



57, 8.601, 136.723



57, 8.601, 266.723



57, 8.601, 316.723

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 8.602, 86.734



74, 3.423, 87.949



53, 9.997, 352.898



39, 2.356, 87.880



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 8.602, 86.734



72, 12.546, 86.347



59, 12.441, 114.274



29, 3.132, 87.481



41, 51.470, 73.663



1, 2.100, 88.633

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 8.533, 270.710



67, 12.418, 271.180



52, 12.857, 296.661



28, 3.123, 269.850



24, 56.520, 293.802



1, 2.100, 268.641

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 8.601, 86.723 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

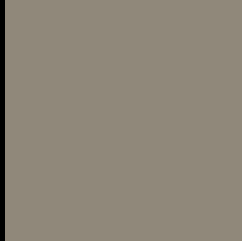
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 57, 8.601, 86.723 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

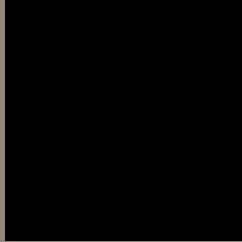
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 8.601, 86.723

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 8.601, 86.723.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 8.601, 86.723.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


57, 8.601, 86.723

Protanopia

57, 8.451, 89.321

Deuteranopia

57, 10.872, 48.124



Tritanopia
57, 7.933, 334.305

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 8.601, 86.723

Protanomaly
57, 8.451, 89.321

Deuteranomaly
57, 9.391, 57.046

Tritanomaly
57, 4.819, 13.059

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 8.601, 86.723

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 3.069, 86.889

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 8.601, 86.723 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 136, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 136, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 136, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 136, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 8.601, 86.723 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 136, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 136, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 136, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 136, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 136, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 136,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 8.601, 86.723 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 136, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
136, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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