

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 2.417, 309.148)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 2.417, 309.148) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 2.417, 309.148)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D8B8F
RGB	141, 139, 143
RGB Percent	55%, 55%, 56%
CMY	0.4485, 0.4563, 0.4407
CMYK	0.01, 0.03, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	270°, 2%, 55%
HSV	270°, 3%, 56%
XYZ	25.0310, 25.9610, 29.5313
YIQ	140.0540, -0.0920, 1.6680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

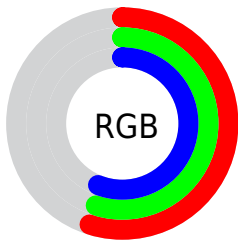
Format	Color
R_{YB}	141, 139, 143
Decimal	9276303
CIE _{Lab}	58.00, 1.53, -1.87
CIE _{LCh}	58, 2.417, 309.148
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3109, 0.3224
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287466383 (0xFF8D8B8F)
YUV	140.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -1.4748, 1.3023

Details

The CIELCh color **58, 2.417, 309.148** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **59, 2.393, 128.979**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 2.914, 312.536**, and **38, 2.612, 309.216** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 11.172, 309.613**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 6.088, 128.787**.

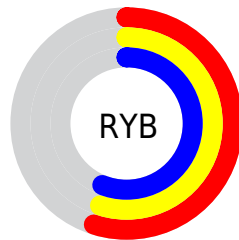
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (55%)

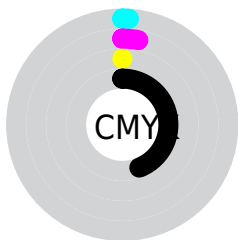
Blue (56%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (56%)

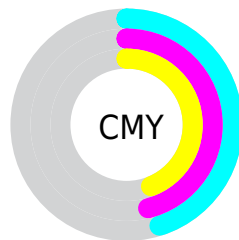


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 2.417, 309.148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 2.417, 309.148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58, 2.417, 309.148

■ 58, 2.417, 309.148

■ 100, 2.417,
309.148

■ 48, 2.417, 309.148

■ 78, 2.417, 309.148

■ 38, 2.417, 309.148

■ 88, 2.417, 309.148

■ 28, 2.417, 309.148

■ 98, 2.417, 309.148

■ 18, 2.417, 309.148

■ 8, 2.417, 309.148

■ 0, 2.417, 309.148

■ 58, 2.417, 309.148

■ 58, 2.417, 309.148

■ 54, 11.172,
309.613

■ 63, 6.088, 128.787

■ 67, 14.334,

49, 20.165,
310.101

128.417

45, 29.353,
310.617

71, 22.328,
128.094

40, 38.653,
311.147

76, 30.078,
127.810

36, 47.918,
311.662

80, 37.596,
127.563

32, 56.899,
312.118

85, 44.894,
127.347

28, 65.210,
312.448

89, 51.984,
127.161

25, 72.319,
312.560

93, 58.878,
127.001

23, 77.622,
312.347

95, 59.129,
125.026

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 2.417, 309.148



59, 2.393, 128.979

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 2.417, 309.148



58, 2.417, 359.148



58, 2.417, 129.148



58, 2.417, 179.148

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 2.415, 309.137



75, 1.074, 308.996



58, 1.350, 254.138



40, 0.616, 308.987



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 2.415, 309.137



74, 3.215, 309.152



58, 2.757, 324.073



29, 1.950, 309.184



20, 77.648, 312.181



0, 3.276, 309.055

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 1.946, 343.693



74, 2.590, 343.727



59, 2.743, 143.923



29, 1.571, 343.801



28, 52.998, 0.776



1, 2.640, 343.630

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 2.417, 309.148 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 2.417, 309.148 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

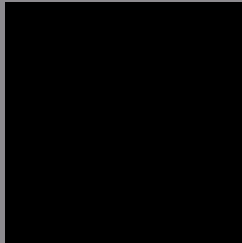
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

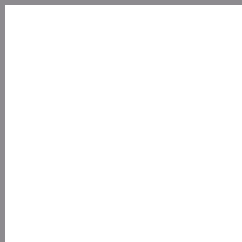
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 2.417, 309.148

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 2.417, 309.148.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 2.417, 309.148.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


58, 2.417, 309.148

Protanopia

58, 2.417, 309.148

Deuteranopia

58, 7.774, 344.476



Tritanopia
58, 6.465, 304.540

Trichromacy



Original Color

58, 2.417, 309.148

Protanomaly

58, 2.417, 309.148

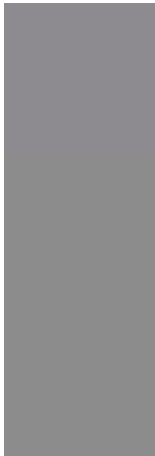
Deuteranomaly

58, 5.886, 337.456

Tritanomaly

58, 5.369, 307.368

Monochromacy



Original Color

58, 2.417, 309.148

Achromatopsia

58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

58, 0.575, 290.330

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 2.417, 309.148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 139, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 139, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 139, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 139, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 2.417, 309.148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 139, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 139, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 139, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 139, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 139, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 139,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 2.417, 309.148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 139, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
139, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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