

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 80.782, 137.510)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 80.782, 137.510)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 80.653, 137.567)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	049F17
RGB	4, 159, 23
RGB Percent	2%, 62%, 9%
CMY	0.9828, 0.3761, 0.9092
CMYK	0.97, 0.00, 0.85, 0.38
HSL	127°, 95%, 32%
HSV	127°, 97%, 62%
XYZ	12.6271, 24.9227, 4.9631
YIQ	97.1510, -48.7240, -75.1560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

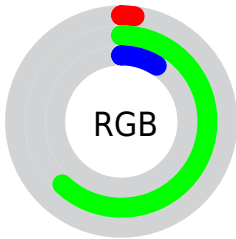
Format	Color
R_{YB}	4, 142, 159
Decimal	302871
CIE _{Lab}	57.00, -59.53, 54.42
CIE _{LCh}	57, 80.653, 137.567
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2970, 0.5862
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278492951 (0xFF049F17)
YUV	97.1510, -36.5564, -81.6934
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -42.2161, 29.0514

Details

The CIELCh color **57, 80.653, 137.567** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **37, 73.536, 333.504**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 80.675, 137.540**, and **38, 62.800, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 81.559, 137.325**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 76.513, 138.782**.

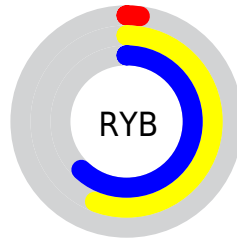
Distribution



Red (2%)

Green (62%)

Blue (9%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (62%)

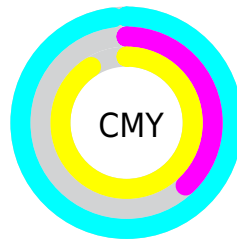


Cyan (97%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (85%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (98%)


Magenta (38%)


Yellow (91%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 80.653, 137.567 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 80.653, 137.567 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57, 80.653,
137.567


 57, 80.653,
137.567


 100, 80.653,
137.567


 47, 80.653,
137.567


 77, 80.653,
137.567

 37, 80.653,
137.567

 87, 80.653,
137.567

 27, 80.653,
137.567

 97, 80.653,
137.567

 17, 80.653,
137.567

 7, 80.653, 137.567

 0, 80.653, 137.567

■ 57, 80.653,
137.567

■ 57, 80.653,
137.567

■ 57, 81.559,
137.325

■ 57, 76.513,
138.782

■ 58, 70.824,
140.157

■ 58, 63.779,
141.545

■ 59, 55.643,
142.860

■ 59, 46.684,
144.055

■ 60, 37.154,
145.112

■ 62, 27.277,
146.033

■ 63, 17.240,

146.829

■ 64, 7.197, 147.528

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 80.653, 137.567



37, 73.536, 333.504

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 80.653, 137.567



57, 80.653, 187.567



57, 80.653, 317.567



57, 80.653, 7.567

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 80.653, 137.568



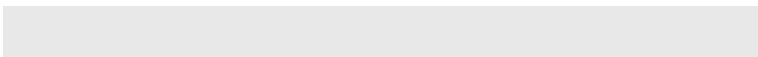
78, 35.907, 145.831



62, 68.114, 109.802



41, 24.802, 145.464



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 80.653, 137.568



73, 99.549, 137.094



58, 53.839, 156.696



33, 5.604, 147.392



51, 75.135, 137.446



3, 7.337, 147.733

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 73.536, 333.504



48, 89.596, 333.777



34, 59.015, 11.352



31, 5.616, 328.427



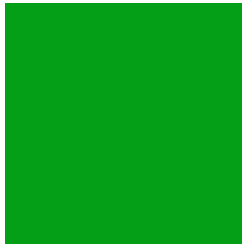
33, 68.377, 333.604



1, 7.184, 328.681

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 80.653, 137.567 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 80.653, 137.567 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 80.653, 137.567

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 80.653, 137.567.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 80.653, 137.567.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
57, 80.653, 137.567

Protanopia
57, 58.535, 95.255

Deuteranopia
56, 51.554, 82.023



Tritanopia
57, 25.299, 213.172

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 80.653, 137.567



Protanomaly
55, 63.720, 121.353



Deuteranomaly
54, 55.780, 117.781



Tritanomaly
56, 42.728, 161.588

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 80.653, 137.567



Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
46, 37.270, 144.210

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 80.653, 137.567 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(4, 159, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(4, 159, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(4, 159, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(4, 159, 23) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 80.653, 137.567 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(4, 159, 23) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(4, 159, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(4, 159, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(4, 159, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 159, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 159, 23)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 80.653, 137.567 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(4, 159, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(4, 159,  
23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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