

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 15.778, 265.993)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 15.778, 265.993)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 16.105, 266.354)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	798DA7
RGB	121, 141, 167
RGB Percent	47%, 55%, 65%
CMY	0.5249, 0.4465, 0.3445
CMYK	0.28, 0.16, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	214°, 21%, 57%
HSV	214°, 28%, 66%
XYZ	24.4382, 25.9610, 40.3520
YIQ	137.9840, -20.2660, 3.8460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

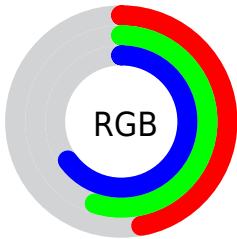
Format	Color
R_{YB}	121, 135, 167
Decimal	7966119
CIE _{Lab}	58.00, -1.02, -16.07
CIE _{LCh}	58, 16.105, 266.354
Yxy	25.9610, 0.2693, 0.2861
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286156199 (0xFF798DA7)
YUV	137.9840, 14.3049, -14.8950
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -3.5514, -11.2891

Details

The CIELCh color $58, 16.105, 266.354$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `6699CC`. A complement of this color would be $62, 16.841, 78.621$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 15.892, 265.100$, and $38, 16.096, 266.311$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 21.946, 268.395$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 10.253, 264.619$.

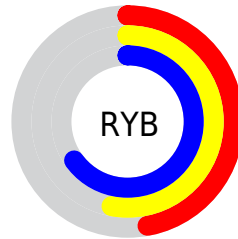
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (55%)

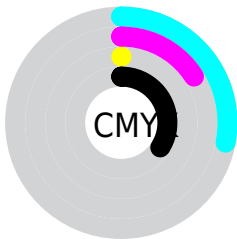
Blue (65%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (65%)

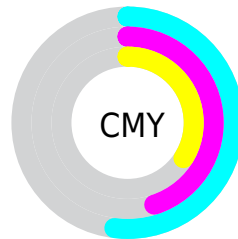


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (52%)


Magenta (45%)


Yellow (34%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 16.105, 266.354 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 16.105, 266.354 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 16.105,
266.354


 58, 16.105,
266.354


 100, 16.105,
266.354


 48, 16.105,
266.354


 78, 16.105,
266.354

 38, 16.105,
266.354

 88, 16.105,
266.354

 28, 16.105,
266.354

 98, 16.105,
266.354

 18, 16.105,
266.354

 8, 16.105, 266.354

 0, 16.105, 266.354

■ 58, 16.105,
266.354

■ 58, 16.105,
266.354

■ 54, 21.946,
268.395

■ 62, 10.253,
264.619

■ 50, 27.778,
270.799

■ 66, 4.402, 263.171

■ 69, 1.437, 81.644

■ 47, 33.610,
273.607

■ 73, 7.253, 80.705

■ 43, 39.471,
276.843

■ 77, 13.034, 79.773

■ 40, 45.408,
280.489

■ 81, 18.771, 78.952

■ 85, 24.455, 78.227

■ 37, 51.475,
284.464

■ 89, 30.080, 77.585

■ 34, 57.713,
288.556

■ 91, 32.555, 87.034

■ 33, 59.292,

289.496

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 16.105, 266.354



62, 16.841, 78.621

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 16.105, 266.354



58, 16.105, 316.354



58, 16.105, 86.354



58, 16.105, 136.354

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 16.104, 266.351



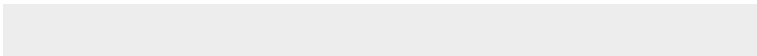
83, 5.783, 263.251



65, 20.718, 163.895



44, 4.143, 263.448



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 16.104, 266.351



71, 23.850, 267.552



53, 26.729, 295.103



34, 3.329, 263.404



29, 53.626, 289.044



2, 6.438, 267.723

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 21.437, 349.971



68, 31.866, 350.701



67, 25.059, 109.739



33, 4.341, 348.077



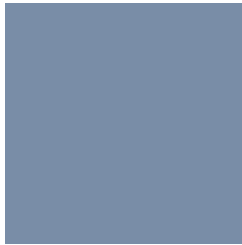
31, 56.249, 7.339



2, 7.525, 351.025

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 16.105, 266.354 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

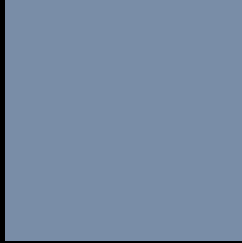
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 16.105, 266.354 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

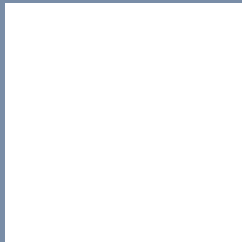
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 16.105, 266.354

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 16.105, 266.354.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 16.105, 266.354.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58, 16.105, 266.354

Protanopia

58, 15.397, 286.608

Deuteranopia

58, 18.264, 294.502



Tritanopia
58, 10.817, 238.091

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 16.105, 266.354

Protanomaly
58, 15.662, 278.898

Deuteranomaly
58, 17.148, 285.039

Tritanomaly
58, 12.225, 251.522

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 16.105, 266.354

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 6.218, 265.876

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 16.105, 266.354 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 141, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 141, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 141, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 141, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 16.105, 266.354 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 141, 167) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 141, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 141, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 141, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 141, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 141,  
167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 16.105, 266.354 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 141, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
141, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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