

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 12.806, 83.271)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 12.806, 83.271) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 13.090, 84.160)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	978A75
RGB	151, 138, 117
RGB Percent	59%, 54%, 46%
CMY	0.4086, 0.4596, 0.5419
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.23, 0.41
HSL	37°, 14%, 52%
HSV	37°, 23%, 59%
XYZ	24.9855, 25.9610, 20.4652
YIQ	139.4930, 14.4890, -3.7750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

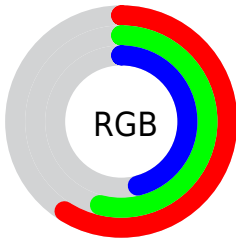
Format	Color
R_{YB}	138, 151, 117
Decimal	9931381
CIE _{Lab}	58.00, 1.33, 13.02
CIE _{LCh}	58, 13.090, 84.160
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3499, 0.3635
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288121461 (0xFF978A75)
YUV	139.4930, -11.0890, 10.0916
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -1.6340, 11.8521

Details

The CIELCh color **58, 13.090, 84.160** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **54, 12.849, 270.269**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 13.115, 82.603**, and **38, 12.929, 82.796** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 19.153, 82.856**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 7.182, 85.435**.

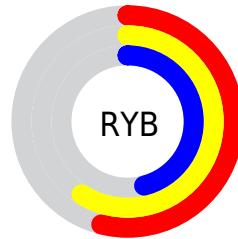
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (54%)

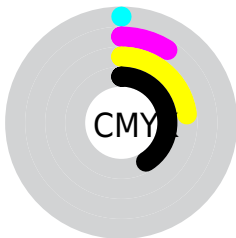
Blue (46%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (46%)

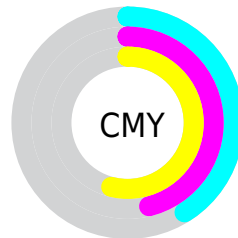


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 13.090, 84.160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 13.090, 84.160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58, 13.090, 84.160

■ 58, 13.090, 84.160

■ 100, 13.090,
84.160

■ 48, 13.090, 84.160

■ 78, 13.090, 84.160

■ 38, 13.090, 84.160

■ 88, 13.090, 84.160

■ 28, 13.090, 84.160

■ 98, 13.090, 84.160

■ 18, 13.090, 84.160

■ 8, 13.090, 84.160

■ 0, 13.090, 84.160

■ 58, 13.090, 84.160

■ 58, 13.090, 84.160

■ 56, 19.153, 82.856

■ 60, 7.182, 85.435

■ 54, 25.347, 81.505

■ 62, 1.429, 86.550

■ 52, 31.619, 80.113

■ 64, 4.172, 267.958

■ 51, 37.856, 78.662

■ 66, 9.633, 269.077

■ 49, 43.836, 77.112

■ 68, 14.964,
270.169

■ 47, 49.171, 75.370

■ 70, 20.178,
271.216

■ 46, 53.270, 73.270

■ 45, 55.802, 71.604

■ 72, 25.285,
272.213

■ 74, 30.295,
273.160

■ 76, 35.217,
274.059

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 13.090, 84.160



54, 12.849, 270.269

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 13.090, 84.160



58, 13.090, 134.160



58, 13.090, 264.160



58, 13.090, 314.160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 13.091, 84.168



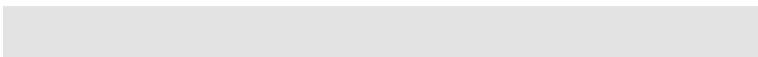
78, 4.932, 86.086



53, 15.614, 352.615



41, 3.233, 86.025



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 13.091, 84.168



73, 19.578, 83.517



61, 18.988, 113.019



31, 3.260, 85.838



42, 52.916, 71.828



2, 3.458, 86.087

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 12.849, 270.269



67, 19.126, 271.150



51, 19.963, 296.784



30, 3.243, 268.251



25, 56.435, 292.712



1, 3.516, 267.581

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 13.090, 84.160 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 13.090, 84.160 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

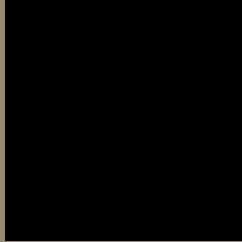
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

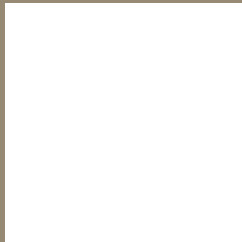
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 13.090, 84.160

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 13.090, 84.160.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 13.090, 84.160.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


58, 13.090, 84.160

Protanopia

58, 12.879, 93.676

Deuteranopia

58, 14.669, 58.091



Tritanopia
58, 9.709, 344.694

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 13.090, 84.160

Protanomaly
58, 12.996, 91.884

Deuteranomaly
58, 13.434, 65.455

Tritanomaly
58, 7.270, 24.540

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 13.090, 84.160

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 4.795, 90.079

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 13.090, 84.160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 138, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 138, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 138, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 138, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 13.090, 84.160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 138, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 138, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 138, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 138, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 138, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 138,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 13.090, 84.160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 138, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
138, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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