

Converting Colors

CIELCh(57, 97.248, 95.049)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(57, 97.248, 95.049) contains.

CIELCh(57, 62.139, 96.290)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(57, 62.139, 96.290)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	998A00
RGB	153, 138, 0
RGB Percent	60%, 54%, 0%
CMY	0.4006, 0.4589, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 1.00, 0.40
HSL	54°, 100%, 30%
HSV	54°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	22.1837, 24.9227, 3.5841
YIQ	126.7530, 53.2380, -39.7380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

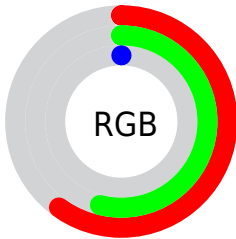
Format	Color
R _Y B	17, 153, 0
Decimal	10062336
CIE Lab	57.00, -6.81, 61.76
CIE LCh	57, 62.139, 96.290
Yxy	24.9227, 0.4376, 0.4917
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288252416 (0xFF998A00)
YUV	126.7530, -62.4892, 23.0186
Hunter-Lab	49.9226, -8.0460, 30.6892

Details

The CIELCh color **57, 62.139, 96.290** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **19, 86.460, 304.760**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 61.924, 96.219**, and **37, 45.213, 97.001** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 61.805, 96.297**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 59.642, 97.058**.

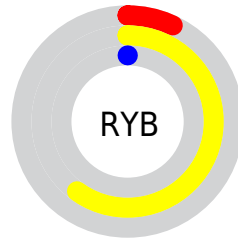
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (54%)

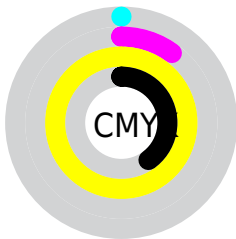
Blue (0%)



Red (7%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (0%)

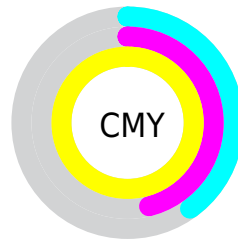


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 57, 62.139, 96.290 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 57, 62.139, 96.290 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57, 62.139, 96.290

■ 57, 62.139, 96.290

■ 100, 62.139,
96.290

■ 47, 62.139, 96.290

■ 77, 62.139, 96.290

■ 37, 62.139, 96.290

■ 87, 62.139, 96.290

■ 27, 62.139, 96.290

■ 97, 62.139, 96.290

■ 17, 62.139, 96.290

■ 7, 62.139, 96.290

■ 0, 62.139, 96.290

■ 57, 62.139, 96.290

■ 57, 62.139, 96.290

■ 57, 61.805, 96.297

■ 57, 59.642, 97.058

■ 58, 56.100, 97.878

■ 58, 51.018, 98.772

■ 59, 44.839, 99.732

■ 60, 37.953,
100.740

■ 60, 30.644,
101.778

■ 61, 23.098,
102.828

■ 62, 15.431,
103.876

■ 62, 7.714, 104.907

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 62.139, 96.290



19, 86.460, 304.760

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 62.139, 96.290



57, 62.139, 146.290



57, 62.139, 276.290



57, 62.139, 326.290

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 61.805, 96.297



77, 28.620, 102.766



31, 67.144, 35.152



40, 19.444, 102.361



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 61.805, 96.297



73, 75.013, 96.154



57, 71.898, 124.107



32, 4.363, 104.986



53, 58.067, 96.350



3, 4.676, 105.427

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 86.460, 304.760



26, 106.264, 305.081



21, 86.822, 310.024



30, 4.437, 286.934



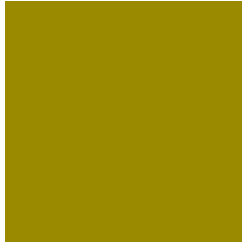
17, 80.816, 304.628



1, 4.737, 286.010

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 62.139, 96.290 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 57, 62.139, 96.290 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 57, 62.139, 96.290

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 62.139, 96.290.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 57, 62.139, 96.290.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 61.820, 96.247

Protanopia

57, 61.703, 94.886

Deuteranopia

57, 59.531, 83.042



Tritanopia
57, 14.362, 357.783

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 61.820, 96.247

Protanomaly
57, 61.631, 95.325

Deuteranomaly
57, 60.231, 87.902

Tritanomaly
57, 27.680, 82.191

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 61.820, 96.247

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 28.326, 102.113

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 57, 62.139, 96.290 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 138, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 138, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 138, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 138, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 57, 62.139, 96.290 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 138, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 138, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 138, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 138, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 138,  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 138,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 57, 62.139, 96.290 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 138, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
138, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor