

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 1.892, 290.114)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 1.892, 290.114) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 1.711, 290.405)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B8B8E
RGB	139, 139, 142
RGB Percent	55%, 55%, 56%
CMY	0.4544, 0.4544, 0.4426
CMYK	0.02, 0.02, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	240°, 1%, 55%
HSV	240°, 2%, 56%
XYZ	24.8138, 25.9610, 29.3464
YIQ	139.3420, -0.9630, 0.9330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

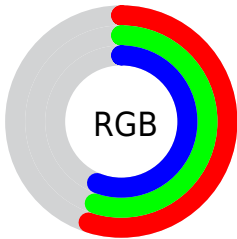
Format	Color
RYB	139, 139, 142
Decimal	9145230
CIELab	58.00, 0.60, -1.60
CIElCh	58, 1.711, 290.405
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3097, 0.3240
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287335310 (0xFF8B8B8E)
YUV	139.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -2.2355, 1.5175

Details

The CIELCh color $58, 1.711, 290.405$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $59, 1.688, 109.922$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 2.150, 290.404$, and $38, 1.850, 290.492$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 9.966, 291.385$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 6.237, 109.454$.

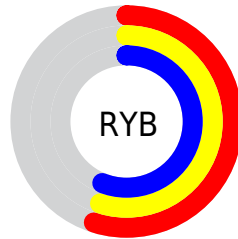
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (55%)

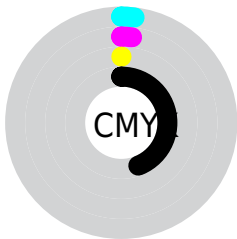
Blue (56%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (56%)

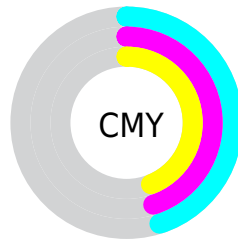


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 1.711, 290.405 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 1.711, 290.405 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58, 1.711, 290.405

■ 58, 1.711, 290.405

■ 100, 1.711,
290.405

■ 48, 1.711, 290.405

■ 78, 1.711, 290.405

■ 38, 1.711, 290.405

■ 88, 1.711, 290.405

■ 28, 1.711, 290.405

■ 98, 1.711, 290.405

■ 18, 1.711, 290.405

■ 8, 1.711, 290.405

■ 0, 1.711, 290.405

■ 58, 1.711, 290.405

■ 58, 1.711, 290.405

■ 53, 9.966, 291.385

■ 63, 6.237, 109.454

■ 48, 18.559,

■ 68, 13.895,

292.599

108.704

■ 43, 27.512,
294.024

■ 73, 21.286,
108.059

■ 38, 36.841,
295.680

■ 78, 28.428,
107.502

■ 33, 46.527,
297.569

■ 83, 35.337,
107.021

■ 28, 56.457,
299.651

■ 88, 42.027,
106.603

■ 23, 66.298,
301.807

■ 92, 48.513,
106.237

■ 20, 75.305,
303.809

■ 97, 54.808,
105.918

■ 17, 82.255,
305.341

■ 98, 55.787,
105.908

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 1.711, 290.405



59, 1.688, 109.922

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 1.711, 290.405



58, 1.711, 340.405



58, 1.711, 110.405



58, 1.711, 160.405

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 1.710, 290.374



74, 1.001, 290.302



59, 1.161, 198.263



39, 0.567, 290.300



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 1.710, 290.374



73, 2.996, 290.456



58, 1.808, 308.526



29, 1.838, 290.512



14, 83.446, 306.273



0, 3.083, 290.146

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 1.177, 19.098



73, 2.069, 19.268



59, 1.789, 128.444



29, 1.272, 19.346



27, 64.106, 38.767



0, 2.121, 19.338

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 1.711, 290.405 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 1.711, 290.405 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

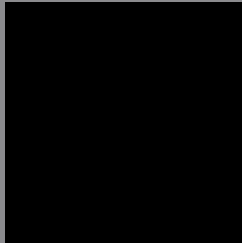
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

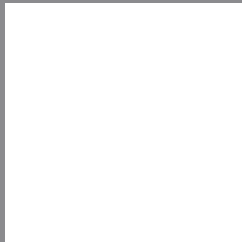
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 1.711, 290.405

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 1.711, 290.405.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 1.711, 290.405.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


58, 1.711, 290.405

Protanopia

58, 1.889, 314.683

Deuteranopia

58, 7.774, 344.476



Tritanopia
58, 6.321, 297.813

Trichromacy



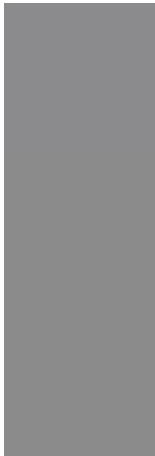
Original Color
58, 1.711, 290.405

Protanomaly
58, 1.760, 303.131

Deuteranomaly
58, 5.211, 339.071

Tritanomaly
58, 5.194, 299.242

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 1.711, 290.405

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 0.575, 290.330

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 1.711, 290.405 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 139, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 139, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 139, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 139, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 1.711, 290.405 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 139, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 139, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 139, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 139, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 139, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 139,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 1.711, 290.405 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 139, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
139, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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