

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 0.198, 224.175)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 0.198, 224.175) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 0.575, 290.330)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B8B8C
RGB	139, 139, 140
RGB Percent	55%, 55%, 55%
CMY	0.4538, 0.4538, 0.4499
CMYK	0.01, 0.01, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	240°, 0%, 55%
HSV	240°, 1%, 55%
XYZ	24.7215, 25.9610, 28.6270
YIQ	139.1140, -0.3210, 0.3110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

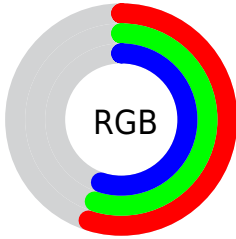
Format	Color
R_{YB}	139, 139, 140
Decimal	9145228
CIE Lab	58.00, 0.20, -0.54
CIE LCh	58, 0.575, 290.330
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3117, 0.3273
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287335308 (0xFF8B8B8C)
YUV	139.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -2.5589, 2.3547

Details

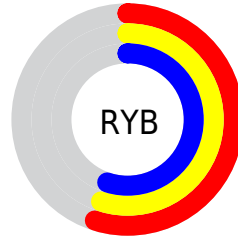
The CIELCh color $58, 0.575, 290.330$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58, 0.558, 109.925$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 0.545, 290.342$, and $38, 0.620, 290.334$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 8.684, 291.165$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 7.234, 109.276$.

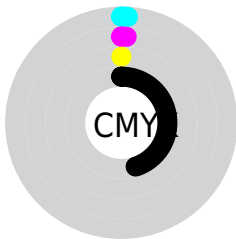
Distribution



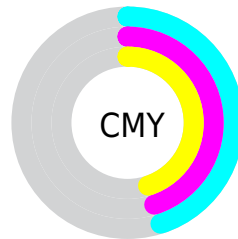
- Red (55%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 0.575, 290.330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 0.575, 290.330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58, 0.575, 290.330

■ 58, 0.575, 290.330

■ 100, 0.575,
290.330

■ 48, 0.575, 290.330

■ 78, 0.575, 290.330

■ 38, 0.575, 290.330

■ 88, 0.575, 290.330

■ 28, 0.575, 290.330

■ 98, 0.575, 290.330

■ 18, 0.575, 290.330

■ 8, 0.575, 290.330

■ 0, 0.575, 290.330

■ 58, 0.575, 290.330

■ 58, 0.575, 290.330

■ 53, 8.684, 291.165

■ 63, 7.234, 109.276

■ 48, 17.121,

■ 68, 14.761,

292.351

108.542

43, 25.910,
293.744

73, 22.027,
107.909

38, 35.068,
295.365

78, 29.050,
107.363

33, 44.586,
297.222

83, 35.846,
106.891

28, 54.372,
299.282

87, 42.428,
106.479

24, 64.144,
301.441

92, 48.811,
106.120

20, 73.247,
303.490

97, 55.006,
105.805

17, 80.540,
305.125

98, 56.644,
105.842

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 0.575, 290.330



58, 0.558, 109.925

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 0.575, 290.330



58, 0.575, 340.330



58, 0.575, 110.330



58, 0.575, 160.330

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 0.574, 290.234



75, 0.009, 296.813



58, 0.388, 199.066



39, 0.006, 296.813



88, 0.010, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 0.574, 290.234



74, 0.999, 290.237



58, 0.608, 308.372



30, 0.460, 290.234



14, 83.357, 306.244



0, 3.077, 290.080

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 0.392, 18.162



74, 0.685, 18.507



58, 0.593, 128.600



30, 0.315, 18.417



27, 64.052, 38.702



0, 2.121, 19.199

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 0.575, 290.330 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 0.575, 290.330 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

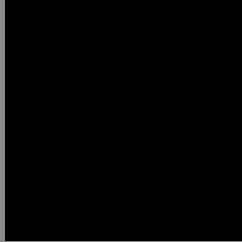
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

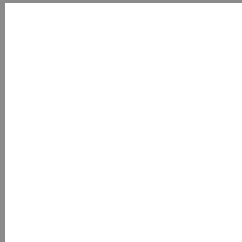
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 0.575, 290.330

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 0.575, 290.330.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 0.575, 290.330.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


58, 0.575, 290.330

Protanopia

58, 1.313, 353.602

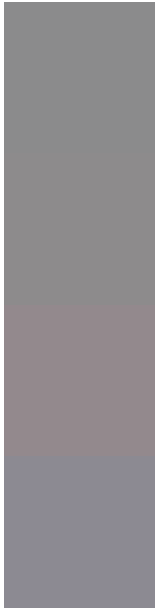
Deuteranopia

58, 7.542, 353.377



Tritanopia
58, 6.382, 301.209

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 0.575, 290.330

Protanomaly
58, 0.976, 343.442

Deuteranomaly
58, 4.556, 349.930

Tritanomaly
58, 4.632, 300.240

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 0.575, 290.330

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 0.007, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 0.575, 290.330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 139, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 139, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 139, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 139, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 0.575, 290.330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 139, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 139, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 139, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 139, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 139, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 139,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 0.575, 290.330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 139, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
139, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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