

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 16.975, 268.368)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 16.975, 268.368)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 17.115, 268.251)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	798DA9
RGB	121, 141, 169
RGB Percent	47%, 55%, 66%
CMY	0.5257, 0.4472, 0.3374
CMYK	0.28, 0.17, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	215°, 22%, 57%
HSV	215°, 28%, 66%
XYZ	24.5541, 25.9610, 41.2301
YIQ	138.2120, -20.9080, 4.4680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

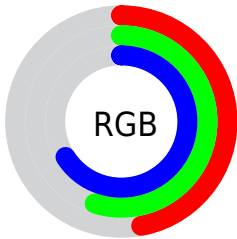
Format	Color
R_{YB}	121, 135, 169
Decimal	7966121
CIE _{Lab}	58.00, -0.52, -17.11
CIE _{LCh}	58, 17.115, 268.251
Yxy	25.9610, 0.2676, 0.2830
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286156201 (0xFF798DA9)
YUV	138.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -3.1454, -12.3109

Details

The CIELCh color $58, 17.115, 268.251$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `6699CC`. A complement of this color would be $63, 17.786, 80.219$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 16.840, 266.910$, and $38, 17.173, 268.512$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 23.168, 270.316$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 11.073, 266.493$.

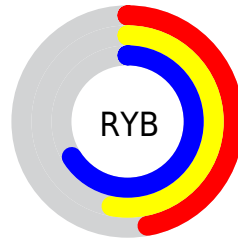
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (55%)

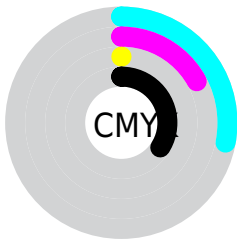
Blue (66%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (66%)

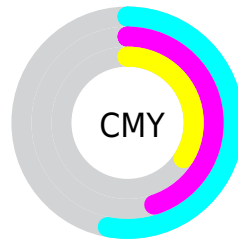


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (53%)


Magenta (45%)


Yellow (34%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 17.115, 268.251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 17.115, 268.251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 17.115,
268.251


 58, 17.115,
268.251


 100, 17.115,
268.251


 48, 17.115,
268.251


 78, 17.115,
268.251


 38, 17.115,
268.251


 88, 17.115,
268.251

 28, 17.115,
268.251

 98, 17.115,
268.251

 18, 17.115,
268.251

 8, 17.115, 268.251

 0, 17.115, 268.251

■ 58, 17.115,
268.251

■ 58, 17.115,
268.251

■ 54, 23.168,
270.316

■ 62, 11.073,
266.493

■ 50, 29.236,
272.741

■ 66, 5.051, 265.016

■ 46, 35.335,
275.564

■ 70, 0.945, 83.390

■ 74, 6.903, 82.522

■ 43, 41.496,
278.805

■ 78, 12.814, 81.575

■ 39, 47.766,
282.435

■ 82, 18.671, 80.739

■ 86, 24.465, 80.001

■ 36, 54.189,
286.361

■ 89, 29.968, 80.094

■ 33, 60.784,
290.340

■ 92, 32.783, 89.779

■ 32, 61.853,

290.925

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 17.115, 268.251



63, 17.786, 80.219

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 17.115, 268.251



58, 17.115, 318.251



58, 17.115, 88.251



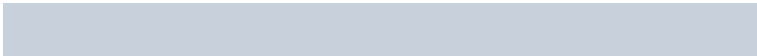
58, 17.115, 138.251

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 17.114, 268.249



83, 6.684, 265.117



65, 21.281, 164.747



43, 4.639, 265.310



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 17.114, 268.249



71, 25.345, 269.491



53, 27.895, 295.781



34, 3.389, 265.134



28, 55.445, 290.450



2, 6.539, 269.052

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 22.117, 351.200



68, 32.850, 351.974



68, 26.095, 110.384



33, 4.293, 349.162



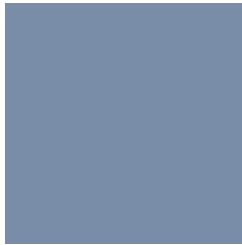
31, 56.304, 9.066



2, 7.453, 352.023

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 17.115, 268.251 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 17.115, 268.251 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

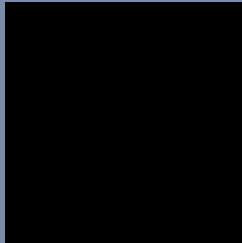
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

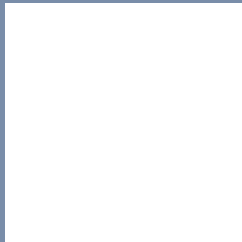
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 17.115, 268.251

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 17.115, 268.251.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 17.115, 268.251.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58, 17.115, 268.251

Protanopia

58, 16.553, 285.916

Deuteranopia

58, 19.384, 293.437



Tritanopia
58, 11.081, 236.967

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 17.115, 268.251

Protanomaly
58, 16.764, 279.975

Deuteranomaly
58, 18.307, 284.570

Tritanomaly
58, 12.848, 252.092

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 17.115, 268.251

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 6.218, 265.876

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 17.115, 268.251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 141, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 141, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 141, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 141, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 17.115, 268.251 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 141, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 141, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 141, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 141, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 141, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 141,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 17.115, 268.251 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 141, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
141, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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