

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 11.784, 73.949)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 11.784, 73.949) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 11.744, 74.391)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	998978
RGB	153, 137, 120
RGB Percent	60%, 54%, 47%
CMY	0.4006, 0.4633, 0.5300
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.22, 0.40
HSL	31°, 14%, 53%
HSV	31°, 22%, 60%
XYZ	25.4158, 25.9610, 21.3960
YIQ	139.8460, 14.9930, -1.8950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

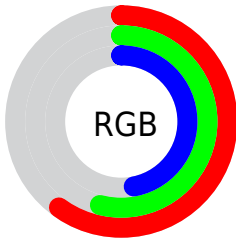
Format	Color
R_{YB}	151, 153, 120
Decimal	10062200
CIE _{Lab}	58.00, 3.16, 11.31
CIE _{LCh}	58, 11.744, 74.391
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3492, 0.3567
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288252280 (0xFF998978)
YUV	139.8460, -9.7841, 11.5361
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -0.1267, 10.7690

Details

The CIELCh color $58, 11.744, 74.391$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56, 11.166, 260.143$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 11.890, 73.270$, and $38, 11.561, 71.995$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 17.566, 73.157$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 6.167, 75.612$.

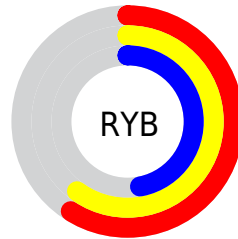
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (54%)

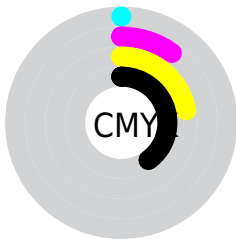
Blue (47%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (47%)

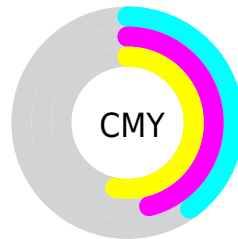


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 11.744, 74.391 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 11.744, 74.391 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58, 11.744, 74.391

■ 58, 11.744, 74.391

■ 100, 11.744,
74.391

■ 48, 11.744, 74.391

■ 78, 11.744, 74.391

■ 38, 11.744, 74.391

■ 88, 11.744, 74.391

■ 28, 11.744, 74.391

■ 98, 11.744, 74.391

■ 18, 11.744, 74.391

■ 8, 11.744, 74.391

■ 0, 11.744, 74.391

■ 58, 11.744, 74.391

■ 58, 11.744, 74.391

■ 56, 17.566, 73.157

■ 60, 6.167, 75.612

■ 53, 23.634, 71.895

■ 63, 0.821, 76.512

■ 51, 29.924, 70.613

■ 65, 4.314, 258.112

■ 49, 36.364, 69.295

■ 68, 9.257, 259.216

■ 47, 42.785, 67.895

■ 70, 14.029,
260.306

■ 45, 48.852, 66.301

■ 73, 18.650,
261.358

■ 43, 53.972, 64.296

■ 75, 23.135,
262.367

■ 42, 57.676, 62.460

■ 78, 27.501,
263.332

■ 80, 30.683,
262.848

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 11.744, 74.391



56, 11.166, 260.143

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 11.744, 74.391



58, 11.744, 124.391



58, 11.744, 254.391



58, 11.744, 304.391

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 11.744, 74.401



78, 3.911, 76.232



54, 16.171, 345.501



41, 2.591, 76.170



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 11.744, 74.401



73, 17.724, 73.790



62, 18.310, 108.141



31, 2.996, 75.887



38, 54.095, 62.766



2, 3.168, 76.129

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 11.166, 260.143



69, 16.631, 261.006



51, 19.227, 292.579



31, 2.941, 258.293



29, 46.658, 284.459



1, 3.210, 257.916

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 11.744, 74.391 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

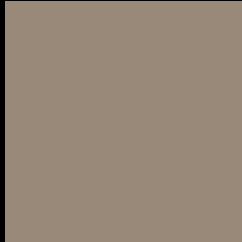
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 11.744, 74.391 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

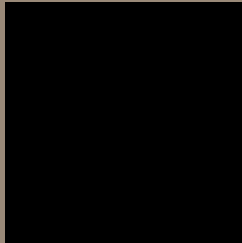
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 11.744, 74.391

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 11.744, 74.391.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 11.744, 74.391.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58, 11.744, 74.391

Protanopia

58, 10.581, 93.115

Deuteranopia

58, 13.580, 55.716



Tritanopia
58, 11.004, 346.069

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 11.744, 74.391

Protanomaly
58, 10.481, 85.764

Deuteranomaly
58, 12.600, 62.159

Tritanomaly
58, 8.468, 16.423

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 11.744, 74.391

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 4.145, 74.374

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 11.744, 74.391 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 137, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 137, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 137, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 137, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 11.744, 74.391 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

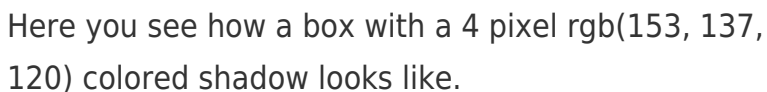
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 137, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 137, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 137, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 137, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 137, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 137,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 11.744, 74.391 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 137, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
137, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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