

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 96.472, 340.362)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 96.472, 340.362)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(57, 96.056, 340.485)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FE00C3 |
| RGB | 254, 0, 195 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 0%, 76% |
| CMY | 0.0050, 1.0000, 0.2362 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 1.00, 0.23, 0.00 |
| HSL | 314°, 100%, 50% |
| HSV | 314°, 100%, 100% |
| XYZ | 50.5842, 24.9227, 53.6325 |
| YIQ | 98.1760, 88.7890, 114.4930 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

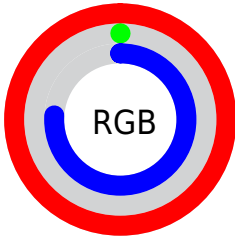
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 254, 0, 195 |
| Decimal | 16646339 |
| CIELab | 57.00, 90.54, -32.09 |
| CIELCh | 57, 96.056, 340.485 |
| Yxy | 24.9227, 0.3917, 0.1930 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294836419 (0xFFFE00C3) |
| YUV | 98.1760, 47.7342, 136.6576 |
| Hunter-Lab | 49.9226, 93.5009, -28.7502 |

Details

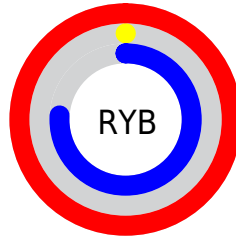
The CIELCh color **57, 96.056, 340.485** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF00CC**. The color can be described as light saturated magenta. A complement of this color would be **87, 111.215, 138.946**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 89.257, 328.069**, and **43, 76.241, 342.475** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 95.971, 340.492**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 95.377, 339.140**.

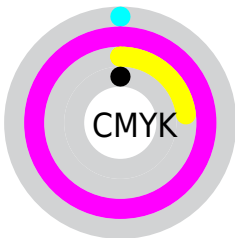
Distribution



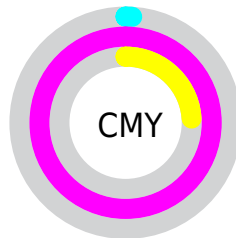
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 96.056, 340.485 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 96.056, 340.485 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 57, 96.056,
340.485

 57, 96.056,
340.485

 100, 96.056,
340.485

 47, 96.056,
340.485

 77, 96.056,
340.485

 37, 96.056,
340.485

 87, 96.056,
340.485

 27, 96.056,
340.485

 97, 96.056,
340.485

 17, 96.056,
340.485

 7, 96.056, 340.485

 0, 96.056, 340.485

■ 57, 96.056,
340.485

■ 57, 96.056,
340.485

■ 57, 95.971,
340.492

■ 58, 95.377,
339.140

■ 60, 92.153,
337.977

■ 62, 85.957,
336.967

■ 66, 77.114,
336.063

■ 71, 66.207,
335.232

■ 76, 53.878,
334.450

■ 81, 40.703,
333.707

■ 87, 27.135,

332.995

93, 13.499,
332.306

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 96.056, 340.485



87, 111.215, 138.946

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 96.056, 340.485



57, 96.056, 30.485



57, 96.056, 160.485



57, 96.056, 210.485

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 95.971, 340.492



82, 40.868, 333.708



34, 131.283, 307.270



41, 27.825, 334.017



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 95.971, 340.492



57, 96.331, 340.497



53, 88.749, 23.827



50, 7.703, 332.272



43, 77.814, 340.232



11, 36.535, 338.460

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 95.971, 340.492



57, 96.331, 340.497



89, 69.389, 162.752



50, 7.703, 332.272



43, 77.814, 340.232



11, 36.535, 338.460

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 96.056, 340.485 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

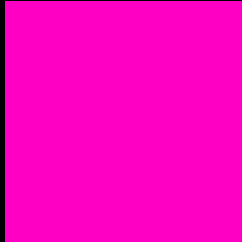
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 96.056, 340.485 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 96.056, 340.485

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 96.056, 340.485.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 96.056, 340.485.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 96.056, 340.485

Protanopia

58, 68.904, 287.114

Deuteranopia

58, 26.286, 286.620



Tritanopia
57, 72.828, 28.631

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 96.056, 340.485



Protanomaly
49, 85.762, 308.718



Deuteranomaly
51, 62.786, 322.880



Tritanomaly
56, 76.471, 6.431

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 96.056, 340.485



Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
41, 51.864, 336.081

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 96.056, 340.485 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 0, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 0, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 0, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 0, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 96.056, 340.485 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 0, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 0, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 0, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 0, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 0, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 0,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 96.056, 340.485 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 0, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254, 0,  
195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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