

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 17.540, 265.595)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 17.540, 265.595)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 17.864, 267.164)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	778DAA
RGB	119, 141, 170
RGB Percent	47%, 55%, 67%
CMY	0.5325, 0.4462, 0.3325
CMYK	0.30, 0.17, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	214°, 23%, 57%
HSV	214°, 30%, 67%
XYZ	24.4706, 25.9610, 41.8617
YIQ	137.7280, -22.4210, 4.3550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

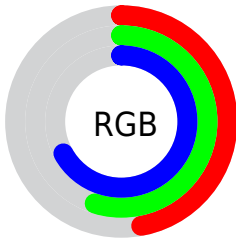
Format	Color
RYB	119, 134, 170
Decimal	7835050
CIELab	58.00, -0.88, -17.84
CIELCh	58, 17.864, 267.164
Yxy	25.9610, 0.2651, 0.2813
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286025130 (0xFF778DAA)
YUV	137.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -3.4380, -13.0459

Details

The CIELCh color $58, 17.864, 267.164$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `6699CC`. A complement of this color would be $63, 18.733, 78.625$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 17.569, 265.793$, and $38, 17.948, 267.610$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 23.821, 269.292$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 11.899, 265.355$.

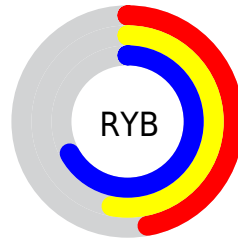
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (55%)

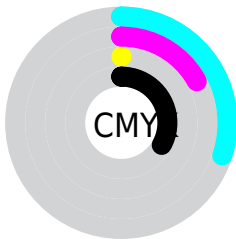
Blue (67%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (67%)

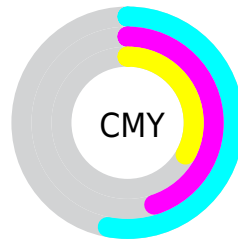


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (53%)


Magenta (45%)


Yellow (33%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 17.864, 267.164 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 17.864, 267.164 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 17.864,
267.164


 58, 17.864,
267.164


 100, 17.864,
267.164


 48, 17.864,
267.164


 78, 17.864,
267.164

 38, 17.864,
267.164

 88, 17.864,
267.164

 28, 17.864,
267.164

 98, 17.864,
267.164

 18, 17.864,
267.164

 8, 17.864, 267.164

 0, 17.864, 267.164

■ 58, 17.864,
267.164

■ 58, 17.864,
267.164

■ 54, 23.821,
269.292

■ 62, 11.899,
265.355

■ 50, 29.775,
271.794

■ 66, 5.937, 263.833

■ 70, 0.015, 63.573

■ 47, 35.740,
274.707

■ 74, 5.941, 81.281

■ 43, 41.751,
278.048

■ 78, 11.833, 80.321

■ 40, 47.858,
281.784

■ 81, 17.680, 79.471

■ 85, 23.473, 78.723

■ 36, 54.112,
285.810

■ 89, 29.123, 78.327

■ 33, 60.551,
289.818

■ 92, 31.743, 88.296

■ 33, 60.575,

289.831

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 17.864, 267.164



63, 18.733, 78.625

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 17.864, 267.164



58, 17.864, 317.164



58, 17.864, 87.164



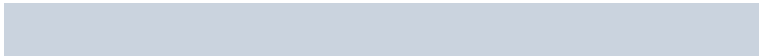
58, 17.864, 137.164

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 17.863, 267.162



84, 6.652, 263.723



66, 22.548, 164.575



44, 4.659, 263.919



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 17.863, 267.162



71, 26.620, 268.547



52, 29.698, 295.986



34, 3.341, 263.739



29, 53.972, 289.319



2, 6.457, 267.979

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 23.683, 350.475



68, 35.393, 351.317



68, 27.663, 110.251



33, 4.332, 348.282



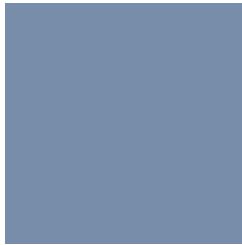
31, 56.255, 7.668



2, 7.511, 351.214

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 17.864, 267.164 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

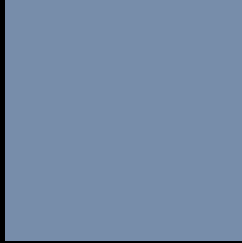
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 17.864, 267.164 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

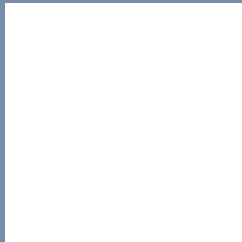
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 17.864, 267.164

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 17.864, 267.164.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 17.864, 267.164.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


58, 17.864, 267.164

Protanopia

58, 17.117, 286.201

Deuteranopia

58, 19.943, 292.457



Tritanopia
58, 11.606, 231.412

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 17.864, 267.164

Protanomaly
58, 17.379, 279.358

Deuteranomaly
58, 18.907, 283.854

Tritanomaly
58, 13.456, 248.651

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 17.864, 267.164

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 6.877, 265.183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 17.864, 267.164 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 141, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 141, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 141, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 141, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 17.864, 267.164 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 141, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 141, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 141, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 141, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 141, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 141,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 17.864, 267.164 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 141, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
141, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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