

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 16.329, 120.261)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 16.329, 120.261)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 16.126, 120.144)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	878F73
RGB	135, 143, 115
RGB Percent	53%, 56%, 45%
CMY	0.4713, 0.4399, 0.5497
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.20, 0.44
HSL	77°, 11%, 51%
HSV	77°, 20%, 56%
XYZ	22.8431, 25.9610, 19.9745
YIQ	137.4160, 4.2200, -10.4040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

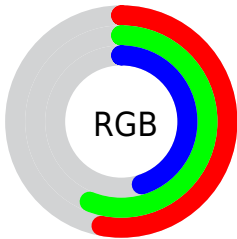
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 143, 123
Decimal	8884083
CIE Lab	58.00, -8.10, 13.95
CIE LCh	58, 16.126, 120.144
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3321, 0.3775
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287074163 (0xFF878F73)
YUV	137.4160, -11.0511, -2.1188
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -9.1398, 12.4231

Details

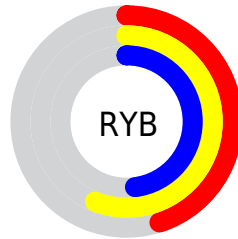
The CIELCh color $58, 16.126, 120.144$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $50, 16.741, 302.504$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 16.336, 120.935$, and $38, 16.187, 120.607$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57, 24.259, 119.563$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59, 7.910, 120.730$.

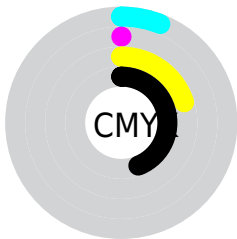
Distribution



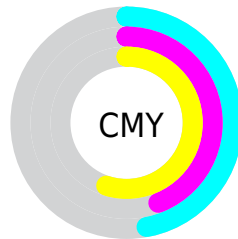
- Red (53%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (44%)




- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (55%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 16.126, 120.144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 16.126, 120.144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 16.126,
120.144


 58, 16.126,
120.144


 100, 16.126,
120.144


 48, 16.126,
120.144


 78, 16.126,
120.144

 38, 16.126,
120.144

 88, 16.126,
120.144

 28, 16.126,
120.144

 98, 16.126,
120.144

 18, 16.126,
120.144

 8, 16.126, 120.144

 0, 16.126, 120.144

■ 58, 16.126,
120.144

■ 58, 16.126,
120.144

■ 57, 24.259,
119.563

■ 59, 7.910, 120.730

■ 57, 32.223,
118.997

■ 59, 0.336, 301.189

■ 60, 8.571, 301.824

■ 56, 39.897,
118.482

■ 61, 16.767,
302.335

■ 56, 47.103,
118.067

■ 62, 24.903,
302.812

■ 55, 53.587,
117.819

■ 63, 32.963,
303.256

■ 55, 59.016,
117.831

■ 64, 40.935,
303.667

■ 55, 63.049,
118.202

■ 65, 48.811,
304.046

■ 54, 65.875,

118.874

■ 66, 56.585,
304.394

■ 54, 65.988,
118.898

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 16.126, 120.144



50, 16.741, 302.504

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 16.126, 120.144



58, 16.126, 170.144



58, 16.126, 300.144



58, 16.126, 350.144

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 16.127, 120.147



75, 6.134, 120.931



53, 9.606, 48.414



40, 4.101, 120.898



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 16.127, 120.147



74, 24.472, 119.860



57, 18.229, 137.396



30, 4.651, 120.755



52, 63.366, 118.828



2, 3.151, 121.267

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 16.741, 302.504



61, 25.659, 302.865



51, 18.411, 319.138



28, 4.736, 301.804



16, 80.966, 308.377



0, 3.152, 301.266

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 16.126, 120.144 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

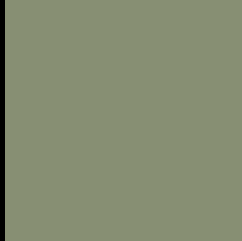
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 16.126, 120.144 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

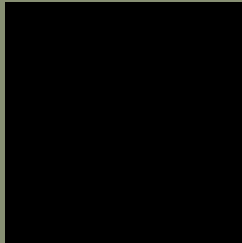
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

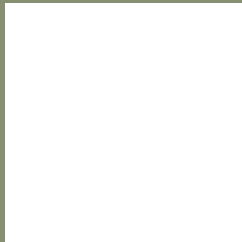
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 16.126, 120.144

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 16.126, 120.144.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 16.126, 120.144.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


58, 16.126, 120.144

Protanopia

58, 15.176, 93.953

Deuteranopia

58, 15.056, 59.649



Tritanopia
58, 6.321, 297.813

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 16.126, 120.144

Protanomaly
58, 14.727, 103.553

Deuteranomaly
58, 13.295, 82.483

Tritanomaly
58, 1.876, 134.655

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 16.126, 120.144

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 5.808, 121.414

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 16.126, 120.144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 143, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 143, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 143, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 143, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 16.126, 120.144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 143, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 143, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 143, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 143, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 143, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 143,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 16.126, 120.144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 143, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
143, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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