

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 96.880, 45.087)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(57, 96.880, 45.087) contains.

<b>CIELCh(57, 96.935, 45.068)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(57, 96.935, 45.068)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE4200
RGB	254, 66, 0
RGB Percent	100%, 26%, 0%
CMY	0.0045, 0.7417, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.74, 1.00, 0.00
HSL	16°, 100%, 50%
HSV	16°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	42.7586, 24.9227, 2.5522
YIQ	114.6880, 133.2340, 19.3300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

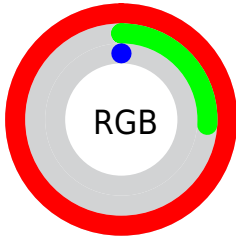
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	254, 89, 0
Decimal	16663040
CIELab	57.00, 68.46, 68.62
CIELCh	57, 96.935, 45.068
Yxy	24.9227, 0.6088, 0.3549
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294853120 (0xFFFE4200)
YUV	114.6880, -56.5412, 122.1766
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, 65.5202, 31.9148

# Details

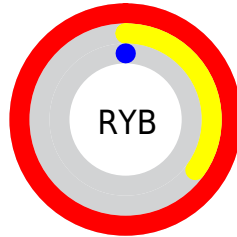
The CIELCh color **57, 96.935, 45.068** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3300**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **72, 46.391, 249.225**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 71.432, 50.867**, and **39, 82.832, 40.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 96.908, 45.055**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 89.183, 45.909**.

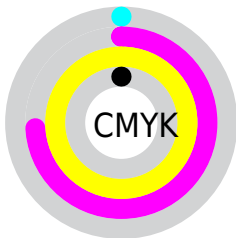
# Distribution



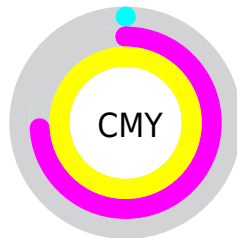
- Red (100%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 96.935, 45.068 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 96.935, 45.068 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 57, 96.935, 45.068

 57, 96.935, 45.068

 100, 96.935,  
45.068

 47, 96.935, 45.068

 77, 96.935, 45.068

 37, 96.935, 45.068

 87, 96.935, 45.068

 27, 96.935, 45.068

 97, 96.935, 45.068

 17, 96.935, 45.068

 7, 96.935, 45.068

 0, 96.935, 45.068

 57, 96.935, 45.068

 57, 96.935, 45.068

 57, 96.908, 45.055

 59, 89.183, 45.909

 63, 78.804, 45.965

66, 67.311, 45.662

70, 55.804, 45.367

75, 44.768, 45.210

79, 34.401, 45.220

84, 24.763, 45.381

89, 15.847, 45.664

94, 7.611, 46.019

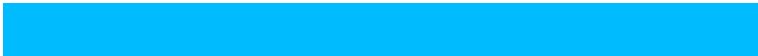
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 96.935, 45.068



72, 46.391, 249.225

# Rectangle

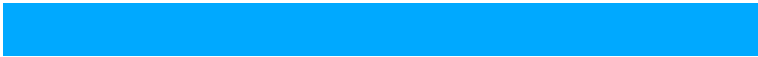
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 96.935, 45.068



57, 96.935, 95.068



57, 96.935, 225.068



57, 96.935, 275.068

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 96.908, 45.055



85, 24.854, 45.381



57, 94.802, 341.690



43, 17.253, 45.296



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 96.908, 45.055



57, 97.248, 45.048



81, 83.424, 82.968



50, 4.335, 46.036



43, 77.835, 45.556



12, 29.113, 40.905



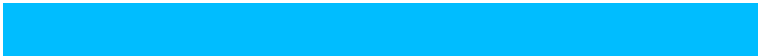


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 46.391, 249.225



72, 46.553, 249.238



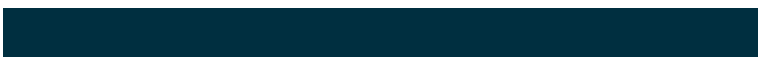
39, 111.973, 301.187



51, 4.100, 227.208



55, 37.286, 248.321



18, 16.602, 241.796



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 96.935, 45.068 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 96.935, 45.068 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 57, 96.935, 45.068

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 96.935, 45.068.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 96.935, 45.068.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57, 96.935, 45.068

### Protanopia

57, 55.749, 95.786

### Deuteranopia

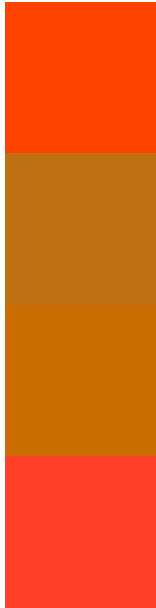
57, 62.730, 83.654



**Tritanopia**  
57, 84.230, 32.386



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 96.935, 45.068

**Protanomaly**  
55, 63.250, 66.936

**Deuteranomaly**  
55, 70.791, 62.850

**Tritanomaly**  
57, 90.152, 38.882

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
57, 96.935, 45.068

**Achromatopsia**  
48, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
48, 35.734, 45.380

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 96.935, 45.068 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 66, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 66, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 66, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 66, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 96.935, 45.068 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 66, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 66, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 66, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 66, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 66, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 66, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 96.935, 45.068 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 66, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254, 66,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

**@ConvertingColor**