

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 10.179, 60.736)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 10.179, 60.736) contains.

CIELCh(58, 10.110, 61.938)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(58, 10.110, 61.938)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A887C
RGB	154, 136, 124
RGB Percent	60%, 53%, 49%
CMY	0.3958, 0.4664, 0.5135
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.19, 0.40
HSL	24°, 13%, 55%
HSV	24°, 19%, 60%
XYZ	25.7955, 25.9610, 22.7423
YIQ	140.0140, 14.5800, 0.0840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

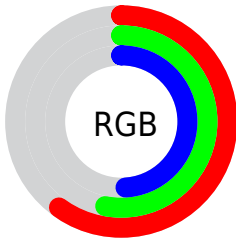
Format	Color
RYB	154, 144, 124
Decimal	10127484
CIELab	58.00, 4.76, 8.92
CIELCh	58, 10.110, 61.938
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3463, 0.3485
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288317564 (0xFF9A887C)
YUV	140.0140, -7.8949, 12.2657
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, 1.2034, 9.2023

Details

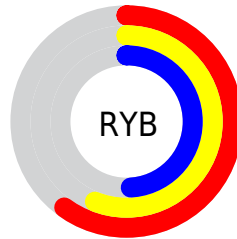
The CIELCh color $58, 10.110, 61.938$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58, 9.318, 246.278$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 10.024, 59.376$, and $38, 10.347, 60.502$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 15.791, 61.002$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61, 4.768, 62.892$.

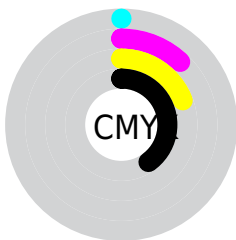
Distribution



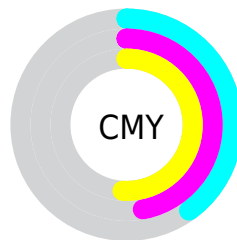
- Red (60%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 10.110, 61.938 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 10.110, 61.938 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58, 10.110, 61.938

■ 58, 10.110, 61.938

■ 100, 10.110,
61.938

■ 48, 10.110, 61.938

■ 78, 10.110, 61.938

■ 38, 10.110, 61.938

■ 88, 10.110, 61.938

■ 28, 10.110, 61.938

■ 98, 10.110, 61.938

■ 18, 10.110, 61.938

■ 8, 10.110, 61.938

■ 0, 10.110, 61.938

■ 58, 10.110, 61.938

■ 58, 10.110, 61.938

■ 55, 15.791, 61.002

■ 61, 4.768, 62.892

■ 52, 21.834, 60.082

■ 64, 0.263, 245.353

50, 28.242, 59.200

67, 5.016, 245.027

47, 34.984, 58.352

70, 9.521, 245.974

45, 41.952, 57.504

73, 13.809,
246.926

42, 48.893, 56.557

76, 17.904,
247.860

40, 55.278, 55.284

38, 60.838, 53.746

79, 21.831,
248.768

38, 61.160, 53.700

82, 25.611,
249.647

84, 26.636,
243.802

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 10.110, 61.938



58, 9.318, 246.278

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 10.110, 61.938



58, 10.110, 111.938



58, 10.110, 241.938



58, 10.110, 291.938

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 10.110, 61.950



79, 3.719, 63.181



55, 15.662, 340.108



42, 2.491, 63.133



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 10.110, 61.950



73, 15.044, 61.570



62, 15.082, 103.798



31, 2.827, 62.915



35, 56.957, 54.029



2, 2.978, 63.089

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 9.318, 246.278



73, 13.608, 246.866



54, 15.604, 288.088



31, 2.729, 244.985



35, 37.111, 271.132



2, 2.996, 245.129

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 10.110, 61.938 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 10.110, 61.938 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

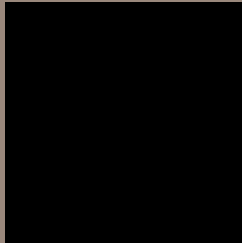
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 10.110, 61.938

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 10.110, 61.938.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 10.110, 61.938.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58, 10.110, 61.938

Protanopia

58, 7.745, 90.906

Deuteranopia

58, 11.511, 49.548



Tritanopia
58, 11.333, 347.265

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 10.110, 61.938

Protanomaly
58, 8.425, 80.182

Deuteranomaly
58, 11.094, 54.088

Tritanomaly
58, 8.976, 9.439

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 10.110, 61.938

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 3.693, 69.411

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 10.110, 61.938 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 136, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 136, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 136, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 136, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 10.110, 61.938 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 136, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 136, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 136, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 136, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 136, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 136,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 10.110, 61.938 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 136, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
136, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor