

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 9.001, 254.414)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 9.001, 254.414) contains.

CIELCh(57, 9.098, 253.924)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(57, 9.098, 253.924)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C8B98
RGB	124, 139, 152
RGB Percent	49%, 55%, 60%
CMY	0.5146, 0.4558, 0.4049
CMYK	0.18, 0.09, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	208°, 12%, 54%
HSV	208°, 18%, 60%
XYZ	23.1238, 24.9227, 33.1930
YIQ	135.9970, -13.1130, 0.8630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

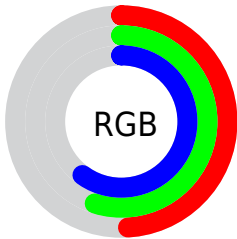
Format	Color
RYB	124, 134, 152
Decimal	8162200
CIELab	57.00, -2.52, -8.74
CIELCh	57, 9.098, 253.924
Yxy	24.9227, 0.2846, 0.3068
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286352280 (0xFF7C8B98)
YUV	135.9970, 7.8895, -10.5214
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -4.6846, -4.4755

Details

The CIELCh color $57, 9.098, 253.924$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58, 9.636, 69.306$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 9.064, 255.444$, and $37, 9.018, 254.615$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 13.895, 255.594$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 4.200, 252.540$.

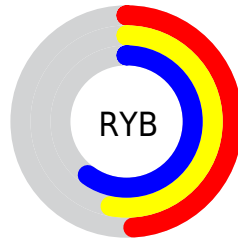
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (55%)

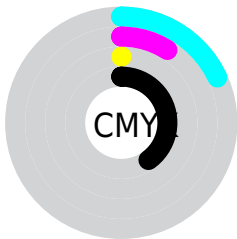
Blue (60%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (60%)

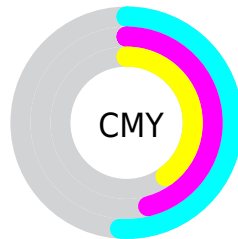


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 9.098, 253.924 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 9.098, 253.924 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 9.098, 253.924

■ 57, 9.098, 253.924

■ 100, 9.098,
253.924

■ 47, 9.098, 253.924

■ 77, 9.098, 253.924

■ 37, 9.098, 253.924

■ 87, 9.098, 253.924

■ 27, 9.098, 253.924

■ 97, 9.098, 253.924

■ 17, 9.098, 253.924

■ 7, 9.098, 253.924

■ 0, 9.098, 253.924

■ 57, 9.098, 253.924

■ 57, 9.098, 253.924

■ 54, 13.895,
255.594

■ 60, 4.200, 252.540

■ 63, 0.772, 70.849

■ 51, 18.569,
257.605

■ 66, 5.796, 70.196

■ 48, 23.101,
260.010

■ 70, 10.851, 69.355

■ 45, 27.485,
262.866

■ 73, 15.919, 68.619

■ 42, 31.736,
266.218

■ 79, 26.041, 67.414

■ 40, 35.896,
270.075

■ 82, 31.073, 66.917

■ 37, 40.037,
274.383

■ 85, 34.561, 69.112

■ 35, 44.271,
278.881

■ 34, 44.952,
279.534

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 9.098, 253.924



58, 9.636, 69.306

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 9.098, 253.924



57, 9.098, 303.924



57, 9.098, 73.924



57, 9.098, 123.924

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 9.097, 253.916



77, 3.689, 252.272



60, 13.908, 159.562



41, 2.465, 252.336



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 9.097, 253.916



71, 13.337, 254.548



53, 15.391, 290.170



31, 2.828, 252.636



32, 42.165, 279.173



2, 3.096, 252.467

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 14.024, 343.261



68, 20.696, 343.629



62, 14.831, 106.290



30, 4.287, 342.451



30, 54.894, 357.705



1, 4.559, 342.230

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 9.098, 253.924 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 9.098, 253.924 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

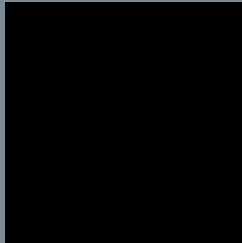
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

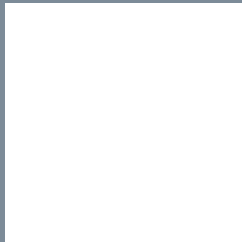
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 9.098, 253.924

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 9.098, 253.924.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 9.098, 253.924.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

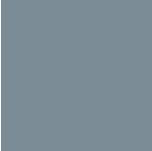
57, 9.098, 253.924

Protanopia

57, 7.995, 288.428

Deuteranopia

57, 11.975, 307.910



Tritanopia
57, 8.479, 246.984

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 9.098, 253.924

Protanomaly
57, 8.246, 275.420

Deuteranomaly
57, 10.286, 291.386

Tritanomaly
57, 8.884, 249.677

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 9.098, 253.924

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 3.409, 256.370

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 9.098, 253.924 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 139, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 139, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 139, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 139, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 9.098, 253.924 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 139, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 139, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 139, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 139, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 139, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 139,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 9.098, 253.924 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 139, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
139, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor