

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 1.167, 245.037)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 1.167, 245.037) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 0.958, 236.256)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A8C8D
RGB	138, 140, 141
RGB Percent	54%, 55%, 55%
CMY	0.4600, 0.4521, 0.4482
CMYK	0.02, 0.01, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	200°, 1%, 55%
HSV	200°, 2%, 55%
XYZ	24.5518, 25.9610, 28.7999
YIQ	139.5160, -1.5130, -0.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

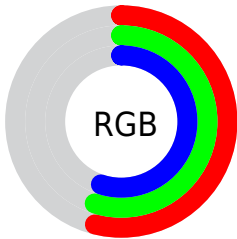
Format	Color
R_{YB}	138, 139, 141
Decimal	9079949
CIE Lab	58.00, -0.53, -0.80
CIE LCh	58, 0.958, 236.256
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3096, 0.3273
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287270029 (0xFF8A8C8D)
YUV	139.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -3.1533, 2.1535

Details

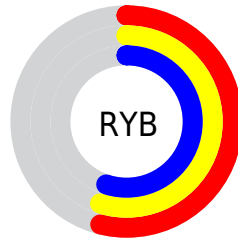
The CIELCh color $58, 0.958, 236.256$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58, 0.961, 55.045$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 1.215, 225.935$, and $38, 1.032, 236.213$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 5.343, 236.737$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 3.567, 54.928$.

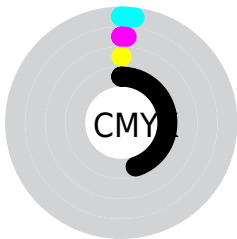
Distribution



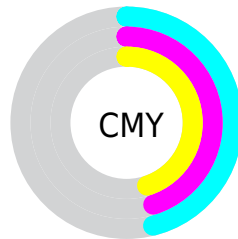
- Red (54%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 0.958, 236.256 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 0.958, 236.256 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58, 0.958, 236.256

■ 58, 0.958, 236.256

■ 100, 0.958,
236.256

■ 48, 0.958, 236.256

■ 78, 0.958, 236.256

■ 38, 0.958, 236.256

■ 88, 0.958, 236.256

■ 28, 0.958, 236.256

■ 98, 0.958, 236.256

■ 18, 0.958, 236.256

■ 8, 0.958, 236.256

■ 0, 0.958, 236.256

■ 58, 0.958, 236.256

■ 58, 0.958, 236.256

■ 56, 5.343, 236.737

■ 60, 3.567, 54.928

■ 53, 9.550, 237.824

■ 63, 8.196, 54.395

51, 13.534,
239.201

65, 12.902, 53.928

49, 17.253,
240.918

68, 17.659, 53.539

47, 20.665,
243.048

71, 22.449, 53.217

44, 23.742,
245.670

76, 32.064, 52.725

43, 26.480,
248.859

78, 36.867, 52.537

41, 28.909,
252.669

80, 38.287, 55.274

39, 31.103,
257.096

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 0.958, 236.256



58, 0.961, 55.045

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 0.958, 236.256



58, 0.958, 286.256



58, 0.958, 56.256



58, 0.958, 106.256

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 0.958, 236.156



74, 0.561, 236.490



58, 1.656, 154.987



39, 0.318, 236.542



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 0.958, 236.156



74, 1.670, 236.114



58, 1.413, 281.696



30, 1.023, 236.119



36, 31.805, 260.483



1, 1.737, 235.610

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 1.650, 335.612



73, 2.884, 335.724



58, 1.396, 101.077



29, 1.769, 335.785



29, 56.740, 346.703



1, 2.976, 335.629

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 0.958, 236.256 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 0.958, 236.256 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

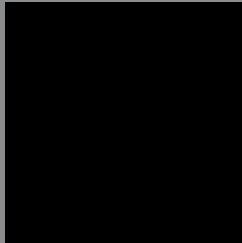
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

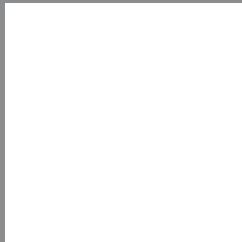
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 0.958, 236.256

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 0.958, 236.256.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 0.958, 236.256.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


58, 0.958, 236.256

Protanopia

58, 0.976, 343.442

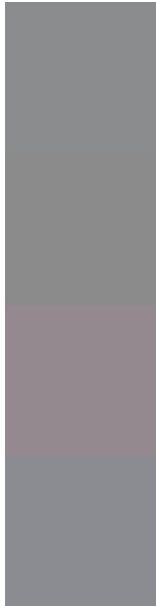
Deuteranopia

58, 7.804, 349.642



Tritanopia
58, 6.282, 294.372

Trichromacy



Original Color

58, 0.958, 236.256

Protanomaly

58, 0.700, 324.197

Deuteranomaly

58, 4.861, 344.131

Tritanomaly

58, 3.984, 290.651

Monochromacy



Original Color

58, 0.958, 236.256

Achromatopsia

58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

58, 0.575, 290.330

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 0.958, 236.256 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 140, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 140, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 140, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 140, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 0.958, 236.256 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 140, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 140, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 140, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 140, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 140, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 140,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 0.958, 236.256 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 140, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
140, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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