

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 11.850, 1.204)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 11.850, 1.204) contains.

CIELCh(58, 11.867, 1.215)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(58, 11.867, 1.215)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A0848B
RGB	160, 132, 139
RGB Percent	63%, 52%, 55%
CMY	0.3713, 0.4812, 0.4537
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.13, 0.37
HSL	345°, 13%, 57%
HSV	345°, 17%, 63%
XYZ	27.5323, 25.9610, 28.1002
YIQ	141.1700, 14.4410, 8.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

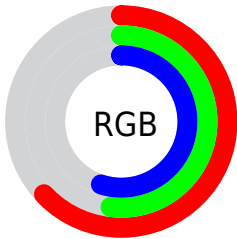
Format	Color
R_{YB}	160, 132, 139
Decimal	10519691
CIE _{Lab}	58.00, 11.86, 0.25
CIE _{LCh}	58, 11.867, 1.215
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3374, 0.3182
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288709771 (0xFFA0848B)
YUV	141.1700, -1.0698, 16.5139
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, 7.2881, 2.9677

Details

The CIELCh color **58, 11.867, 1.215** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **64, 11.191, 177.962**, and the grayscale version is **59, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 11.872, 2.072**, and **38, 12.053, 0.499** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 19.032, 2.455**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 4.962, 0.130**.

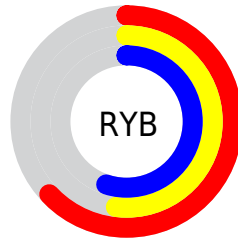
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (52%)

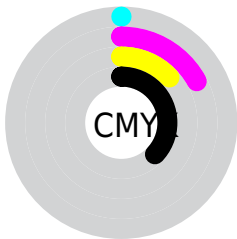
Blue (55%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (55%)

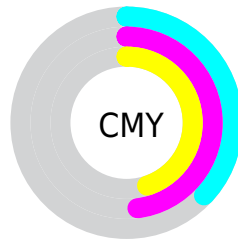


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (48%)


Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 11.867, 1.215 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 11.867, 1.215 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 58, 11.867, 1.215  58, 11.867, 1.215

 100, 11.867, 1.215  48, 11.867, 1.215

 78, 11.867, 1.215  38, 11.867, 1.215

 88, 11.867, 1.215  28, 11.867, 1.215

 98, 11.867, 1.215  18, 11.867, 1.215

 8, 11.867, 1.215

 0, 11.867, 1.215

 58, 11.867, 1.215  58, 11.867, 1.215

 54, 19.032, 2.455  63, 4.962, 0.130

 49, 26.371, 3.921  67, 1.633, 179.569

45, 33.726, 5.702

72, 7.909, 178.572

42, 40.867, 7.910

77, 13.873,
177.845

39, 47.503, 10.684

81, 19.542,
177.203

36, 53.347, 14.181

35, 58.227, 18.521

86, 24.940,
176.626

33, 62.302, 23.577

91, 30.090,
176.102

33, 63.368, 24.808

94, 32.347,
179.198

94, 30.131,
190.140

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 11.867, 1.215



64, 11.191, 177.962

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 11.867, 1.215



58, 11.867, 51.215



58, 11.867, 181.215



58, 11.867, 231.215

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 11.865, 1.220



81, 4.101, 359.864



58, 17.856, 318.023



42, 2.796, 359.940



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 11.865, 1.220



72, 17.852, 1.683



60, 9.444, 44.692



31, 3.728, 0.319



29, 57.985, 24.189



1, 4.751, 0.468

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 11.865, 1.220



72, 17.852, 1.683



62, 8.498, 226.483



31, 3.728, 0.319



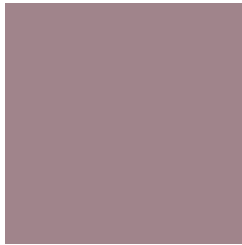
29, 57.985, 24.189



1, 4.751, 0.468

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 11.867, 1.215 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 11.867, 1.215 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

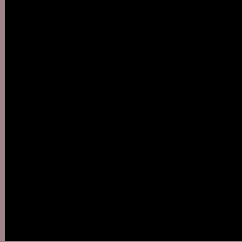
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 11.867, 1.215

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 11.867, 1.215.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 11.867, 1.215.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58, 11.867, 1.215

Protanopia

58, 2.417, 309.148

Deuteranopia

58, 7.511, 2.621



Tritanopia
58, 12.822, 354.647

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 11.867, 1.215

Protanomaly
58, 5.186, 346.733

Deuteranomaly
58, 9.216, 2.501

Tritanomaly
58, 12.608, 356.990

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 11.867, 1.215

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 4.112, 3.755

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 11.867, 1.215 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 132, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 132, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 132, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 132, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 11.867, 1.215 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 132, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 132, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 132, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 132, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 132, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 132,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 11.867, 1.215 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 132, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160,  
132, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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