

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 21.658, 344.000)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 21.658, 344.000)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 21.493, 344.678)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB7F96
RGB	171, 127, 150
RGB Percent	67%, 50%, 59%
CMY	0.3302, 0.5027, 0.4125
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.12, 0.33
HSL	329°, 21%, 58%
HSV	329°, 26%, 67%
XYZ	29.8053, 25.9610, 32.2125
YIQ	142.7780, 18.8410, 16.4810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

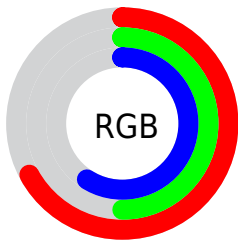
Format	Color
R_{YB}	171, 127, 150
Decimal	11239318
CIE Lab	58.00, 20.73, -5.68
CIE LCh	58, 21.493, 344.678
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3388, 0.2951
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289429398 (0xFFAB7F96)
YUV	142.7780, 3.5604, 24.7507
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, 15.2513, -1.8176

Details

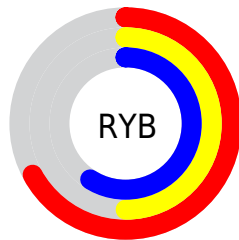
The CIELCh color $58, 21.493, 344.678$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be $66, 20.895, 160.193$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 21.544, 344.884$, and $38, 21.654, 344.735$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 29.896, 345.744$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 13.048, 343.726$.

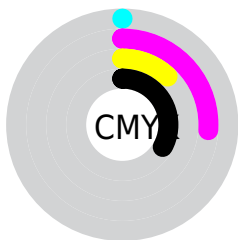
Distribution



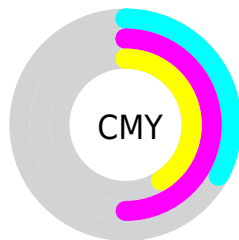
- Red (67%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (41%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 21.493, 344.678 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 21.493, 344.678 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 58, 21.493,
344.678


 58, 21.493,
344.678


 100, 21.493,
344.678


 48, 21.493,
344.678

 78, 21.493,
344.678

 38, 21.493,
344.678

 88, 21.493,
344.678

 28, 21.493,
344.678

 98, 21.493,
344.678

 18, 21.493,
344.678

 8, 21.493, 344.678

 0, 21.493, 344.678

58, 21.493,
344.678

58, 21.493,
344.678

54, 29.896,
345.744

63, 13.048,
343.726

50, 38.038,
346.959

67, 4.714, 342.828

46, 45.602,
348.380

72, 3.421, 162.232

43, 52.193,
350.084

77, 11.311,
161.448

40, 57.390,
352.180

82, 18.937,
160.779

38, 60.862,
354.806

86, 26.296,
160.166

37, 62.555,
358.100

91, 33.398,
159.598

37, 63.082,

94, 35.505,
161.823

359.601

 94, 32.896,
167.455

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 21.493, 344.678



66, 20.895, 160.193

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 21.493, 344.678



58, 21.493, 34.678



58, 21.493, 164.678



58, 21.493, 214.678

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 21.491, 344.680



84, 8.131, 343.046



56, 26.354, 309.161



44, 5.835, 343.177



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 21.491, 344.680



71, 32.065, 345.281



57, 18.208, 18.801



33, 4.600, 343.147



31, 56.824, 359.088



2, 7.904, 346.416

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 21.491, 344.680



71, 32.065, 345.281



67, 15.522, 195.106



33, 4.600, 343.147



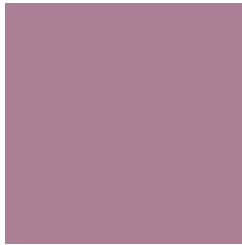
31, 56.824, 359.088



2, 7.904, 346.416

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 21.493, 344.678 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

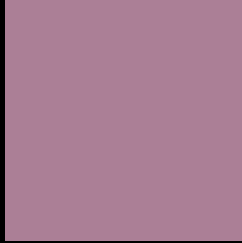
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 21.493, 344.678 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

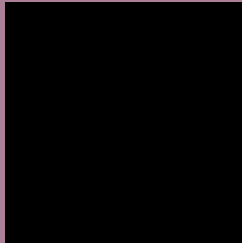
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 21.493, 344.678

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 21.493, 344.678.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 21.493, 344.678.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
58, 21.493, 344.678

Protanopia
58, 10.246, 287.226

Deuteranopia
58, 8.512, 327.040



Tritanopia
58, 17.000, 1.967

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 21.493, 344.678

Protanomaly
58, 12.106, 317.387

Deuteranomaly
58, 13.043, 336.717

Tritanomaly
58, 18.680, 354.609

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 21.493, 344.678

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 7.754, 344.465

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 21.493, 344.678 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 127, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 127, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 127, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 127, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 21.493, 344.678 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 127, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 127, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 127, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 127, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 127, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 127,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 21.493, 344.678 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 127, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
127, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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