

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 17.051, 193.974)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 17.051, 193.974)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 17.051, 193.974)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	649492
RGB	100, 148, 146
RGB Percent	39%, 58%, 57%
CMY	0.6079, 0.4196, 0.4275
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 0.01, 0.42
HSL	177°, 19%, 49%
HSV	177°, 32%, 58%
XYZ	21.0308, 25.9610, 31.0931
YIQ	133.4200, -27.9660, -10.7980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

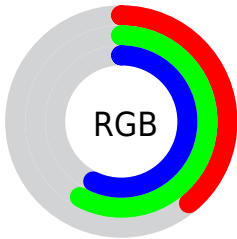
Format	Color
R_{YB}	100, 125, 148
Decimal	6591634
CIE _{Lab}	58.00, -16.55, -4.12
CIE _{LCh}	58, 17.051, 193.974
Yxy	25.9610, 0.2693, 0.3325
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284781714 (0xFF649492)
YUV	133.4200, 6.2019, -29.3093
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -15.4885, -0.5150

Details

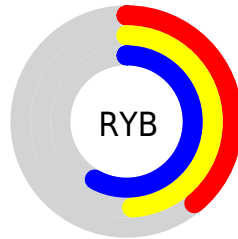
The CIELCh color `58, 17.051, 193.974` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `669999`. A complement of this color would be `47, 20.826, 18.939`, and the grayscale version is `56, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `78, 16.858, 194.507`, and `38, 16.863, 195.192` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `57, 21.434, 193.392`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `59, 12.190, 194.575`.

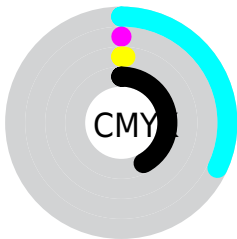
Distribution



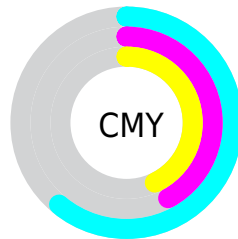
- Red (39%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (42%)





- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (43%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 17.051, 193.974 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 17.051, 193.974 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 17.051,
193.974


 58, 17.051,
193.974


 100, 17.051,
193.974


 48, 17.051,
193.974


 78, 17.051,
193.974

 38, 17.051,
193.974

 88, 17.051,
193.974

 28, 17.051,
193.974

 98, 17.051,
193.974

 18, 17.051,
193.974

 8, 17.051, 193.974

 0, 17.051, 193.974

■ 58, 17.051,
193.974

■ 58, 17.051,
193.974

■ 57, 21.434,
193.392

■ 59, 12.190,
194.575

■ 57, 25.253,
192.834

■ 60, 6.940, 195.216

■ 61, 1.386, 196.098

■ 56, 28.439,
192.294

■ 62, 4.389, 16.326

■ 56, 30.946,
191.765

■ 64, 10.317, 17.036

■ 55, 32.763,
191.237

■ 65, 16.339, 17.709

■ 67, 22.407, 18.375

■ 55, 33.920,
190.700

■ 68, 28.483, 19.036

■ 55, 34.534,
190.291

■ 70, 34.539, 19.689

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 17.051, 193.974



47, 20.826, 18.939

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 17.051, 193.974



58, 17.051, 243.974



58, 17.051, 13.974



58, 17.051, 63.974

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 17.051, 193.971



76, 6.915, 195.368



57, 32.723, 141.026



40, 4.741, 195.280



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 17.051, 193.971



73, 24.557, 193.543



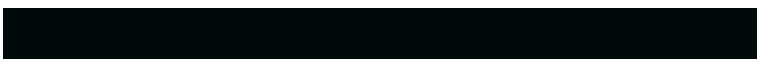
52, 15.263, 254.636



31, 3.175, 195.439



52, 32.759, 190.329



2, 2.835, 195.954

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 20.826, 18.939



57, 31.578, 20.007



53, 17.141, 66.192



29, 3.344, 16.512



28, 63.774, 37.261



1, 2.836, 15.937

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 17.051, 193.974 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 17.051, 193.974 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

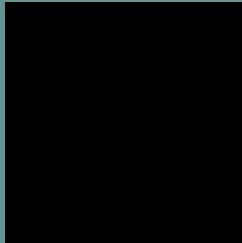
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 17.051, 193.974

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 17.051, 193.974.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 17.051, 193.974.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
58, 17.051, 193.974

Protanopia
58, 1.648, 335.645

Deuteranopia
58, 9.454, 322.949



Tritanopia
58, 15.978, 223.671

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 17.051, 193.974

Protanomaly
58, 6.065, 198.884

Deuteranomaly
58, 5.609, 253.656

Tritanomaly
58, 15.934, 212.622

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 17.051, 193.974

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 6.461, 198.826

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 17.051, 193.974 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 148, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 148, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 148, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 148, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 17.051, 193.974 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 148, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 148, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 148, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 148, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 148, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 148,  
146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 17.051, 193.974 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 148, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
148, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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