

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 18.806, 118.517)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 18.806, 118.517)
contains.

CIELCh(58, 18.862, 118.197)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(58, 18.862, 118.197)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	878F6E
RGB	135, 143, 110
RGB Percent	53%, 56%, 43%
CMY	0.4702, 0.4388, 0.5683
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.23, 0.44
HSL	75°, 13%, 50%
HSV	75°, 23%, 56%
XYZ	22.6640, 25.9610, 18.5952
YIQ	136.8460, 5.8250, -11.9590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

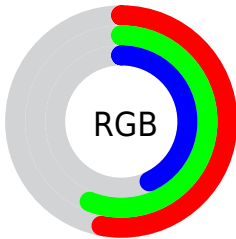
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 143, 118
Decimal	8884078
CIE Lab	58.00, -8.91, 16.62
CIE LCh	58, 18.862, 118.197
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3372, 0.3862
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287074158 (0xFF878F6E)
YUV	136.8460, -13.2351, -1.6189
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -9.7670, 14.0282

Details

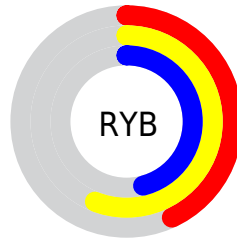
The CIELCh color $58, 18.862, 118.197$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $48, 19.762, 301.241$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 18.926, 119.091$, and $38, 19.090, 118.300$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57, 26.898, 117.579$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59, 10.713, 118.827$.

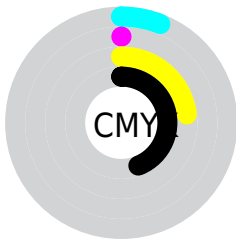
Distribution



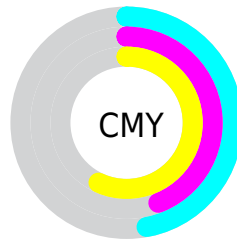
- Red (53%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (44%)





- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (57%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 18.862, 118.197 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 18.862, 118.197 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 18.862,
118.197


 58, 18.862,
118.197


 100, 18.862,
118.197


 48, 18.862,
118.197


 78, 18.862,
118.197

 38, 18.862,
118.197

 88, 18.862,
118.197

 28, 18.862,
118.197

 98, 18.862,
118.197

 18, 18.862,
118.197

 8, 18.862, 118.197

 0, 18.862, 118.197

■ 58, 18.862,
118.197

■ 58, 18.862,
118.197

■ 57, 26.898,
117.579

■ 59, 10.713,
118.827

■ 57, 34.723,
116.986

■ 59, 2.510, 119.447

■ 57, 42.198,
116.459

■ 60, 5.702, 300.027

■ 56, 49.117,
116.049

■ 61, 13.889,
300.593

■ 56, 55.197,
115.829

■ 61, 22.031,
301.125

■ 55, 60.086,
115.889

■ 62, 30.110,
301.624

■ 55, 63.467,
116.319

■ 63, 38.112,
302.089

■ 55, 65.298,

■ 64, 46.029,
302.520

116.726

■ 65, 53.852,
302.920

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 18.862, 118.197



48, 19.762, 301.241

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 18.862, 118.197



58, 18.862, 168.197



58, 18.862, 298.197



58, 18.862, 348.197

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 18.863, 118.200



75, 7.115, 119.194



52, 11.694, 42.723



40, 4.660, 119.163



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 18.863, 118.200



73, 28.308, 117.855



57, 21.169, 135.726



30, 4.623, 119.068



52, 62.621, 116.661



2, 3.134, 119.622

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 19.762, 301.241



59, 30.028, 301.706



50, 21.480, 317.735



28, 4.711, 300.205



16, 81.528, 307.862



0, 3.134, 299.621

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 18.862, 118.197 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

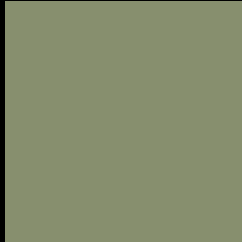
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 18.862, 118.197 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

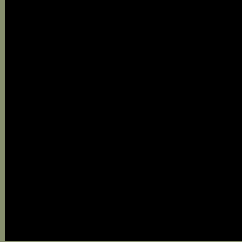
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

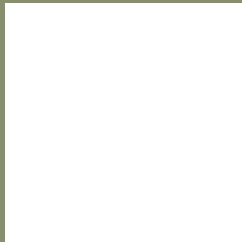
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 18.862, 118.197

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 18.862, 118.197.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 18.862, 118.197.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58, 18.862, 118.197

Protanopia

58, 17.916, 95.732

Deuteranopia

58, 17.447, 65.252



Tritanopia
58, 6.321, 297.813

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 18.862, 118.197

Protanomaly
58, 17.520, 103.953

Deuteranomaly
58, 16.077, 85.024

Tritanomaly
58, 2.946, 125.356

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 18.862, 118.197

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 6.921, 119.397

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 18.862, 118.197 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 143, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 143, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 143, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 143, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 18.862, 118.197 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 143, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 143, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 143, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 143, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 143, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 143,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 18.862, 118.197 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 143, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
143, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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