

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 87.641, 35.835)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 87.641, 35.835) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 87.569, 35.776)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | FF3D33 |
| RGB | 255, 61, 51 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 24%, 20% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.7596, 0.7992 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.76, 0.80, 0.00 |
| HSL | 3°, 100%, 60% |
| HSV | 3°, 80%, 100% |
| XYZ | 43.6294, 24.9227, 5.6659 |
| YIQ | 117.8660, 118.8340, 38.0180 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

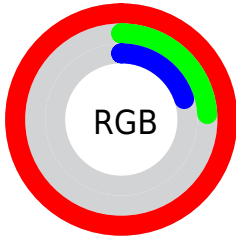
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| RYB | 255, 62, 51 |
| Decimal | 16727347 |
| CIELab | 57.00, 71.05, 51.19 |
| CIELCh | 57, 87.569, 35.776 |
| Yxy | 24.9227, 0.5879, 0.3358 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294917427 (0xFFFF3D33) |
| YUV | 117.8660, -32.9649, 120.2665 |
| Hunter-Lab | 49.9226, 68.6340, 28.2168 |

Details

The CIELCh color **57, 87.569, 35.776** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **89, 45.227, 203.440**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 60.828, 37.269**, and **39, 82.537, 39.160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 97.512, 38.544**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 75.737, 32.876**.

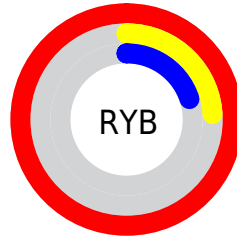
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (24%)

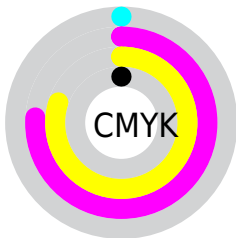
Blue (20%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (20%)

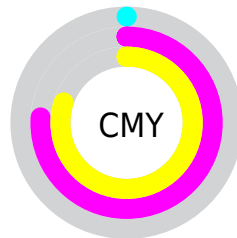


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (80%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 87.569, 35.776 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 87.569, 35.776 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 87.569, 35.776

■ 57, 87.569, 35.776

■ 100, 87.569,
35.776

■ 47, 87.569, 35.776

■ 77, 87.569, 35.776

■ 37, 87.569, 35.776

■ 87, 87.569, 35.776

■ 27, 87.569, 35.776

■ 97, 87.569, 35.776

■ 17, 87.569, 35.776

■ 7, 87.569, 35.776

■ 0, 87.569, 35.776

■ 57, 87.569, 35.776

■ 57, 87.569, 35.776

■ 55, 97.512, 38.544

■ 60, 75.737, 32.876

■ 54, 103.934,

■ 64, 63.522, 30.373

40.338

69, 51.391, 28.377

54, 103.976,
40.354

75, 39.690, 26.844

81, 28.627, 25.688

87, 18.307, 24.818

93, 8.751, 24.144

100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 87.569, 35.776



89, 45.227, 203.440

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 87.569, 35.776



57, 87.569, 85.776



57, 87.569, 215.776



57, 87.569, 265.776

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 87.461, 35.773



84, 22.423, 25.143



62, 106.147, 329.199



43, 15.627, 25.460



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 87.461, 35.773



54, 101.825, 39.694



74, 72.443, 67.722



50, 5.006, 24.118



40, 83.550, 40.500



10, 32.379, 29.599

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 45.227, 203.440



88, 46.762, 204.474



60, 62.551, 279.325



52, 4.706, 203.478



67, 37.780, 204.633



23, 17.507, 203.576

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 87.569, 35.776 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 87.569, 35.776 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 87.569, 35.776

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 87.569, 35.776.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 87.569, 35.776.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 87.569, 35.776

Protanopia

57, 36.633, 95.791

Deuteranopia

57, 54.708, 82.421



Tritanopia
57, 84.858, 32.362

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 87.569, 35.776

Protanomaly
54, 47.359, 54.050

Deuteranomaly
55, 61.661, 56.393

Tritanomaly
57, 85.891, 33.594

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 87.569, 35.776

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 31.770, 26.612

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 87.569, 35.776 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 61, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 61, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 61, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 61, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 87.569, 35.776 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 61, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 61, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 61, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 61, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 61, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 61,  
51) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 87.569, 35.776 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 61, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 61,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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