

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 0.582, 338.907)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 0.582, 338.907) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 0.700, 324.197)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C8B8C
RGB	140, 139, 140
RGB Percent	55%, 55%, 55%
CMY	0.4507, 0.4546, 0.4507
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	300°, 0%, 55%
HSV	300°, 1%, 55%
XYZ	24.8071, 25.9610, 28.5402
YIQ	139.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 139, 140
Decimal	9210764
CIE Lab	58.00, 0.57, -0.41
CIE LCh	58, 0.700, 324.197
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3128, 0.3273
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287400844 (0xFF8C8B8C)
YUV	139.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -2.2590, 2.4557

Details

The CIELCh color $58, 0.700, 324.197$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58, 0.685, 144.692$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 0.922, 343.304$, and $38, 0.755, 324.307$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 10.483, 324.990$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 8.917, 143.981$.

Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (55%)

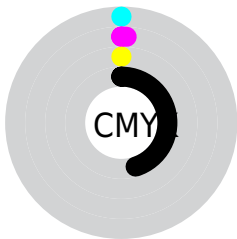
Blue (55%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (55%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 0.700, 324.197 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 0.700, 324.197 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58, 0.700, 324.197

■ 58, 0.700, 324.197

■ 100, 0.700,
324.197

■ 48, 0.700, 324.197

■ 78, 0.700, 324.197

■ 38, 0.700, 324.197

■ 88, 0.700, 324.197

■ 28, 0.700, 324.197

■ 98, 0.700, 324.197

■ 18, 0.700, 324.197

■ 8, 0.700, 324.197

■ 0, 0.700, 324.197

■ 58, 0.700, 324.197

■ 58, 0.700, 324.197

■ 54, 10.483,
324.990

■ 62, 8.917, 143.981

■ 66, 18.301,

51, 20.338,
325.528

143.464

47, 30.114,
326.050

70, 27.422,
142.976

44, 39.601,
326.545

74, 36.263,
142.513

41, 48.522,
327.000

78, 44.823,
142.076

38, 56.541,
327.399

82, 53.107,
141.666

36, 63.303,
327.727

86, 61.126,
141.283

35, 68.491,
327.974

90, 68.893,
140.927

33, 71.921,
328.135

91, 71.000,
140.832

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 0.700, 324.197



58, 0.685, 144.692

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 0.700, 324.197



58, 0.700, 14.197



58, 0.700, 144.197



58, 0.700, 194.197

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 0.698, 324.195



74, 0.009, 296.813



58, 0.565, 289.673



39, 0.006, 296.813



88, 0.010, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 0.698, 324.195



73, 1.205, 324.296



58, 0.496, 342.200



29, 0.544, 324.268



31, 71.116, 328.231



0, 2.512, 324.437

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 0.391, 18.362



73, 0.677, 18.707



58, 0.485, 163.343



29, 0.306, 18.612



27, 63.128, 38.657



0, 1.414, 19.401

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 0.700, 324.197 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 0.700, 324.197 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

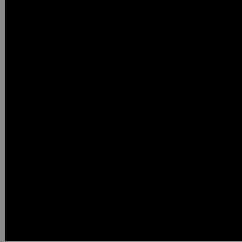
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

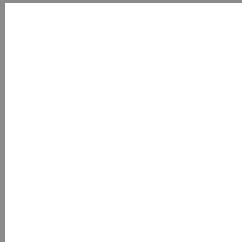
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 0.700, 324.197

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 0.700, 324.197.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 0.700, 324.197.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


58, 0.700, 324.197

Protanopia

58, 1.313, 353.602

Deuteranopia

58, 7.542, 353.377



Tritanopia
58, 6.382, 301.209

Trichromacy



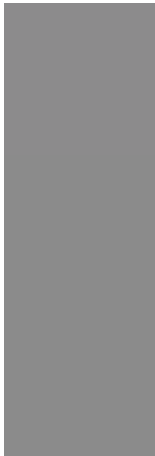
Original Color
58, 0.700, 324.197

Protanomaly
58, 0.976, 343.442

Deuteranomaly
58, 5.527, 349.040

Tritanomaly
58, 4.715, 304.848

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 0.700, 324.197

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 0.007, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 0.700, 324.197 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 139, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 139, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 139, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 139, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 0.700, 324.197 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 139, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 139, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 139, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 139, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 139, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 139,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 0.700, 324.197 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 139, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
139, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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