

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 20.622, 353.345)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 20.622, 353.345)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 20.564, 354.020)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD7F90
RGB	173, 127, 144
RGB Percent	68%, 50%, 56%
CMY	0.3227, 0.5030, 0.4364
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.17, 0.32
HSL	338°, 22%, 59%
HSV	338°, 27%, 68%
XYZ	29.7325, 25.9610, 29.7151
YIQ	142.6920, 21.9590, 15.0390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

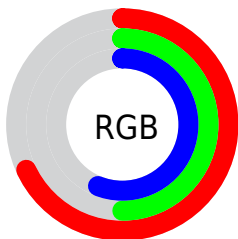
Format	Color
R_{YB}	173, 127, 144
Decimal	11370384
CIE _{Lab}	58.00, 20.45, -2.14
CIE _{LCh}	58, 20.564, 354.020
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3481, 0.3040
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289560464 (0xFFAD7F90)
YUV	142.6920, 0.6448, 26.5801
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, 14.9961, 1.0885

Details

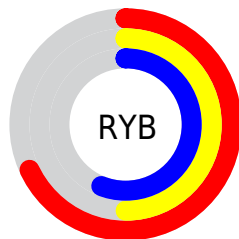
The CIELCh color $58, 20.564, 354.020$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be $67, 19.388, 168.790$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 20.642, 353.597$, and $38, 20.946, 353.372$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 28.522, 355.350$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 12.668, 352.876$.

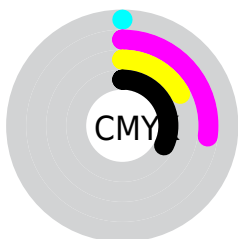
Distribution



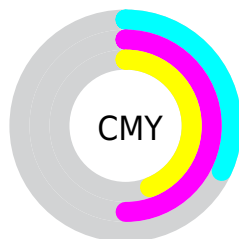
- Red (68%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (32%)





- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (44%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 20.564, 354.020 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 20.564, 354.020 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 20.564,
354.020


 58, 20.564,
354.020


 100, 20.564,
354.020


 48, 20.564,
354.020


 78, 20.564,
354.020

 38, 20.564,
354.020

 88, 20.564,
354.020

 28, 20.564,
354.020

 98, 20.564,
354.020

 18, 20.564,
354.020

 8, 20.564, 354.020

 0, 20.564, 354.020

58, 20.564,
354.020

58, 20.564,
354.020

54, 28.522,
355.350

63, 12.668,
352.876

49, 36.351,
356.926

67, 4.966, 351.836

72, 2.477, 171.204

46, 43.762,
358.842

77, 9.631, 170.295

42, 50.397, 1.222

82, 16.490,
169.566

40, 55.890, 4.223

87, 23.062,

38, 59.992, 8.018

168.911

37, 62.790, 12.688

92, 29.365,
168.313

36, 63.707, 14.310

94, 30.232,
173.137

■ 95, 27.757,
183.328

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 20.564, 354.020



67, 19.388, 168.790

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 20.564, 354.020



58, 20.564, 44.020



58, 20.564, 174.020



58, 20.564, 224.020

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 20.562, 354.023



85, 7.441, 351.994



57, 28.266, 314.176



44, 5.295, 352.144



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 20.562, 354.023



71, 30.756, 354.786



59, 17.253, 31.095



34, 4.278, 352.113



31, 57.457, 13.646



2, 8.561, 355.856

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 20.562, 354.023



71, 30.756, 354.786



66, 14.357, 210.305



34, 4.278, 352.113



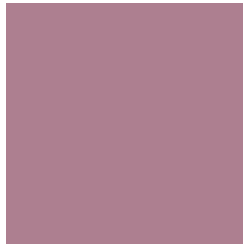
31, 57.457, 13.646



2, 8.561, 355.856

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 20.564, 354.020 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

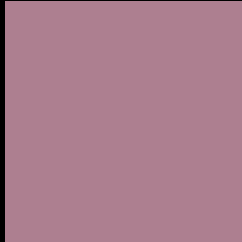
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 20.564, 354.020 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

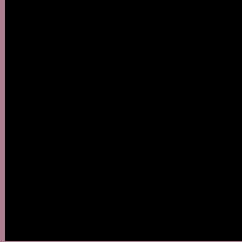
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 20.564, 354.020

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 20.564, 354.020.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 20.564, 354.020.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
58, 20.564, 354.020

Protanopia
58, 6.825, 290.972

Deuteranopia
58, 7.804, 349.642



Tritanopia
58, 18.578, 3.889

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 20.564, 354.020

Protanomaly
58, 9.683, 330.706

Deuteranomaly
58, 12.708, 351.468

Tritanomaly
58, 18.858, 0.570

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 20.564, 354.020

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 7.794, 349.636

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 20.564, 354.020 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 127, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 127, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 127, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 127, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 20.564, 354.020 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 127, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 127, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 127, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 127, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 127, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 127,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 20.564, 354.020 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 127, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
127, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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