

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 12.679, 36.372)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 12.679, 36.372) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 12.498, 36.203)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A2857F
RGB	162, 133, 127
RGB Percent	64%, 52%, 50%
CMY	0.3650, 0.4787, 0.5022
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.22, 0.36
HSL	10°, 16%, 57%
HSV	10°, 22%, 64%
XYZ	27.0904, 25.9610, 23.6390
YIQ	140.9870, 19.2100, 4.2820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

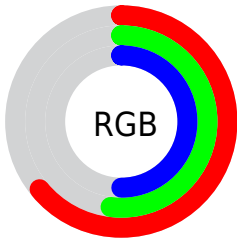
Format	Color
R_{YB}	162, 134, 127
Decimal	10651007
CIE _{Lab}	58.00, 10.09, 7.38
CIE _{LCh}	58, 12.498, 36.203
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3532, 0.3385
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288841087 (0xFFA2857F)
YUV	140.9870, -6.8956, 18.4284
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, 5.7402, 8.1589

Details

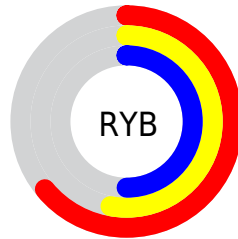
The CIELCh color $58, 12.498, 36.203$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be $62, 10.831, 216.753$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 12.377, 35.190$, and $38, 12.717, 34.859$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 19.048, 36.443$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 6.445, 36.104$.

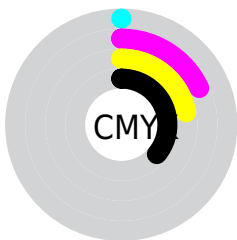
Distribution



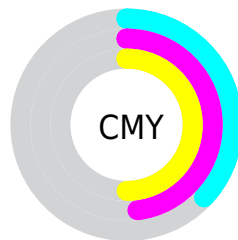
- Red (64%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 12.498, 36.203 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 12.498, 36.203 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58, 12.498, 36.203

■ 58, 12.498, 36.203

■ 100, 12.498,
36.203

■ 48, 12.498, 36.203

■ 78, 12.498, 36.203

■ 38, 12.498, 36.203

■ 88, 12.498, 36.203

■ 28, 12.498, 36.203

■ 98, 12.498, 36.203

■ 18, 12.498, 36.203

■ 8, 12.498, 36.203

■ 0, 12.498, 36.203

■ 58, 12.498, 36.203

■ 58, 12.498, 36.203

■ 54, 19.048, 36.443

■ 62, 6.445, 36.104

■ 50, 26.116, 36.854

■ 66, 0.858, 35.669

47, 33.687, 37.489

70, 4.306, 216.447

44, 41.698, 38.384

74, 9.092, 216.574

41, 49.996, 39.536

78, 13.543,
216.785

38, 58.255, 40.841

82, 17.699,
217.037

36, 65.756, 41.948

35, 71.177, 42.855

86, 21.596,
217.313

90, 25.130,
215.838

94, 28.460,
199.048

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 12.498, 36.203



62, 10.831, 216.753

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 12.498, 36.203



58, 12.498, 86.203



58, 12.498, 216.203



58, 12.498, 266.203

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 12.497, 36.212



82, 4.050, 36.045



57, 21.314, 330.683



43, 2.715, 36.056



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 12.497, 36.212



72, 19.077, 36.306



63, 13.871, 88.428



32, 3.130, 36.085



31, 65.257, 42.770



2, 4.761, 34.431

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 10.831, 216.753



79, 15.942, 216.949



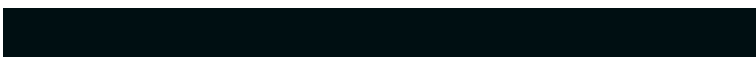
58, 13.807, 274.179



34, 2.955, 216.457



46, 28.645, 228.634



3, 4.595, 221.271

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 12.498, 36.203 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 12.498, 36.203 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

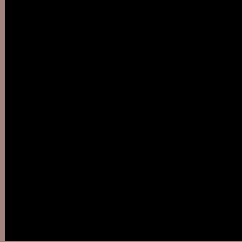
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 12.498, 36.203

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 12.498, 36.203.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 12.498, 36.203.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


58, 12.498, 36.203

Protanopia

58, 5.468, 87.956

Deuteranopia

58, 10.536, 45.537



Tritanopia
58, 14.305, 357.743

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 12.498, 36.203

Protanomaly
58, 7.284, 58.129

Deuteranomaly
58, 11.079, 41.177

Tritanomaly
58, 12.714, 10.551

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 12.498, 36.203

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 4.526, 34.191

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 12.498, 36.203 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 133, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 133, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 133, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 133, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 12.498, 36.203 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 133, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 133, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 133, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 133, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 133, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 133,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 12.498, 36.203 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 133, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
133, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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