

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 85.334, 51.080)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 85.334, 51.080) contains.

CIELCh(57, 85.273, 51.010)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(57, 85.273, 51.010)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EB5902
RGB	235, 89, 2
RGB Percent	92%, 35%, 1%
CMY	0.0770, 0.6498, 0.9903
CMYK	0.00, 0.62, 0.99, 0.08
HSL	22°, 98%, 47%
HSV	22°, 99%, 92%
XYZ	37.9892, 24.9227, 2.8790
YIQ	122.7360, 114.9430, 3.8950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

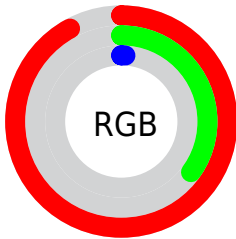
Format	Color
RYB	235, 141, 2
Decimal	15423746
CIELab	57.00, 53.65, 66.28
CIElCh	57, 85.273, 51.010
Yxy	24.9227, 0.5774, 0.3788
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293613826 (0xFFEB5902)
YUV	122.7360, -59.5228, 98.4555
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 48.4672, 31.5266

Details

The CIELCh color **57, 85.273, 51.010** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6600**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **59, 52.696, 268.767**, and the grayscale version is **52, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 68.186, 57.931**, and **37, 74.148, 42.919** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 85.952, 50.826**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 78.398, 52.968**.

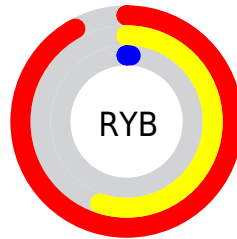
Distribution



Red (92%)

Green (35%)

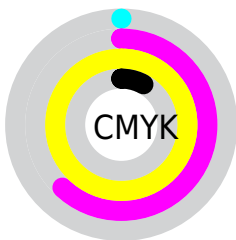
Blue (1%)



Red (92%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (1%)

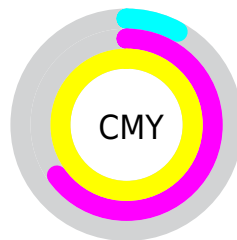


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (8%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (99%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 85.273, 51.010 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 85.273, 51.010 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 85.273, 51.010

■ 57, 85.273, 51.010

■ 100, 85.273,
51.010

■ 47, 85.273, 51.010

■ 77, 85.273, 51.010

■ 37, 85.273, 51.010

■ 87, 85.273, 51.010

■ 27, 85.273, 51.010

■ 97, 85.273, 51.010

■ 17, 85.273, 51.010

■ 7, 85.273, 51.010

■ 0, 85.273, 51.010

■ 57, 85.273, 51.010

■ 57, 85.273, 51.010

■ 57, 85.952, 50.826

■ 60, 78.398, 52.968

■ 63, 69.368, 54.158

66, 59.388, 54.953

69, 49.344, 55.643

73, 39.652, 56.349

77, 30.480, 57.111

81, 21.878, 57.932

85, 13.836, 58.798

89, 6.318, 59.669

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 85.273, 51.010



59, 52.696, 268.767

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 85.273, 51.010



57, 85.273, 101.010



57, 85.273, 231.010



57, 85.273, 281.010

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 85.270, 51.012



87, 24.292, 57.832



52, 83.312, 350.274



44, 16.820, 57.480



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 85.270, 51.012



61, 91.468, 50.662



82, 83.012, 93.365



47, 4.006, 59.626



44, 70.209, 51.465



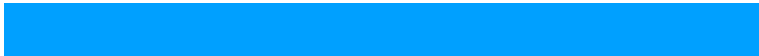
11, 22.769, 47.909

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 52.696, 268.767



64, 56.642, 269.531



32, 117.583, 304.399



47, 3.843, 241.651



46, 43.121, 268.347



12, 16.700, 259.386

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 85.273, 51.010 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 85.273, 51.010 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 85.273, 51.010

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 85.273, 51.010.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 85.273, 51.010.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 85.273, 51.010

Protanopia

57, 57.291, 95.334

Deuteranopia

57, 62.730, 83.654



Tritanopia
57, 66.641, 26.836

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 85.273, 51.010

Protanomaly
56, 61.768, 73.341

Deuteranomaly
56, 67.939, 67.952

Tritanomaly
57, 73.621, 39.503

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 85.273, 51.010

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 31.453, 56.590

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 85.273, 51.010 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 89, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 89, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 89, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 89, 2) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 85.273, 51.010 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 89, 2) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 89, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 89, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 89, 2); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 89, 2);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 89, 2)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 85.273, 51.010 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 89, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235, 89,  
2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor